Report to the Governor and the General Assembly

# 2017 Annual Report on the African American Heritage Preservation Program

Submitted in accordance with the requirements of State Finance & Procurement Article § 5A-330(i), SB 601/Chapter 371, 2015 (MSAR # 10537)



Asbury United Methodist Church, Easton, Talbot County

Maryland Commission on African American History and Culture 84 Franklin Street Annapolis, MD 21401 www.africanamerican.maryland.gov Maryland Historical Trust 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 www.mht.maryland.gov



Larry Hogan, Governor Boyd K. Rutherford, Lt. Governor



#### THE MARYLAND COMMISSION ON AFRICAN AMERICAN HISTORY AND CULTURE MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Maryland Commission on African American History and Culture is to interpret, document, preserve, and promote Maryland's African American heritage; to provide technical assistance to institutions and groups with similar objectives; and to educate Maryland's citizens and visitors about the significance of the African American experience in Maryland and the nation.

The Maryland Commission on African American History and Culture is housed within the Governor's Office of Community Initiatives.

#### MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST MISSION STATEMENT

The Maryland Historical Trust is dedicated to preserving and interpreting the legacy of Maryland's past. Through research, conservation and education, the Maryland Historical Trust assists the people of Maryland in understanding their historical and cultural heritage.

The Maryland Historical Trust is a unit of the Maryland Department of Planning.

## Background

The African American Heritage Preservation Grant Program (AAHPP) was created during the 2010 session of the Maryland General Assembly and reauthorized, with modifications, as a permanent program during the 2015 session. The AAHPP is administered as a partnership of the Maryland Commission on African American History and Culture (Commission), a unit of the Governor's Office of Community Initiatives, and the Maryland Historical Trust (Trust), a unit of the Maryland Department of Planning (Planning). The purpose of this program is to encourage the identification and preservation of buildings, sites, and communities of historical and cultural importance to the African American experience in Maryland.

Eligible applicants for AAHPP funding include non-profit organizations and local jurisdictions. Business entities and individuals may also apply for AAHPP grants when seeking funds for preservation or development projects that serve a high public purpose. Eligible activities include acquisition, construction, and capital improvement of buildings, sites, or communities of historical or cultural importance to the African American experience in Maryland as well as pre-development costs directly associated with an acquisition or construction project. Such pre-development costs may cover historic structures reports and studies, the preparation of plans and specifications, necessary archeological investigations, and reasonable fees for architectural, design, engineering and other special services.

### Activity of the African American Heritage Preservation Program in FY 2017

#### Fiscal Year 2017 Grant Awards

Applications, instructions, and Program guidelines for FY 2017 funding were made available in early February 2016 via the Trust's website. A press release on February 8, 2016 announced the availability of the applications and gave details on a series of workshops across the state for potential applicants. Thirty-seven eligible applications were received by the July 15, 2016 deadline, representing a total request of \$3.151 million. Applications represented fifteen counties and Baltimore City.

Based on recommendations from the Maryland Commission on African American History and Culture and the Maryland Historical Trust's Board of Trustees, the following twelve projects were approved by the Secretary of Planning in late 2016:

County	Project & Sponsor	Description	Grant Award	Total AAHPP Project Costs
Harford	Project Title: McComas Institute Project Address: 1911 Singer Road, Joppa, MD 21085 Project Sponsor: THE HOSANNA COMMUNITY HOUSE, INCORPORATED	The McComas Institute (HA-307, individually NR listed) stands as the most important landmark in the history of black education in Harford County. Constructed in 1867, this building is one of three schools erected in the area for the Freedmen's Bureau after the Civil War. McComas Institute is the only one, however, to remain intact. This one-story frame structure with a gable roof is five bays long and three bays wide, stands on a raised stone foundation, and has a modest belfry over the north gable. MHT holds an easement on this property. <i>Project work includes interior and exterior rehabilitation of school and outbuildings, including</i> <i>carpentry repairs; repair/replacement of utilities, plumbing,</i> <i>HVAC system, windows, doors, shutters, steps, handrail,</i>	\$100,000	\$123,000
		ramp, exterior siding, and interior and exterior finishes; installation of UV protective measures for windows; fabrication and installation of permanent exhibit and cabinetry; and associated architectural, engineering, and consulting services		

