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July 19, 2010

The Honorable Martin O'Malley Governor 100 State Circle Annapolis, MD 21401-1991

The Honorable Thomas V. Mike Miller President of the Senate H-107 State House State Circle Annapolis, MD 21401-1991

The Honorable Michael E. Busch Speaker of the House H-101 State House State Circle Annapolis, MD 21401-1991

Dear Governor O'Malley, President Miller, and Speaker Busch:

Pursuant to § 7-1303 of the Education Article, the Maryland State Department of Education shall report annually to the Legislatures, Governors, Judiciary and state councils of the member states concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children during the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission.

In accordance with this requirement, please find attached the agenda for the November 16-18, 2009 Annual Business Meeting of the Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children; the adopted Rules of the 2nd Annual Meeting; the Summary of the meeting; the members of the sub-committees of the Commission; and the list of states that belong to the Interstate Compact (35 as of the date of this letter).

Maryland Public Schools: #1 in the Nation <u>AGAIN</u> in 2010 www.MarylandPublicSchools.org Interstate Commission Page 2 July 19, 2010

Maryland is represented on the Interstate Compact Commission by Mary L. Gable, Assistant State Superintendent for Academic Policy and the Maryland Commissioner for the Interstate Compact. Should you have any questions regarding this report, please feel free to contact me at 410-767-0462 or Mary Gable at 410-767-0473. Thank you for your support of the children of military families who attend Maryland schools.

Sincerely, State Superintendent of Schools

NSG:cs Enclosure

C: Lt. Governor Anthony Brown Mary L. Gable

Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children

2009 Annual Business Meeting

November 16-18, 2009 La Quinta, California

<u>Monday - Nov. 16, 2009</u>

9:00am	Executive Committee Meeting
4:00pm – 6:00pm	Public Hearing – Proposed Rules
7:00pm	Welcoming Reception
Tuesday – Nov 17, 2	<u>009</u>
7:30am	Breakfast (served)
8:30am	 Welcome & Call to Order Orders of the Day Roll Call Instructions to Commissioners Overview of Agenda
9:00am	Role of the Interstate CommissionIntroduction for New Member States• Role of Interstate Commission and Compact Commissioners• Commission Administration and Operation• Committee Structure and Function
10:00am	 Executive Committee Report Standing Committee Updates (except Rules) Interim Operations Committee Legal Council Action Item: (Approval of Minutes, 2008) Action Item (FY'11 Budget/Assessments)
11:00am	Break
11:15am	 Regional Breakout Sessions Regional Activities State Council Updates State needs - Rules Implementation & Training Action Item: Nominations for Officer Elections

12:00pm	Lunch (served)
1:00pm	 Regional Reports East South Midwest West Action Item (Regional Nominations for Officers)
2:00pm	 Standing Committee Reports II Rules Committee Action Item - Bylaw Amendments Action Item - Rules - Review & Adoption
5:00pm	Adjournment
7:00pm	Commissioner Dinner Compact Commissioners Only
Wednesday Nov. 1	<u>8 2009</u>
7:30am	Breakfast (served)
8:30am	Call to Order
8:45am	 Standing Committee Reports II – cont'd Rules Committee Action Item - Bylaw Amendments Action Item - Rules – Review & Adoption
12:00pm	Lunch (served)
1:00pm	 Standing Committee Reports II – cont'd Rules Committee Action Item - Bylaw Amendments Action Item - Rules – Review & Adoption
3:00pm	Election of Officers
4:00pm	Meeting Summary and Next Steps
4:45pm	Closing Comments
5:00pm	Final Adjournment

INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN

INTERSTATE COMMISION MEETING

-- Rules (Approved, Nov. 2009) --

INTRODUCTION:

Upon activation of the Interstate Compact a year ago, one of the first tasks necessary for the Commission was the creation of administrative rules under which the Compact would operate. A Rules Committee was formed and over the past year, the Committee met on several occasions to develop the rules. Comments were solicited from various stakeholders and input was considered. The rules complement the Interstate Compact and may not conflict with it. In addition, the rules are not designed to address every issue arising under the Compact, however, there is flexibility to make reasonable changes or clarification as the need arises through amendment, advisory opinions, and training opportunities. Attached is a final draft of the proposed rules for your consideration. The full Commission will be voting on the rules at our November meeting. Please review prior to then and we look forward to seeing you at the conference in Palm Springs.

