FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2017

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Herbert J. Geary III Corey N. Duncan Roy J. Geiser Chris A. Hall Ronald W. Hickman Charles M. Meenehan Craig A. Walter Mark A. Welsh



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Education of Somerset County Westover, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Board of Education of Somerset County, a component unit of Somerset County, Maryland, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Board of Education of Somerset County as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress by valuation date and schedule of employer contributions, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board of Education of Somerset County's basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The additional supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2017 on our consideration of The Board of Education of Somerset County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering The Board of Education of Somerset County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Salisbury, Maryland September 27, 2017 Herbert J. Geary III Corey N. Duncan Roy J. Geiser Chris A. Hall Ronald W. Hickman Charles M. Meenehan Craig A. Walter Mark A. Welsh



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Education of Somerset County Westover, Maryland

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Board of Education of Somerset County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The Board of Education of Somerset County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The Board of Education of Somerset County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Board of Education of Somerset County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The Board of Education of Somerset County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The Board of Education of Somerset County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Salisbury, Maryland September 27, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

This section of the Board of Education of Somerset County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Board's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the Board's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2017 include the following:

- Net position for the Governmental Activities totaled \$44,757,041 an increase of \$498,238 or 1.13% from the prior year.
- General Fund assigned fund balance equals \$289,068, an increase of \$22,636 from the prior year.
- Unassigned General Fund balance equals \$270,442, a decrease of \$18,626 from the prior year.
- The Food Service fund had a profit of \$204,384. Excluding depreciation, the fund showed a profit of \$236,311.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditor's Report, required supplementary information which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Board:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the Board's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the Board, reporting the Board's operations in *more detail* than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the Board operates like businesses.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the Board acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Board as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the Board's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how they have changed. Net position, which is the difference between the Board's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Board's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Board, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the condition of school buildings and other facilities must be considered.

In the government-wide financial statement the Board's activities are shown in two categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, school administration and other student services. Local county and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-Type activities The Board's food service operation is included here. The Board operates cafeterias at the schools where breakfast and lunch are served.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's *funds* – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Board as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law.
- The Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (e.g. federal and state grants).

The Board has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the Board's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statements which explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds The Food Service operation is the only fund accounted for as proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

• Fiduciary funds – The Board is the trustee, or agent, for assets that belong to others. The Student Activities Fund is accounted for as a fiduciary fund. The Board is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the Board cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BOARD AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The Board's *combined* net position was \$45,002,948 on June 30, 2017. This was an increase of \$702,622 from the prior year.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		RNMENTAL TIVITIES		NESS-TYPE TIVITIES	TOTAL	TOTAL
	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2016
				2010	11 2017	11 2010
Current and other assets	\$ 5,055,480	\$ 4,234,743	\$ 123,892	\$ (102,088)	\$ 5,179,372	\$ 4,132,655
Capital assets	52,316,318	51,120,493	162,283	169,945	52,478,601	51,290,438
Total assets	57,371,798	55,355,236	286,175	67,857	57,657,973	55,423,093
Current liabilities	3,683,923	3,038,823	35,146	22,558	3,719,069	3,061,381
Long-term liabilities	8,930,834	8,057,610	5,122	3,776	8,935,956	8,061,386
Total liabilities	12,614,757	11,096,433	40,268	26,334	12,655,025	11,122,767
			-			
Investment in capital						
assets, net of related debt	52,316,318	51,120,493	162,283	169,945	52,478,601	51,290,438
Restricted						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Unrestricted	(7,559,277)	(6,861,690)	83,624	(128,422)	(7,475,653)	(6,990,112)
Total net position	\$ 44,757,041	\$ 44,258,803	\$ 245,907	\$ 41,523	\$ 45,002,948	\$ 44,300,326

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BOARD AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Changes in Net Position

The Board's total revenues were \$51,262,656 for the year ended June 30, 2017. (See Table 2) The State and County general appropriations accounted for approximately 74% of total revenue for the year. Another 6% came from Capital Contributions from both the State and County. The remaining funds (20%) came from program revenues and investment earnings. The total cost of all programs and services was \$50,560,034. Revenues surpassed expenses, increasing net position \$702,622 from last year.