Allegany	Project Title:	This property derives its name from Jane Gates, a	\$100,000	\$100,000
/ inc Burry	Jane Gates House	former slave, who was able to purchase the	9100,000	Ŷ100,000
		property in 1871. She lived here with her 5		
	Project Address:	children, including Edward Gates, the		
	515 Greene Street,	great-grandfather of Dr. Henry Louis Gates Jr., a		
	Cumberland, MD	prominent scholar of African American culture at		
	21502	Harvard University. Dr. Gates showcased this		
	21302	property, 515 Greene Street, on his TV program		
	Project Sponsor:	"Finding your Roots" as a significant landmark for		
	JANE GATES	the Gates family. The property is still in Gates		
	HERITAGE HOUSE,	family ownership; it will be rehabilitated as a		
	INC.	community center.		
		community center.		
		Project work includes interior and exterior rehabilitation,		
		including repair / replacement of		
		roof, siding, trim, windows, doors, flooring, finishes, utilities,		
		and mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems; repair of		
		foundation; lifting		
		building as required for foundation work; carpentry and		
		masonry repairs; installation of shutters; and associated		
		architectural and engineering services		
Baltimore	Project Title: Morgan	Founded in 1867, Morgan State University is one	\$100,000	\$100,000
City	State	of 105 Historically Black Colleges and Universities	+	+
	University: Carnegie	(HBCUs) in the nation, and one of four in the State		
	Hall, University	of Maryland. The University is an urban, 143-acre		
	Memorial Chapel,	campus with a diverse collection of structures;		
	and Holmes Hall	Carnegie Hall, University Memorial Chapel, and		
		Holmes Hall are to be assessed in preparation of		
	Project Address:	impending construction. In 1917 industrialist and		
	1700 East Cold Spring	philanthropist Andrew Carnegie funded the		
	Lane, Baltimore, MD	campus relocation to its current site in northeast		
	21251	Baltimore, and the construction of Carnegie Hall		
		(B-1407, constructed 1919) - the oldest extant		
	Project Sponsor:	building on campus. Carnegie Hall was designed by		
	NATIONAL TRUST	Carnegie's New York architect Edward Tilden.		
	FOR HISTORIC	University Memorial Chapel (B-5250, constructed		
	PRESERVATION IN	1941) is the only National Register-listed building		
	THE	on campus, and honors the University's founding		
	UNITED STATES	as the Biblical Centenary Institute. It was designed		
		by African American architect Albert I. Cassell.		
		Holmes Hall (B-5285, constructed 1949) holds the		
		University's signature clock tower - a classic		
		symbol modeled after Philadelphia's		
		Independence Hall. Designed by the Baltimore		
		architectural firm Taylor & Fisher, the building was named in		
		honor of the University's first African American President		
		Dwight O. W. Holmes.		
		Project work includes architectural, engineering, and		
		consulting services		