Chapter – 100 DEFINITIONS

SEC. 1.101 Definitions

As used in these rules, unless the context clearly requires a different construction—

- A. "Active duty" means: full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Section 1209 and 1211.
- B. "By-laws" means: those by-laws established by the Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children for its governance, or for directing or controlling the Interstate Commission's actions or conduct.
- C. "Children of military families" means: a school-aged child(ren), enrolled in kindergarten through twelfth (12th) grade, in the household of an active duty member.
- D. "Compact commissioner" means: the voting representative of each compacting state, appointed pursuant to Article VIII of this compact.
- E. "Days" means: business days, unless otherwise noted.
- F. "Deployment" means: the period one (1) month prior to the service members' departure from their home station on military orders though six (6) months after return to their home station.
- G. "Education(al) records" means: those official records, files, and data directly related to a student and maintained by the school or local education agency (LEA), including but not limited to records encompassing all the material kept in the student's cumulative folder such as general identifying data, records of attendance and of academic work completed, records of achievement and results of evaluative tests, health data, disciplinary status, test protocols, and individualized education programs.
- H. "Extracurricular activities" means: a voluntary activity sponsored by the school or LEA or an organization sanctioned by the LEA. Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to, preparation for and involvement in public performances, contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and club activities.
- I. "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children" means: the commission that is created under Article IX of this compact, which is generally referred to as Interstate Commission.

- J. "Local education agency" means: a public authority legally constituted by the state as an administrative agency to provide control of and direction for kindergarten through twelfth (12th) grade public educational institutions.
- K. "Member state" means: a state that has enacted this compact.
- L. "Military installation" means: a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands and any other U.S. territory. Such term does not include any facility used primarily for civil works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control projects.
- M. "Non-member state" means: a state that has not enacted this compact.
- N. "Receiving state" means: the state to which a child of a military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.
- O. "Rule" means: a written statement by the Interstate Commission promulgated pursuant to Article XII of this compact that is of general applicability, implements, interprets or prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the Interstate Commission, and has the force and effect of statutory law in a member state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.
- P. "Sending state" means: the state from which a child of a military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought.
- Q. "State" means: a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands and any other U.S. territory.
- R. "Student" means: the child of a military family for whom the LEA receives public funding and who is formally enrolled in kindergarten through twelfth (12th) grade.
- S. "Transition" means: 1) the formal and physical process of transferring from school to school or 2) the period of time in which a student moves from one school in the sending state to another school in the receiving state.
- T. "Uniformed service(s)" means: the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard as well as the Commissioned Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and Public Health Services.
- U. "Veteran" means: a person who served in the uniformed services and who was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable.

Chapter 200 – GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 2.101 Adoption of rules; Amendment

Proposed rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted by majority vote of the members of the Interstate Commission in the following manner:

- (a) Proposed new rules and amendments to existing rules shall be submitted to the Interstate Commission office for referral to the Rules Committee as follows:
 - Any Commissioner may submit a proposed rule or rule amendment for referral to the Rules Committee during the annual Commission meeting. This proposal must be made in the form of a motion and approved by a majority vote of a quorum of the Commission members present at the meeting;
 - (2) Standing Committees of the Commission may propose rules or rule amendments by majority vote of that Committee;
 - (3) Any regional group of states as may be subsequently recognized by the Commission may propose rules or rules amendments by a majority vote of members of that region;
- (b) The Rules Committee shall prepare a draft of all proposed rules and provide the draft to all Commissioners for review and comments. All written comments received by the Rules Committee on proposed rules shall be posted on the Commission's website upon receipt. Based upon the comments made by the Commissioners, the Rules Committee shall prepare a final draft of the proposed rule(s) or amendments for consideration by the Commission no later than the next annual meeting falling in an odd-numbered year.
- (c) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule by the Interstate Commission, the text of the proposed rule or amendment shall be published by the Rules Committee no later than thirty (30) days prior to the meeting at which the vote is scheduled, on the official web site of the Interstate Commission and in any other official publication that may be designated by the Interstate Commission for the publication of its rules. In addition to the text of the proposed rule or amendment, the reason for the proposed rule shall be provided.
- (d) Each administrative rule or amendment shall state—
 - (1) The place, time, and date of the scheduled public hearing;
 - (2) The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the Interstate Commission of their intention to attend the public hearing and any written comments; and
 - (3) The name, position, physical and electronic mail address, telephone, and telefax number of the person to whom interested persons may respond with notice of their attendance and written comments.