Table 2

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF SOMERSET COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES June 30, 2017

REVENUES

	Govern Activ			ss- Type ivities	Total	Total
	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2016
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	\$	\$ 110,926	\$ 88.024	\$ 110,926	\$ 88,024
Federal and state grants	7,689,320	7,522,289	2,030,508	1,954,021	9,719,828	9,476,310
Capital contributions	3,085,794	2,097,845	, ,	-, ,,	3,085,794	2,097,845
General revenues					0,000,171	2,007,010
County appropriation	9,603,976	9,395,088			9,603,976	9,395,088
State formula aid	28,512,905	27,868,582			28,512,905	27,868,582
Other	228,929	189,388	298	126	229,227	189,514
	•				,	10,511
Total revenue	49,120,924	47,073,192	2,141,732	2,042,171	51,262,656	49,115,363
				-,0 (-,1/1	21,202,000	47,113,303
		EXPEN	ISES			
Instruction and special education	26,230,982	26,614,017			26,230,982	26,614,017
Administration	1,643,969	1,664,057			1,643,969	
Support services	1,505,693	1,400,540	1,937,348	1,988,837	3,443,041	1,664,057
Fixed Charges	9,699,922	9,832,894	1,937,340	1,700,03/	, ,	3,389,377
I wed Charges	9,099,922	9,032,094			9,699,922	9,832,894
Building Operations and Maintenance	3,551,069	3,445,905			2 551 060	2.445.005
Transportation	2,925,317	2,948,211			3,551,069	3,445,905
Other	3,065,734	2,741,371			2,925,317	2,948,211
Total expenses			1.027.240	1,000,037	3,065,734	2,741,371
Total expenses	48,622,686	48,646,995	1,937,348	1,988,837	50,560,034	50,635,832
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 498,238	\$ (1,573,803)	\$ 204,384	\$ 53,334	\$ 702,622	\$ (1,520,469)

Business-Type Activities

Revenues of the Board's only business-type activity, the food service operation, increased \$99,561 to \$2,141,732 and expenses decreased \$51,489. (Refer to Table 2).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BOARD'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the Board as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the Board completed the year, its governmental funds reported a *combined* fund balance of \$911,485, an increase of \$138,317 from last year's ending fund balance.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the Board in providing educational services to students from pre-kindergarten through grade 12, including pupil transportation activities and maintenance and operations of all school facilities. See Table 3 for a summary of General Fund revenues and expenditures.

The excess of revenues over expenses was \$138,317 for the year ended June 30, 2017 compared to an excess of expenses over revenues of \$720,886 for FY 2016. The major changes in both revenues and expenditures results from the following:

- 1. State of Maryland revenues increased by \$664,323. Compensatory Education revenue increased by \$573,085.
- 2. Somerset County revenues increased by \$208,888. This was due to increased enrollment as well as an increase in the Local Education Effort as required by the State. The Local Education Effort adjustment was the result of an increase in local wealth per pupil.
- 3. Instructional Salaries increased by \$539,928. This increase was due to several new teachers and support staff being hired to reduce class size and to increase student achievement. The increase also reflects a 1% COLA and Mid-Year Step for all staff.
- 4. Instructional Textbooks and Supplies expenditures decreased by \$302,956. The FY16 expenditures included a new reading curriculum purchased for grades K-5.
- 5. Special Education decreased by \$300,612. The High Roads education contract was not renewed for FY17. The program is now being staffed by Somerset County Board of Education employees. This was done in order to reduce costs and to have greater control of the program.
- 6. Fixed Charges has steadily increased due to rising health care costs, retirement payouts and claims.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Table 3