Frederick	Project Title: Catoctin	The Catoctin Furnace complex (F-6-45, Catoctin	\$5,000	\$10,000
Tredefick	Furnace Iron	Furnace NRHD), is significant to American	\$3,000	\$10,000
	Master's House Ruins	· -		
	Master's House Ruins	industrial history and industrial archeology; the		
		industrial site and its related living quarters		
	Project Address:	illustrate the growth and development of the iron		
	12651 Catoctin	industry between 1774 and 1904. Slaves labored		
	Furnace Road,	in the village in various capacities including iron		
	Thurmont, MD 21788	production, charcoal making, and domestic		
		services. There are documented cases of enslaved		
	Project Sponsor:	persons leaving this site to seek freedom; this site		
	FRIENDS OF	is included in NPS's National Underground Railroad Network		
	CUNNINGHAM FALLS	to Freedom Gateway program. While the 1781 Iron Master's		
	STATE PARK AND GAMBRILL STATE	House is in ruins, it is open for public viewing year round. The		
	PARK, INC.	Iron Master would have had house slaves, who may have		
		resided in the basement under the kitchen. A new		
		interpretive panel will explain the role the Iron Master played		
		in the community and the		
		importance of this structure. The Iron Master's		
		House is owned by the State of Maryland.		
		Project work includes exterior rehabilitation, including		
		masonry repairs and repointing		
Montgomery	Project Title: Mutual	Mutual Memorial Cemetery was officially	\$78,000	\$78,000
<b>-</b> .	Memorial Cemetery	established in 1873 as part of the historic	. ,	
	,	Freedman's Village of Sandy Spring, one of the		
	Project Address:	oldest free black communities in Maryland. The		
	18291 Brooke Road,	Quakers, who founded Sandy Spring, freed their		
	Sandy Spring, MD	slaves by 1800 well before federal or state		
	20860	emancipation. These pioneering black families		
	20000	chose to remain within the borders of Sandy		
	Project Sponsor:	Spring in an area which became known as		
		Freedman's Village. They purchased homes,		
	MUTUAL			
	MEMORIAL	founded houses of worship, created small		
	CEMETERY	businesses and established the Mutual Memorial		
	FOUNDATION	Cemetery.		
	OF SANDY SPRING,			
	INC.	Project work includes architectural, engineering,		
		archeological, and consulting services, including ground		
		penetrating radar survey, mapping,		
		and preservation assessment and treatment		
		recommendations; conservation of grave markers; and		
		permanent signage	<u> </u>	

Somerset	Project Title: John	John Wesley UM Church (S-372; S-371, Deal Island	\$100,000	\$100,000
	Wesley M.E. Church	NRHD) is a late Victorian tee-plan Gothic Revival		
		church, dating from 1914. It is a prominent		
	Project Address:	landmark in the low, marshy landscape between		
	9571 Deal Island	the settlements of Deal Island and Wenona. A		
	Road, Deal Island,	black congregation has continuously worshipped		
	MD 21821	on this site since at least the third quarter of the		
		19th century. The building will be used as a		
	Project Sponsor: JOHN WESLEY	heritage-focused cultural and interpretive center.		
	COMMUNITY	Project work includes interior and exterior rehabilitation,		
	ASSOCIATION, INC.	including repair / replacement of windows; carpentry		
		repairs / replacement; removal of existing foundation		
		and construction of new foundation; lifting building as		
		required for foundation work; and associated		
		architectural, engineering, and archeological services		
Charles	Project Title: Old	Old Pomonkey High School (CH-503) served as the	\$100,000	\$100,000
	Pomonkey High	first African American public high school in Charles County.		
	School	Established in 1922, the original frame building was replaced		
		in the 1930s by a one-story structure with high ceilings, large		
	Project Address:	windows, and Colonial Revival styling. In the 1950s a one-		
	3395 Metropolitan	story gymnasium wing was added; this is currently the only		
	Church Road, Bryans	portion of the building that remains after a fire in the 1980s		
	Road, MD	destroyed the 1930s portion. The building will become a		
	20616	cultural center and museum, with the 1950s wing		
		rehabilitated and the 1930s portion ultimately rebuilt.		
	Project Sponsor:			
	POMONKEY HIGH	Project work includes interior and exterior rehabilitation,		
	SCHOOL ALUMNI	including site work; repair / replacement of utilities,		
	ASSOCIATION, INC.	mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems; doors,		
		floors, walls, and finishes; and painting		