- (e) Every public hearing shall be conducted in a manner guaranteeing each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment. No transcript of the public hearing is required, unless a written request for a transcript is made, which case the person or entity making the request shall pay for the transcript. A recording may be made in lieu of a transcript under the same terms and conditions as a transcript. This subsection shall not preclude the Commission from making a transcript or recording of the public hearing if it chooses to do so.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Interstate Commission at hearings required by this section.
- (g) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Interstate Commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.
- (h) The Interstate Commission shall, by majority vote of a quorum of the commissioners, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
- (i) Not later than sixty (60) days after a rule is adopted, any interested person may file a
 petition for judicial review of the rule in the United States district court of the District of
 Columbia or in the federal district court where the Interstate Commission's principal
 office is located. If the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not
 supported by substantial evidence, as defined in the federal Administrative Procedures
 Act, in the rulemaking record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside.
- (j) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Interstate Commission may promulgate an emergency rule that shall become effective immediately upon adoption, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the compact and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the rule. An emergency rule is one that must be made effective immediately in order to--
 - (1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
 - (2) Prevent a loss of federal or state funds;
 - (3) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is established by federal law or rule; or
 - (4) Protect human health and the environment.

SEC. 2.102 Dues formula

- (a) The commission shall determine the formula to be used in calculating the annual assessments to be paid by states. Public notice of any proposed revision to the approved dues formula shall be given at least 30 days prior to the Commission meeting at which the proposed revision will be considered.
- (b) The Commission may consider the population of the states, the number of students subject to the compact within each state, and the volume of student transfers between states in determining and adjusting the assessment formula.
- (c) The approved formula and resulting assessments for all member states shall be distributed by the commission to each member state annually.
- (b) The dues formula shall be based on the figure of one dollar per child of military families eligible for transfer under this compact.

Chapter 300 – TRANSFER OF EDUCATION RECORDS AND ENROLLMENT

SEC. 3.101 Eligibility for transfer and enrollment

- (a) Unofficial or "hand-carried" education records In the event that official education records cannot be released to the parents for the purpose of transfer, the custodian of the records in the sending state shall prepare and furnish to the parent a complete set of unofficial educational records containing uniform information as determined by the Interstate Commission. Upon receipt of the unofficial education records by a school in the receiving state, the school shall enroll and appropriately place the student based on the information provided in the unofficial records pending validation by the official records, as quickly as possible. In the event a state or LEA charges a fee for copies of educational records, such a fee shall not exceed the reasonable cost of reproduction.
- (b) Official education records/transcripts -- Simultaneous with the enrollment and conditional placement of the student, the school in the receiving state shall request the student's official education record from the school in the sending state. Upon receipt of this request, the school in the sending state will process and furnish the official education records to the school in the receiving state within ten (10) business days except for a designated school staff break including, but not limited to, spring, summer, or holiday. Records should be furnished as soon as possible following the return of staff from a school staff break; however, the time shall not exceed ten (10) days after the return of staff.

SEC. 3.102 Application for transfer of student records and enrollment

An application for transfer of educational records of students subject to this compact shall contain the following:

- (a) Immunizations Compacting states shall give thirty (30) calendar days from the date of enrollment. For a series of immunizations, initial vaccinations must be obtained-within thirty (30) calendar days.
- (b) Kindergarten and First grade entrance age Students shall be allowed to continue their enrollment at grade level in the receiving state commensurate with their grade level (including Kindergarten) from a LEA in the sending state at the time of transition, regardless of age. A student that has satisfactorily completed the prerequisite grade level in the local education agency in the sending state shall be eligible for enrollment in the next highest grade level in the receiving state, regardless of age. A student transferring after the start of the school year in the receiving state shall enter the school in the receiving state on their validated level from an accredited school in the sending state.
 - (1) Any student who transfers from an out-of-state public school and who does not meet regular age requirements for admission to the school of the state being transferred into shall be admitted upon presentation of the data required in subsection (3).
 - (2) Any student who transfers from an out-of-state nonpublic school and who does not

meet regular age requirements for admission to a public school in the state being transferred, shall be admitted if the student meets age requirements for public schools within the state from which he or she is transferring, and if the transfer of the student's academic credit is acceptable under rules of the school board. Prior to admission, the parent or guardian must also provide the data required in subsection (3).