GENERAL FUND REVENUES

			Increase	% of
	FY 2017	FY 2016	(Decrease)	Incr. (Decr.)
REVENUES				
Somerset County Appropriations	\$ 9,603,976	\$ 9,395,088	\$ 208,888	2.2%
State of Maryland	28,512,905	27,868,582	644,323	2.3%
State share of retirement				
and pension contribution	2,722,323	2,530,203	192,120	7.6%
Other	228,929	189,388	39,541	20.9%
Total Revenues	41,068,133	39,983,261	1,084,872	2.7%
	GENERAL FUND EXPE	NDITURES		
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	1,567,087	1,584,268	(17,181)	-1.1%
Mid-level Administration	3,774,864	3,880,102	(105,238)	-2.7%
Instructional salaries	13,595,343	13,055,415	539,928	4.1%
Textbooks & instructional supplies	514,913	817,869	(302,956)	-37.0%
Other instruction costs	164,055	200,264	(36,209)	-18.1%
Special Education	3,481,066	3,781,678	(300,612)	-7.9%
Student personnel services	647,757	741,484	(93,727)	-12.6%
Health services	408,043	385,555	22,488	5.8%
Transportation of pupils	2,876,791	2,871,502	5,289	0.2%
Operation of plant	2,437,101	2,396,764	40,337	1.7%
Maintenance of plant	848,188	818,761	29,427	3.6%
Fixed charges	7,881,354	7,559,334	322,020	4.3%
Capital outlay	10,931	80,948	(70,017)	-86.5%
State share of retirement		00,710	(70,017)	-30.570
and pension contribution	2,722,323	2,530,203	192,120	7.6%
Total expenditures	40,929,816	40,704,147	225,669	0.6%
•			223,007	0.070
F (D 5:)				
Excess/(Deficiency) of revenues		1-1		
over expenditures	\$ 138,317	\$ (720,886)	\$ 859,203	-119.2%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

RESTRICTED GRANT FUNDS

These funds are used to account for grants from Federal, State and Local sources. Grants provide a major source of revenue for specific educational programs not funded by the General Fund. Programs include initiatives for Special Education students, programs for adults to earn a GED or another alternative method to obtain a high school diploma for students from families who are socially and economically depressed. Table 4 below reflects an overall decrease of \$22,564 in grant funds from the prior year. Grant funding will vary as most are subject to availability and qualifications as well as a selection and approval process.

Table 4

RESTRICTED GRANT REVENUE

	<u>.</u>	FY 2017	_	FY 2016	Increase (Decrease)	% Incr. (Decr.)
REVENUES Federal through State State of Maryland	\$	4,403,540 565,982	\$	4,369,752 622,334	33,788 (56,352)	0.77% -9.05%
Total Revenues	\$.	4,969,522	\$	4,992,086	(22,564)	-0.45%

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Board has no legal authority to borrow funds. During FY 2017, the Board received County funding of \$3,035,153 and State funding of \$50,641, which is recorded on these financial statements. The County funds were used for the Crisfield High School Athletic Fields improvements, the Washington High School Athletic Fields Improvements, and the JM Tawes Technology & Career Center Educational Specifications and site investigations. Also included were the design fees and HVAC equipment purchases for the Crisfield Academy & High School/ Head Start project.

The State funding includes a reimbursement for an Aging Schools project at Princess Anne Elementary School which involved replacement of the gymnasium floor and the front doors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The following funds are accounted for as Fiduciary Funds:

(1) Agency Funds – During FY 2017 the Board's nine (9) schools collected revenues and incurred expenditures for various student activities (See Table 5). The Board contracts with an independent Certified Public Accountant to perform an audit of these agency funds on an annual basis. Please refer to the separately issued audited financial statements for the School Activities Fund and schedule for specific details.