Anne Arundel	Project Title: Wiley	The Wiley H. Bates High School (AA-12, individually NR listed)	\$100,000	\$130,000
	H. Bates Legacy	is of exceptional significance in the history of the		
	Center (within	development of public education for African Americans in		
	former Wiley H.	Anne Arundel County. From the time the school was built in		
	Bates High School)	1932 until 1966 when the county public school system was		
	, U ,	finally desegregated, Bates was the only public school in the		
	Project Address:	county which African-American students could attend for a		
	1103 Smithville	secondary level education. The 1932 building was expanded		
	Street, Annapolis,	in 1937, 1945, and 1950 to accommodate increasing		
	MD 21401	enrollment. In each building campaign, facilities which		
		equaled or exceeded those available to white students were		
	Project Sponsor:	provided. These expansions represent the response of the		
	COMMUNITY	county to the "separate but equal" doctrine which was		
	PRESERVATION AND	applied to public facilities in the first half of the 20th century.		
	DEVELOPMENT	MHT holds an easement on this property.		
	CORPORATION			
		Project work includes interior and exterior upgrades to the		
		Wiley H. Bates Legacy Center, including repair /		
		replacement of doors; installation of signage, lighting, and		
		canopy; installation of UV protective measures for		
		windows; structural assessment; and associated		
		architectural, engineering, and consulting services		
Caroline	Project Title: Denton	Probably constructed in the late 19th or early 20 <sup>th</sup> century,	\$100,000	\$100,000
	Colored School	the Denton Colored School (CAR-126) is a		
		'T' plan building which stands above a tall		
	Project Address: 408	basement made of rough-cast concrete block. The		
	Lincoln Street,	half-acre of land which the school occupies was		
	Denton, MD 21629	purchased by African American school trustees in		
		1867. The structure has been used as a masonic		
	Project Sponsor:	hall since 1969. The project will restore the		
	ROSS AME CHURCH	structure to its historic appearance.		
		Project work includes interior and exterior rehabilitation,		
		including repair / replacement of roof, siding, doors,		
		windows, woodwork, shutters, interior walls, floors,		
		-		
		steps, foundation, utilities, and HVAC, plumbing, and		
		electrical systems; installation of new restroom and		
		kitchen; painting; and associated architectural,		
		engineering, and consulting services	1	

Prince	Project Title: Sis's	Initially operated as a grocery, then as a tavern	\$50,000	\$85,000
George's	Tavern / Baby Dee's	and music hall, the building at 4516 41st Avenue		
		(PG:68-61-21; PG:68-61, North Brentwood NRHD)		
	Project Address:	has been owned and operated by residents of		
	4516 41st Avenue,	North Brentwood, the first African-American		
	North Brentwood,	incorporated community in the county, and served town		
	MD 20722	residents for over eighty years. It became known as "Sis' Tavern" during the 1960s, when owned by Marie "Sis" Walls;		
	Project Sponsor: HYATTSVILLE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	and later "Baby Dee's" after Deloris R. Spriggs. It was a central social hub for the Town, attracting famous acts like Duke Ellington and Pearl Bailey during its heyday, who would come to perform after hours when visiting the Howard Theatre in D.C. The building also housed a barbershop, in an addition c. 1920, which was operational until Baby Dee's closed in 1996. In addition to being the first commercial building built in the Town, it was owned at one time by the Town's first Mayor, Jeremiah Hawkins. When rehabilitation is completed, the building is planned for community use and will be managed by the Town. <i>Project work includes interior rehabilitation, including repair / replacement of electrical, plumbing, and HVAC systems,</i>		
		finishes, and flooring		
Talbot	<b>Project Title:</b> Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church	Bethel AME Church (T-412; T-410 (Easton NRHD), built in 1877, houses a congregation that has been in existence since 1818. The Hill neighborhood, established by freed slaves in Easton, grew up around Bethel and the nearby Asbury AME Church. The church building may be the first structure for	\$100,000	\$100,000
	Project Address:	public use owned and operated by African Americans on the		
	110 South Hanson	Eastern Shore. The building is still in use as a church. MHT		
	Street Easton MD 21601	currently holds an easement on this property.		
		Project work includes exterior rehabilitation, including repair		
	Project Sponsor:	/ replacement of roof and windows; installation of storm		
	BETHEL A.M.E. CHURCH, INC.	windows; electrical repairs and upgrades; and site work		