(3) In order to be admitted into a school in the receiving state, such a student transferring from the sending state must provide the following data:

(i) Official military orders showing that the military member was assigned to the state (or commuting area) of the state in which the child was previously duly enrolled and attended school. If a child of a military member was residing with a legal guardian during the previous enrollment and not the military member, a copy of the family care plan, or proof of guardianship, as specified in the Interstate Compact, or any information sufficient for the receiving district to establish eligibility under this compact shall be provided;

(ii) An official letter or transcript from the proper school authority which shows record of attendance, academic information, and grade placement of the student;

(iii) Documented evidence of immunization against communicable diseases; and

(iv) Evidence of date of birth.

Chapter 400 – GRADUATION

SEC 4.101 Graduation

- (a) Waiver requirements LEA administrative officials shall waive specific courses required for graduation if similar course work has been satisfactorily completed in another LEA or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. Should a waiver not be granted to a student who would qualify to graduate from the sending school, the LEA shall provide an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that graduation may occur on time. If the receiving LEA requires a graduation project, volunteer community service hours, or other state or LEA specific requirements, the receiving LEA may waive those requirements.
- (b) Exit exams States shall accept: 1) exit or end-of-course exams required for graduation from the sending state; or 2) national norm-referenced achievement tests or 3) alternative testing, in lieu of testing requirements for graduation in the receiving state. In the event the above alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a student transferring in his or her senior year, then the provisions of Article VII, Section C of the Compact shall apply.
- (c) Transfers during senior year There may be cases in which a military student transferring at the beginning or during his or her senior year is ineligible to graduate from the receiving LEA after all alternatives have been considered. In such cases the sending and receiving LEA's shall ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending LEA, if the student meets the graduation requirements of the sending LEA. In the event that one of the states in question is not a member of this compact, the member state shall use best efforts to facilitate the on-time graduation of the student in accordance with Sections A and B of Article VII of the Compact.

Chapter 500 – PLACEMENT & ATTENDANCE

SEC. 5.101 Course placement

The receiving school shall initially place a student who transfers before or during the school year in educational courses based on the student's enrollment in the sending state school and/or educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending state to the extent the educational courses are provided by the receiving school. Course placement includes but is not limited to Honors, International Baccalaureate, Advanced Placement, vocational, technical and career pathways courses. The receiving school may perform subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the student in the course(s). The receiving school may allow the student to attend similar educational courses in other schools within the LEA if the receiving school does not offer such educational courses.

SEC. 5.102 Educational program placement

The receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the student in educational programs based on current educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending state or participation/placement in like programs in the sending state. Such programs include, but are not limited to: 1) gifted and talented programs; and 2) English as a second language (ESL). The receiving school may perform subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the student in the course(s). The receiving school may allow the student to attend similar educational courses in other schools within the LEA if the receiving school does not offer such programs.

SEC. 5.103 Special education services

- (a) In compliance with the federal requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C.A. Section 1400 et seq, the receiving state shall initially provide comparable services to a student with disabilities based on his/her current Individualized Education Program (IEP); and
- (b) In compliance with the requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C.A. Section 794, and with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C.A. Sections 12131-12165, the receiving state shall make reasonable accommodations and modifications to address the needs of incoming students with disabilities, subject to an existing 504 or Title II Plan, to provide the student with equal access to education.
- (c) The receiving school may perform subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement and appropriate services. The receiving school shall follow any current regulations the receiving state has in place in order to comply with federal or state law.

SEC. 5.104 Placement flexibility

LEA officials shall have flexibility in waiving course/program prerequisites, or other preconditions for placement in courses/programs offered under the jurisdiction of the LEA.