Table 5

SCHOOL ACTIVITIES FUNDS

	FY 2017	 FY 2016	<u>(</u>	Increase Decrease)	% Incr. (Decr.)
Additions	\$ 661,714	\$ 607,090	\$	54,624	9.00%
Deductions	(700,338)	(600,201)		(100,137)	16.68%
Beginning balance due to					
school activities funds	 288,199	 281,310		6,889	2.45%
Ending Balance due to					
School Activities Fund	\$ 249,575	\$ 288,199	\$	(38,624)	-13.40%

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the Board revised the annual operating and capital budgets. These budget amendments, which received both Board and County Commissioner approval for all categorical changes were made to avoid budget overruns. During the year the following amendments were approved to the budget:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS, continued

	_	al Approved 017 Budget	Category Increases				-	Amended FY 017 Budget
REVENUES		20 00000 2 00 00 0	100					
Somerset County	\$	9,754,044	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,754,044	
State of Maryland		28,496,948		-		-	28,496,948	
Other		83,088		-		-	83,088	
Prior Year's Fund Balance		266,432				-	 266,432	
Total Revenues		38,600,512		-		_	38,600,512	
EXPENDITURES								
Administration		1,467,937		103,664		-	1,571,601	
Mid-level Administration		3,465,890		322,109		_	3,787,999	
Instructional Salaries and Wages		13,682,128		-		(39,285)	13,642,843	
Instructional Textbooks and Supplies		569,006		5,000		-	574,006	
Other Instructional Costs		188,965		· -		(16,000)	172,965	
Student Personnel Services		617,357		46,767		-	664,124	
Health Services		353,354		57,185		_	410,539	
Fixed Charges		8,755,298		-		(782,000)	7,973,298	
Student Transportation		2,858,839		85,399		-	2,944,238	
Operation of Plant		2,494,406		_	-	(39,471)	2,454,935	
Maintenance of Plant		772,792		125,240		-	898,032	
Special Education		3,364,540		131,392		-	3,495,932	
Capital Outlay		10,000		-		_	10,000	
Total Expenditures	\$	38,600,512	\$	876,756	\$	(876,756)	\$ 38,600,512	

After these revisions, the actual General Fund and Capital expenditures matched the budget. Actual expenditures and encumbrances were under budget by \$258,712. Actual revenues exceeded expenditures by \$4,010. The Board utilized the FY 2015 fund balance designated for FY 2017 (excess of revenues over expenditures) in the amount of \$266,432. This leaves an unreserved, undesignated fund balance of \$270,442 to be carried forward to FY 2019. The excess fund balance from FY 2017 is primarily attributed to over budgeting for Instructional Salaries, Textbooks and Supplies, and Fixed Charges.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2017, the Board has invested \$52,478,601 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, school buildings, athletic facilities, furniture and equipment. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in subsequent note to the financial statements.) Total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,913,016 in governmental and business-type activities.

Construction - Next Five Years

Periodically, the Board of Education prepares and submits to the State InterAgency Committee for School Construction and the local county government a 5-year capital improvement program. As a part of the ongoing improvement of our facilities several capital projects will be initiated or continued in the 2017-2018 school year.

In September of 2017, the new Head Start Early Childhood Center will open in Crisfield High School. In October 2017, ground breaking will occur for the new JM Tawes Technology Center with an estimated completion date of September 2019. In FY18, the bleachers at Washington High School and Crisfield High School will be renovated using QZAB funding and Aging Schools funding, respectively.

Over the next five years, these projects are under consideration: renovations and additions to Princess Anne Elementary School, and minor additions to the Somerset Intermediate School.

Long-Term Liabilities

• At year-end, the Board had \$8,905,834 in amounts due or payable after one year. This amount consists of accrued compensated absences (\$721,419) which is an obligation resulting from accrued annual leave which is due and payable to employees upon retirement. Also included in this amount is the Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability (\$6,150,822) for future health insurance costs for retirees in compliance with GASB 45 and an amount for the net pension liability required under GASB 68 (\$2,033,593).