Talbot	Project Title: Asbury	Asbury M.E. Church (T-421; T-410 (Easton NRHD) is the oldest	\$67,000	\$67,000
	M.E. Church	African American church structure in Easton, and the		
		second oldest African American church structure in Talbot		
	Project Address: 18	County. The church was dedicated by Frederick Douglass in		
	South Higgins Street,	1878. Asbury was a temporary high school for colored		
	Easton, MD 21601	students in the 1930's and is now a community center for a		
		historically African American enclave known as the "Hill." The		
	Project Sponsor:	lower-level "fellowship hall" will become an education and		
	HISTORIC EASTON,	research center for the public. The upper-level sanctuary is		
	INCORPORATED	still used for worship. MHT holds an easement on this		
		property.		
		Project work includes exterior rehabilitation, including roof		
		repair / replacement; exterior carpentry repairs; repairs to		
		windows; and associated architectural, engineering, and		
		consulting services		
		TOTAL	\$1,000,000	

These grantees were notified of their awards in December 2016. An award announcement event, hosted by Lieutenant Governor Rutherford, was held at the State House on December 16, 2016, and a press release describing the Program and detailing the grant awards was distributed in late June 2015.



Representatives of the Pomonkey High School Alumni Association and the Maryland Commission on African American History and Culture join Lieutenant Governor Boyd Rutherford and Secretary of Planning Wendi Peters in celebrating their grant award.

#### Fiscal Year 2018 Grant Applications

Applications, instructions, and program guidelines for FY 2018 funding were made available in February 2017 via the Trust's website. A press release on February 28, 2017 announced the availability of the applications and gave details on a series of workshops for potential applicants as follows:

Anne Arundel County	Baltimore City
Thursday, March 9, 11:30a - 1:30p	Monday, March 20, 11:30a - 1:30p
Galesville Community Center	Union Baptist Church
916 West Benning Road	1219 Druid Hill Avenue
Galesville, MD 20765	Baltimore, MD 21217
(14 attendees)	(36 attendees)
Washington County	Calvert County
Wednesday, March 22, 11:30a - 1:30p	Wednesday, March 29, 11:30a - 1:30p
Robert W. Johnson Community Center	Melvin's Place (formerly known as Duke's)
109 W. North Avenue	1155 Hallowing Point Road
Hagerstown MD 21740	Prince Frederick, MD 20678
(6 attendees)	(13 attendees)
Dorchester County Thursday, April 6, 11:30a - 1:30p Harriet Tubman Underground Railroad Visitor Center 4608 Golden Hill Road Church Creek, MD 21622 (40 attendees)	Prince George's County Tuesday, April 11, 11:30a - 1:30p Oxon Hill Library 6200 Oxon Hill Road Oxon Hill, MD 20745 (39 attendees)

A total of 148 people attended the workshops. The workshop at Union Baptist Church highlighted the use of AAHPP grant funds to create an archive and research room within the undercroft, and allowed this past grant awardee to provide insight into the grant application and administration process for potential applicants.

Grant applications are accepted through the Trust's online application, powered by MicroEdge's GIFTS system. The grant application deadline was July 15, 2017. After a threshold review of the applications by Trust staff, the Commission evaluates eligible applications and forwards recommendations to the Maryland Historical Trust's Board of Trustees. Once the Board reviews the Commission's recommendations, it makes a final recommendation that is sent to the Secretary of Planning for approval.

#### Notable Accomplishments & Project Updates



Above: The exterior rehabilitation of the church nears completion.

Right: The project team meets in the sanctuary during restoration.



## Christ Rock Church, Cambridge, Dorchester County:

Christ Rock Church, along with the Stanley Institute school, is the focus of the African-American community that arose at Christ Rock, outside of Cambridge, just after the Civil War. The church was constructed in 1875 and altered in 1889 and 1911; the present structure is gable-ended with a square entrance tower. The church will be rehabilitated as a cultural center and museum focusing on the African American experience in Dorchester County. Since the church is currently owned by a nonprofit and not used for worship, the Maryland Historical Trust holds an easement on both the interior and the exterior of this property. Grant funds awarded through the AAHPP in FYs 2012-2016 are assisting the restoration of the church to its ca. 1911 appearance. A paint analysis revealed that the historic finish of the interior woodwork and pews was faux graining, which was often used to allow a commonly available wood species to mimic a more exotic wood; this finish is currently being professionally restored.