SEC. 5.105 Absence as related to deployment activities

A student whose parent or legal guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined by the Compact, and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting, shall be granted additional excused absences at the discretion of the LEA superintendent or head of school to visit with his or her parent or legal guardian relative to such leave or deployment of the parent or guardian. Notwithstanding the above, the LEA superintendent or head of school may provide a maximum number of additional excused absences.

Chapter 600 -- ELIGIBILITY

SEC. 6.101 Eligibility for Enrollment

- (a) A custody order, special power of attorney, or other applicable document relative to the guardianship of a child of a military family and executed under the applicable law of each member state shall be sufficient for the purposes of enrollment and all other actions requiring parental participation and consent. A special power of attorney form, which is acceptable in some jurisdictions, can be obtained through the JAG offices pursuant to Military Family Care Plan regulations.
 - (1) A local education agency shall be prohibited from charging local tuition to a transitioning military child placed in the care of a non-custodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent. Tuition may be charged for optional programs offered by the LEA.
 - (2) A transitioning military child, placed in the care of a non-custodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who lives in a jurisdiction other than that of the custodial parent, may continue to attend the school in which he/she was enrolled while residing with the custodial parent. The local education agency shall not charge tuition. In addition, transportation to and from school is the responsibility of the non-custodial parent or other persons standing in loco parentis.
- (b) Eligibility for extracurricular participation State and local education agencies shall facilitate the opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines, with consultation with the state high school athletic association, to the extent they are otherwise qualified. Application deadlines include tryouts, summer conditioning and other coach or district prerequisites.

Chapter 700 – OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION

SEC. 7.101 Informal communication to resolve disputes or controversies

(a) States shall attempt to resolve disputes or controversies by communicating with each other by telephone, telefax, or electronic mail.

- (b) Failure to resolve dispute or controversy—
 - (1) Following an unsuccessful attempt to resolve controversies or disputes arising under this compact, its by-laws or its rules as required under sec.7.101 (a), states shall pursue one or more of the informal dispute resolution processes set forth in sec. 7.101 (b)(2) prior to resorting to formal dispute resolution alternatives.
 - (2) Parties shall submit a written request to the executive director for assistance in resolving the controversy or dispute. The executive director shall provide a written response to the parties within ten (10) days and may, at the executive director's discretion, seek the assistance of legal counsel or the executive committee in resolving the dispute. The executive committee may authorize its standing committees or the executive director to assist in resolving the dispute or controversy.

SEC. 7.102 Formal resolution of disputes and controversies

(a) Alternative dispute resolution – Any controversy or dispute between or among compacting states that arises from or relates to this compact that is not resolved under sec. 7.101 may be resolved by alternative dispute resolution processes. These shall consist of mediation and arbitration.

(b) Mediation and arbitration

- (1) Mediation
 - (i) A state that is party to a dispute may request, or the executive committee may require, the submission of a matter in controversy to mediation.
 - (ii) Mediation shall be conducted by a mediator appointed by the executive committee from a list of mediators approved by the national organization responsible for setting standards for mediators and pursuant to procedures customarily used in mediation proceedings.

(2) Arbitration

- (i) Arbitration may be recommended by the executive committee in any dispute regardless of the parties' previous submission of the dispute to mediation.
- (ii) Arbitration shall be administered by at least one neutral arbiters or a panel of arbiters not to exceed three members. These arbiters shall be selected from a list of arbiters maintained by the commission staff.

- (iii) The arbitration may be administered pursuant to procedures customarily used in arbitration proceedings and at the direction of the arbiter.
- (iv) Upon the demand of any party to a dispute arising under the compact, the dispute shall be referred to the American Arbitration Association and shall be administered pursuant to its commercial arbitration rules.
- (v)(a) The arbiter in all cases shall assess all costs of arbitration, including fees of the arbiter and reasonable attorney fees of the prevailing party, against the party that did not prevail.
 - (b) The arbiter shall have the power to impose any sanction permitted by this compact and other laws of the state or the federal district in which the commission has its principal offices.
- (vi) Judgment on any award may be entered in any court having jurisdiction.