FACTORS BEARING ON THE BOARD'S FUTURE

The Government Accounting Standard Board (GASB) issued GASB 45, Accounting for Post-Employment Benefits. This standard required major changes to governmental accounting and financial statements. It required governments to change from a pay as you go system to full accrual accounting for post-employment medical, dental and life insurance. Compliance with this standard began in FY 2009. Under the new rules, governments will be required to recognize the expense of post-employment benefits earned that will be paid after the employee's retirement, as well as the related liability of amounts not funded. Considering the limited funding available, the Board has opted to not fund any potential liability, instead focusing its funds on instruction. Management plans a continued cooperative effort between the Board and the County Government to fund these benefits in the future. This is particularly critical when considering the economic hardships faced by governments during the current downturn.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FACTORS BEARING ON THE BOARD'S FUTURE, continued

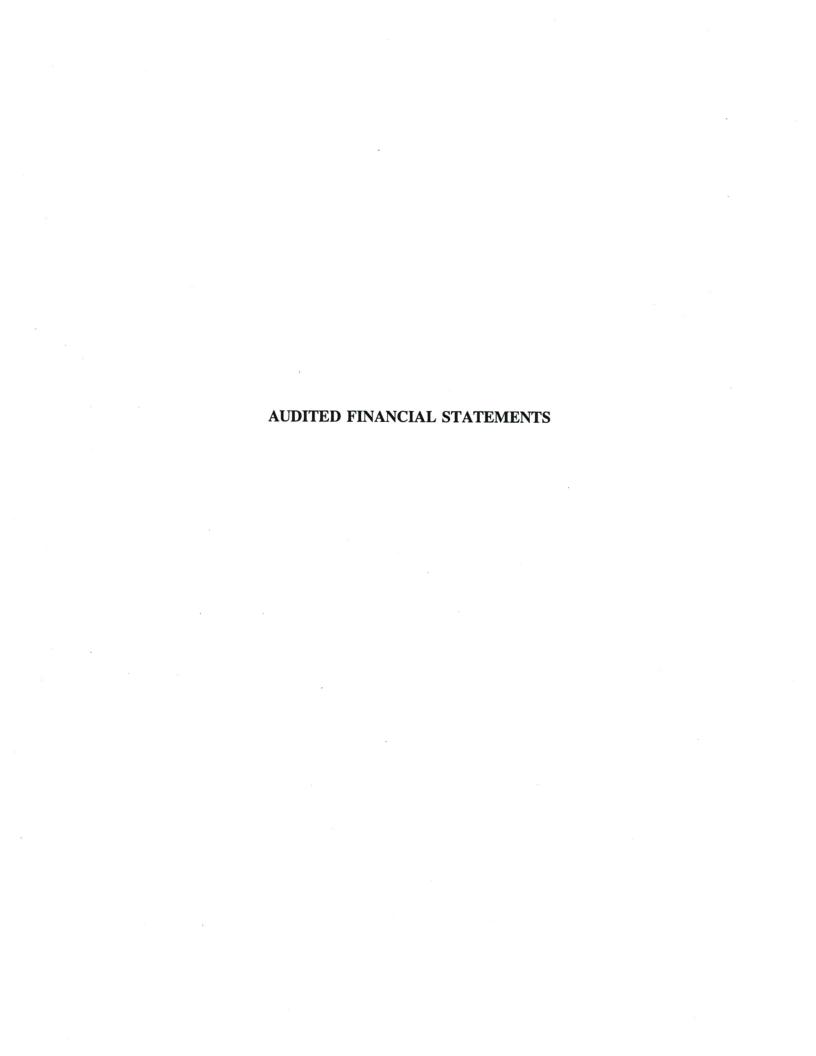
Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017, GASB 75 replaces the requirements of GASB 45 and will require the Board to report a liability on the Statement of Net Position similar the requirements of GASB 68 for Pensions. A much large OPEB liability is expected to be reported for the year ending June 30, 2018.