Above left and center: Restoration of the faux grained surfaces. Above right: Careful removal of layers of paint revealed the original treatment to be faux graining.



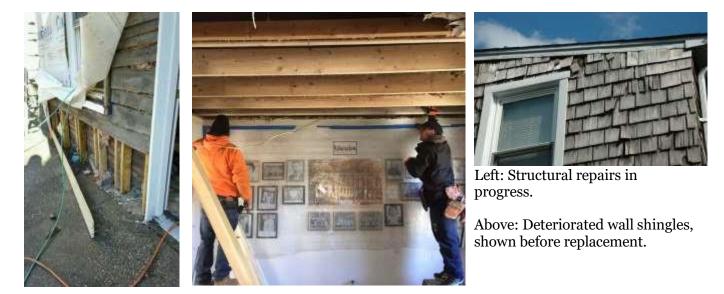


## Samuel and Ida Torsell Mini-Museum, Catonsville, Baltimore County:



The Winters Lane Historic District is the largest and most intact mid-19th century African American neighborhood in Baltimore County. 79 Winters Lane is one of the older African American homes in the Winters Lane community. It was the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel and Ida Torsell. From the 1920s to the 1940s Mr. Torsell produced a newsletter that provided African American entrepreneurs with a means of advertising their goods and services, while Mrs. Torsell was the organist and pianist for the local church.

The Grace A.M.E. Community Development Corporation was awarded a FY 2014 AAHPP grant to make improvements to the house for its continued use as a local museum. After engaging an architect to perform a conditions and needs assessment, the CDC used the grant funds to make structural repairs, replace the roof, replace wood shingles on exterior walls, repair windows and replace rotted sills, and complete interior finish work. The completed building will continue to serve as a repository for photographs, documents, and artifacts which will preserve the story of Winters Lane and its residents for future generations.



## Ebenezer AME Church, Baltimore City:

Built in 1865 for a congregation organized in 1836, Ebenezer A.M.E. Church is thought to be the oldest standing church in Baltimore that was erected by African Americans and continuously occupied by the descendants of the same congregation. The church is designated as a Baltimore City landmark and is included in the Federal Hill National Register Historic District. This brick Gothic Revival church has a prominent bell tower; the parish house is located in an adjoining rowhouse.

The church-affiliated nonprofit, Ebenezer Kingdom Builders, Inc., received an AAHPP grant in FY 2016 which was used to address the replacement of windows in the parish house with appropriate wood windows and to replace deteriorated protective glazing on the stained glass windows on the front of the church. The old protective glazing was discolored and etched through years of exposure. The replacement glazing is not only more sympathetic to the patterns of the underlying windows, it is also clear, which vastly improves the appearance of the church from the street and allows visitors to fully appreciate the beauty of this significant landmark.



Before, after, and close-up photographs of the church (top) and parish house (bottom).

## Asbury United Methodist Church, Georgetown, Kent County:

The original section of this church, a singlestory frame structure with projecting chancel at the rear, was built in 1879 to serve a congregation that began holding services in 1863. A three-story bell tower and side wing were added around 1920. The Georgetown community and the congregation still include direct descendants of the founding families. The building, which will continue to be used as a church, is listed as a Kent County landmark. A previous phase of work provided temporary alignment and stabilization of the upper portion of the bell tower. By the beginning of this project, the church had already been stripped of most of its interior plasterwork and furnishings to expose and assess structural elements, and temporary wood shoring was still in place. An AAHPP grant was awarded in FY 2015 to assist with exterior and structural repairs, including, most noticeably, the realignment of the bell tower.



Above: repairs to roof cricket above bell tower to prevent continued water intrusion.



Left and right: Necessary repairs were made to the interior framing to restore the building's structural integrity.





Top: The steeple is obviously out of plumb. Above: The steeple after realignment.





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