SEC 7.103 Enforcement actions against a defaulting state

- (a) If the Interstate Commission determines that any state has at any time defaulted ("defaulting state") in the performance of any of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact, the by-laws or any duly promulgated rules the Interstate Commission may impose any or all of the following penalties:
 - (1) Damages or costs in such amounts as are deemed to be reasonable as fixed by the Interstate Commission;
 - (2) Remedial training and technical assistance as directed by the Interstate Commission;
 - (3) Suspension and termination of membership in the compact. Suspension shall be imposed only after all other reasonable means of securing compliance under the by-laws and rules have been exhausted. Immediate notice of suspension shall be given by the Interstate Commission to the governor, the chief justice or chief judicial officer of the state, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the state council.
- (b) The grounds for default include, but are not limited to, failure of a Compacting State to perform such obligations or responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact, Interstate Commission by-laws, or duly promulgated rules. The Interstate Commission shall immediately notify the defaulting state in writing of the penalty imposed by the Interstate Commission on the defaulting state pending a cure of the default. The Interstate Commission shall stipulate the conditions and the time period within which the defaulting state must cure its default. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default within the time period specified by the Interstate Commission, in addition to any other penalties imposed herein, the defaulting state may be terminated from the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the compacting states and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this Compact shall be terminated from the effective date of suspension.

- (c) Within sixty (60) calendar days of the effective date of termination of a defaulting state, the Interstate Commission shall notify the governor, the chief justice or chief judicial officer, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the state council of such termination.
- (d) The defaulting state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination including any obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of termination.
- (e) The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs relating to the defaulting state unless otherwise mutually agreed upon between the Interstate Commission and the defaulting state.
- (f) Reinstatement following termination of any compacting state requires both a reenactment of the Compact by the defaulting state and the approval of the Interstate Commission pursuant to the rules.

SEC 7.104 Judicial enforcement

The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the members, initiate legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact, its duly promulgated rules and by-laws, against any compacting state in default. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation including reasonable attorneys' fees.

The Council of State Governments National Center for Interstate Compacts

Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity For Military Families—Commission Meeting

> Summary November 16-18, 2009 La Quinta, CA

Attendance

Commissioners/States Present

- Laura Anastasio, Connecticut
- Thomas A. Beasley, Iowa
- Thomas Bell, Michigan (Designee)
- Kathleen Berg, Hawaii
- Spessard Boatright, Florida
- Pam Deering, Oklahoma
- Mary Gable, Maryland
- Larry LeDoux, Alaska
- Art Harding, Arizona
- Gregory J. Lynch, Washington
- Mark D. Needham, Kentucky
- Brad Neuenswander, Kansas
- Rodney Painting, Louisiana
- Mike Reed, Alabama
- Shelley Reed, Maine
- Thomas D. Rutan, Ohio
- Cheryl L. Serrano, Colorado
- Bert Schulte, Missouri (Designee)
- Brenda K. Weber, Texas (Designee)
- Anne D. Wescott, Virginia (Designee)

Commissioners/States Absent

David Phillips, North Carolina Susan K. Haberstroh, Delaware

Accomplishments

• Adoption of Rules [Attached]

The Commission adopted rules during the meeting. Following the annual meeting, CSG staff included the amendments made in La Quinta and also reviewed the rules once more for grammatical mistakes. The final version of the rules will be posted on the Commission's web page and will also be distributed to interested parties.

• Adoption of FY '11 Budget

During the meeting the Commission reviewed the FY '10 budget and approved a new operating budget for FY '11. The budget increased from \$315,480.00 in FY '10 to \$498,521.00 in FY '11. The increase is a direct result of new member states joining the compact. In addition, the Commission agreed that any unspent funds from FY '10 will be placed into the Commission's reserve fund.

Committee Assignments [Committee assignments attached]

- o Compliance: Chair Mike Reed
- Finance: Chair Brad Neuenswander
- Training, Education, and Outreach: Chair Pam Deering
- Rules: Chair David Phillips
- Search: Chair Mark Needham

• Election of Officers

• Chair - Cheryl Serrano

- Vice Chair Kathy Berg
- o Treasurer Brad Neuenswander

Next Steps

• Organize Committee Meetings

The Commission developed five standing committees during the annual meeting. Each of these Committees met for the first time during the meeting and will begin holding standing committee calls after the first of the year. Each Committee Chair will also serve on the Executive Committee.