In FY 2013, The State of Maryland mandated that the local school systems be responsible for paying a portion of the cost of teacher's retirement. The cost was phased in over a four year period. For the year ended June 30, 2017, this cost was \$925,708. Retirement costs for education continue to escalate at the State level primarily due to the salary increases realized during the implementation of the *Bridge to Excellence (Thornton) Funding*.

The Food Service Fund has continued being profitable in FY 2017. In FY 2015 Somerset County Public Schools began participating in the State of Maryland's Community Eligibility Provision (CEP) to provide students at all schools in the district with free breakfast and lunch. The school district qualified for this program based on the high percentage of directly certified students already receiving Free and Reduced meals. Claim reimbursements submitted to the State for meals served will be approximately 92% at the free rate and 8% at the paid rate. Advantages of participating in the program include providing free breakfast and lunch to all students, improving nutrition to students at risk, reduction of paperwork at the school district level, simplification of meal counting and claims, and increases in meal participation. Since beginning participation in the CEP program in FY15, we have served 2,119,514 breakfasts and lunches.

CONTACTING THE BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Board's finances and to demonstrate the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Office, Somerset County Board of Education, 7982-A Tawes Campus Drive, Westover, Maryland 21871.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

	overnmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,811,706	\$ 493,566	\$ 2,305,272
Due from other governmental agencies	2,183,320	91,089	2,274,409
Inventory	-	24,140	24,140
Prepaid expenses	3,824	-	3,824
Internal balances	484,903	(484,903)	-
Land	493,252	-	493,252
Construction in progress	3,516,489	-	3,516,489
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 48,306,577	162,283	48,468,860
TOTAL ASSETS	 56,800,071	286,175	57,086,246
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions (see Note 8)	571,727	-	571,727
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable:			
Vendors	1,518,692	34,855	1,553,547
Payroll deductions and withholdings	1,605,101	291	1,605,392
Due to other governments	10,943	291	10,943
Accrued salaries	146,112		146,112
Unearned revenue	291,420		291,420
Long-term liabilities:	271,420		291,420
Due within one year	25,000	_	25,000
Due in more than one year	8,905,834	5,122	8,910,956
Due in more than one your	0,703,034	 3,122	 8,910,930
TOTAL LIABILITIES	12,503,102	 40,268	12,543,370
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions (see Note 8)	111,655	-	111,655
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	52,316,318	162 202	52 479 601
Unrestricted		162,283	52,478,601
Onestreed	 (7,559,277)	 83,624	 (7,475,653)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 44,757,041	\$ 245,907	\$ 45,002,948

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Pro	ogram Revenues	
				Operating	 Capital
		Charges for		Grants and	Grants and
	 Expenses	Services		Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities					
Current:					
Administration	\$ 1,643,969	\$ -	\$	35,974	\$ -
Mid-level administration	3,863,749	-		107,149	-
Instructional services	18,170,038	-		2,387,709	-
Special education	4,197,195	-		716,129	-
Student personnel services	1,086,340	-		438,583	-
Health services	419,353	-		11,310	-
Student transportation	2,926,415	-		112,324	-
Operation of plant and equipment	2,721,715	-		304	-
Maintenance of plant	828,256	-		-	-
Fixed charges	9,699,922	-		982,664	-
Community services	174,851	-		174,851	-
Capital outlay	168,560	-		-	3,085,794
State of Maryland share of retirement					
and pension contribution	 2,722,323	 -		2,722,323	
Total Governmental Activities	 48,622,686	_		7,689,320	3,085,794
Business-Type Activities					
Food services	 1,937,348	110,926		2,030,508	
Totals	\$ 50,560,034	\$ 110,926	\$	9,719,828	\$ 3,085,794

General Revenues

State Of Maryland

Somerset County appropriation

Other revenue

Reimbursements and other income

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenue and changes in Net Position