• Executive Director Search

The Executive Director Search Committee has begun developing a draft job description. The Committee's goal is to post the job by January 1, 2010 and close the posting January 31, 2010. The Committee, with assistance from CSG, will then begin the process of reviewing resumes and conducting interviews. The Committee's goal is to have the Executive Director on board by May 1, 2010.

Develop Educational Materials

The Training, Education, and Outreach Committee met for the second time December 9. During that call, the committee formed multiple sub-committees to begin developing training and education materials. The Committee hopes to have the first set of these materials ready for dissemination by February 1, 2010.

Continued Outreach to Non-member States

The Commission seeks to have all fifty states and territories join the compact. With that in mind, the Commission will continue working with CSG and DOD to educate non-member states and assist them in joining the compact.

COMPLIANCE

Laura	Anistasio	Connecticut		
Brenda	Weber	Texas		
Michael	Peplinski	Michigan		
Mike	Reed	Alabama		
Susan	Haberstroh	Delaware		
Tom	Rutan	Ohio		
Anne	Wescott	Virginia		
***	***	Nevada		
Charles	Patterson	Ex-Officio		

RULES			
Anne	Wescott	Virginia	
Rodney	Painting	Louisiana	
Mary	Gable	Maryland	
Larry	LeDoux	Alaska	
David	Phillips	North Carolina	
Kathleen	Berg	Hawaii	
Art	Harding	Arizona	
Mike	Reed	Alabama	
Greg	Lynch	Washington	
Tom	Beasley	lowa	
*** .	*** *** California		
David	Splitek	Ex-Officio	

FINANCE

Art	Harding	Arizona
Tom	Rutan	Ohio
Brad	Neuenswander	Kansas
Mark	Needham	Kentucky
Spessard	Boatright	Florida

TRAINING

Shelley	Reed	Maine		
Tom	Beasley	lowa		
Kathleen	Berg Hawaii			
Pam	Deering Oklahoma			
Bert	Schulte	Missouri		
***	***	Mississippi		
***	***	Indiana		
Charles	Patterson	Ex-Officio		
Candace	Wheeler Ex-Officio			
David	vid Splitek Ex-Officio			
Mark	Mark Mossburg E			

SEARCH			
Mark	Needham	Kentucky	
Gregory	Lynch	Washington	
Laura	Anastasio	Connecticut	
Brad	Neuenswander	Kansas	

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Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children State-by-State Legislative Status