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	D		
(Sovernmental Activities	Business-Type		Takal
	Activities	Activities		Total
\$	(1,607,995)	\$ -	\$	(1,607,995)
	(3,756,600)	-		(3,756,600)
	(15,782,329)	-		(15,782,329)
	(3,481,066)	-		(3,481,066)
	(647,757)	-		(647,757)
	(408,043)	-		(408,043)
	(2,814,091)	-		(2,814,091)
	(2,721,411)	-		(2,721,411)
	(828,256)	-		(828,256)
	(8,717,258)	, -		(8,717,258)
	-	-		-
	2,917,234	-		2,917,234
	_	-		
	(37,847,572)	-		(37,847,572)
	-			
	-	204,086		204,086
	(37,847,572)	204,086	v	(37,643,486)
	(-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,			(**,****)
	28,512,905			28,512,905
	9,603,976	_		9,603,976
	31,003	-		31,003
	197,926	298		198,224
	171,720	290		190,224
	38,345,810	298		38,346,108
	498,238	204,384		702,622
	44,258,803	41,523		44,300,326
\$	44,757,041	\$ 245,907	\$	45,002,948

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

,	General	Restricted Grants	a	Capital Projects	G	Total fovernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental agencies Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,811,706 171,136 1,141,620 3,824	\$ 791,059 - -	\$	1,221,125	\$	1,811,706 2,183,320 1,141,620 3,824
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,128,286	\$ 791,059	\$	1,221,125	\$	5,140,470
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable:						
Vendors Payroll deductions and withholdings Due to other funds	\$ 459,691 1,605,101	\$ 51,148 - 450,703	\$	1,007,853 206,014	\$	1,518,692 1,605,101 656,717
Due to other government Accrued salaries and payroll taxes Unearned revenue	10,943 113,554 27,512	 32,558 256,650		7,258		10,943 146,112 291,420
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 2,216,801	791,059		1,221,125		4,228,985
FUND BALANCES Assigned to:						
Subsequent year expenditures Other purposes (encumbrances) Unassigned	289,068 351,975 270,442	-		-		289,068 351,975 270,442
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	911,485	-		_		911,485
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,128,286	\$ 791,059	\$	1,221,125	\$	5,140,470

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2017

Total fund balances, gov	vernmental funds
--------------------------	------------------

\$ 911,485

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.

52,316,318

Deferred outflow of resources - pensions (see Note 8)

571,727

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Those liabilities consist of:

Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability Post-employment benefits (746,419) (2,033,593)

(6,150,822)

(8,930,834)

Deferred inflow of resources - pensions (see Note 8)

(111,655)

Total

Net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position

\$ 44,757,041

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES		General		Restricted Grants		Capital Projects	G	Total overnmental Funds
Somerset County	\$	0.602.076	\$		¢	2 025 152	Φ.	12 (20 120
Federal government	Ф	9,603,976	Ф	4 402 540	\$	3,035,153	\$	12,639,129
State Of Maryland		20 512 005		4,403,540		50 (41		4,403,540
·		28,512,905		565,982		50,641		29,129,528
State Of Maryland on-behalf payments Reimbursements and other income		2,722,323		-		-		2,722,323
ROTC reimbursements		197,926		-		-		197,926
		31,003		1 000 500		2 005 504		31,003
TOTAL REVENUES		41,068,133		4,969,522		3,085,794		49,123,449
EXPENDITURES								
Administration		1,567,087		35,974		-		1,603,061
Mid-level administration		3,774,864		107,149		-		3,882,013
Instructional salaries and wages		13,595,343		1,857,971		-		15,453,314
Textbooks and instructional supplies		514,913		248,185		-		763,098
Other instructional costs		164,055		281,553		-		445,608
Student personnel services		647,757		438,583		-		1,086,340
Health services		408,043		11,310		-		419,353
Student transportation		2,876,791		112,324		-		2,989,115
Operation of plant and equipment		2,437,101		304		-		2,437,405
Maintenance of plant		848,188		-		-		848,188
Special education		3,481,066		716,129		_		4,197,195
Fringe benefits on-behalf payments		2,722,323		-		18.2		2,722,323
Fixed charges		7,881,354		982,664		-		8,864,018
Food services		-		2,525		-		2,525
Community services		-		174,851		-		174,851
Capital outlay		10,931		-		3,085,794		3,096,725
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		40,929,816		4,969,522		3,085,794		48,985,132
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES		138,317		-		-		138,317
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		138,317						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		130,317		-		-		138,317
Fund balances, beginning		773,168						773,168
Fund balances, ending	\$	911,485	\$	-	\$		\$	911,485