Updated July 1, 2010

Bill	Primary Sponsor	Status	State	Bill	Primary Sponsor	Status
		Signed by the Governor 5/18/09	New Hampshire	** <u>HB1261</u> AM	Bedrick	Compact amendment failed
		Signed by the Governor 5/15/09	New Jersey			Signed by Governor 1/17/10
		Signed by the Governor 4/28/08	New Mexico			Signed by Governor 2/19/10
<u>SB 18</u>	Jeffress	Withdrawn, 2/10/09	New York	<u>A7976</u> / S4834	Benedetto / Golden	Red' to Edu Comm 5/1 / ref'd to Edu Comm 4/29
		Signed by the Governor 10/12/09	North Carolina			Signed by the Governor 8'07'08
		Signed by the Governor 6/05/08	North Dakota	<u>HB 1309</u>	Koppelman	Study bill passed both 3/06
		Signed by the Governor 5/12/08	Ohio			Signed by the Governor 7/15/09
		Signed by the Governor 6/11/08	Oklahoma			Signed by the Governor 6/08/08
÷	<i>e</i>	Signed by the Governor 6/23/08	Oregon	<u>HB 2348</u>	H Interim Comm. on Vet. Affairs	Public hearing 2/03
<u>USB 137</u>	Harbison	Passed S 3/09	Pennsylvania	<u>HB 104</u>	Cohen	Ref'd to Approp. 2/05
		Signed by Governor 6/25/09	Rhode Island	1. N		Signed by the Governor 6 22:10
<u>HB 158 / SB1077</u>		Intro'd, 2/17 / Rec passage, 2/19	South Carolina			Signed by the Governor 6/11/10
		Signed by Governor 6/28/10	South Dakota			Signed by Governor 3/24/10
		Signed by the Governor 4/20/09	Tennessee			Signed by Governor 6/23/10
		Signed by the Governor 3/26/09	Texas			Signed by the Governor 5/05/09
		Signed by the Governor 4/9/08	Utah			Signed by Governor 3/30/10
1. i		Signed by the Governor 4/10/08	Vermont	24		5
		Signed by the Governor 7/1/09	Virginia	1		Signed by the Governor 3/27/09
	a na an	Signed by the Governor 6/16/09	Washington	2		Signed by the Governor 5'07/09
	ande en en bezen de konstantik de en neemen en een meering en andere het de staat de staat de staat de staat de	Signed by the Governor 5/19/09	West Virginia			
			Wisconsin			Signed by Governor 5/13/10
		Signed by the Governor 6/11/08	Wyoming			
			Amer. Samoa			
		Signed by the Governor 3/18/09	D.C.	B18-0544	Bowser	Ref'd Committee of the Whole 12/1/2009
		Signed by the Governor 6/11/08	Guam			
D 2137	Lake	Died in process, 4/28/09	N. Mariana Is.			
<u>LB 73</u>	Cornett	Ref'd to Edu Comm, 1/12	Puerto Rico	14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 -		5
	<u>SB 18</u> <u>USB 137</u> <u>HB 158 / SB 1077</u> <u>HB 158 / SB 1077</u>	SB 18 Jeffress SB 18 Jeffress USB 137 Harbison HB 158 / SB 1077 Image: Constraint of the second of the	LLSigned by the Governor 5/18/09Signed by the Governor 5/18/09Signed by the Governor 5/18/09Signed by the Governor 4/28/08Signed by the Governor 4/28/08SB 18JeffressWithdrawn, 2/10/09Signed by the Governor 10/12/09Signed by the Governor 6/05/08Signed by the Governor 5/12/08Signed by the Governor 6/11/08Signed by the Governor 6/23/08Signed by the Governor 6/23/08USB 137HarbisonPassed S 3/09HB 158 / SB1077Intro'd, 2/17 / Rec passage, 2/19Signed by the Governor 6/28/10Signed by the Governor 6/28/10Signed by the Governor 3/26/09Signed by the Governor 7/1/09Signed by the Governor 5/19/09Signed by the Governor 5/19/09Signed by the Governor 7/1/09Signed by the Governor 7/1/09Signed by the Governor 7/1/09Signed by the Governor 5/19/09LSigned by the Governor 5/19/09LSigned by the Governor 5/19/09LSigned by the Governor 5/19/09LSigned by the Governor 6/11/08Signed by the Governor 6/11/08Signed by the Governor 6/11/08D 2137LakeDied in process, 4/28/09	LLLLImage: Constraint of the constraint o	LendLe	Image: constraint of the covernor 5/18/09New HampshileImage: constraint of the covernor 5/18/09Signed by the Governor 5/15/09New Hampshile''HB1261 AMBedrickSigned by the Governor 10/12/09New Hampshile''HB1261 AMBedrickSB18JettressWithdrawn, 2/10/09New MexicoImage: constraint of the covernor 10/12/09New MexicoImage: constraint of the covernor 10/12/09SB18JettressWithdrawn, 2/10/09North CarolinaGoldenGoldenSigned by the Governor 10/12/09North CarolinaImage: constraint of the covernor 10/12/09North DakotaHB 1309KoppelmanSigned by the Governor 6/11/08Signed by the Governor 6/11/08OregonHB 1309KoppelmanUSB 132HarbisonPassed S 3/09PennsylvaniaHB 104CohenHB 158/SB1072Introid, 2/17 /Rec passage, 2/19South CarolinaImage: constraint constraintSigned by the Governor 6/23/09FreasImage: constraintImage: constraintHB 158/SB1072Introid, 2/17 /Rec passage, 2/19South CarolinaImage: constraintSigned by the Governor 6/28/10South CarolinaImage: constraintImage: constraintSigned by the Governor 41/009TennesseImage: constraintImage: constraintHB 158/SB1072Signed by the Governor 41/009YergoniImage: constraintSigned by the Governor 61/108VermontImage: constraintImage: constraintHB 158/SB1072Signed by the Governor 61/109WiscinsinImage: constraint<