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances, governmental funds	\$	138,317
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital outlay	3,076,914	
Depreciation expense	(1,881,089)	
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense	(-,,,	1,195,825
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of: Increase in OPEB liability Increase in pension expense Increase in accrued compensated absences Total	(660,175) (111,488) (64,241)	(835,904)

498,238

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2017

,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		rprise Fund od Services
ASSETS			
Current assets:	9		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	493,566
Due from other governments			91,089
Inventory of food, at cost	•		24,140
Total current assets			608,795
Noncurrent assets:			
Equipment			1,343,001
Less: accumulated depreciation			(1,180,718)
Total noncurrent assets			162,283
TOTAL ASSETS			771,078
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:	*		
Accounts payable			34,855
Due to general fund			484,903
Accrued payroll			291
Total current liabilities			520,049
Long-term liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences			5,122
		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES			525,171
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets			162,283
Unrestricted			83,624
			,
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$	245,907

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

ODED ATING DEVENIUES	erprise Fund od Services
OPERATING REVENUES Food Service Sales	\$ 110,926
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Operation Of Plant	3,188
Fixed Charges	200,385
Salaries And Wages	594,795
Contracted Services	11,726
Food and Food Related Supplies Other Charges	1,090,718
Depreciation	4,609 31,927
Depresation	 31,927
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 1,937,348
OPERATING LOSS	 (1,826,422)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest Income	298
State Of Maryland:	 270
Reimbursement Of Food Costs	41,091
Federal Through State:	
Reimbursement Of Food Costs	1,861,301
Donation Of Food Commodities	 128,116
Total Federal Through State	 1,989,417
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	 2,030,806
Change in net position	204,384
Net position beginning of year	41,523
Net position end of year	\$ 245,907

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

		erprise Fund ood Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash received from user charges	\$	110,582
Cash payments to employees for services and fringe benefits	,	(793,850)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(952,174)
Cash payments for other operating expenses		(19,523)
Net cash used for operating activities		(1,654,965)
		(2,001,700)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Non-operating grants received		1,909,509
Payments to other funds (net of repayments)		(182,976)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		1,726,533
		1,120,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of equipment		(24, 265)
Interest on investments		298
Net cash used by investing activities		(23,967)
		(20,007)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		47,601
•		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year		445,965
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	493,566
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH		
USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$	(1,826,422)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
used in operating activities:		
Depreciation		31,927
Donated commodities used		128,116
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Inventory of food, at cost		(2,520)
Unearned revenue		(344)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		14,278
Net cash used for operating activities	\$	(1,654,965)
NONCASH ACTIVITIES		
During the year the board received food commodities		
from the U.S. Department of Agriculture	\$	128,116

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2017

		,	Agency Funds
			School Activities Funds
ASSETS	•		D. Control of the Con
Cash Certificates of deposit Accounts receivable		\$	226,033 23,861 611
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	250,505
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Due to school activity funds		\$	930 249,575
TOTAL LIABILITES		\$	250,505

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Board of Education of Somerset County is a component unit of Somerset County, Maryland. These separate financial statements are also included within the basic financial statements of Somerset County.

The Board is the basic level of government which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to public school education in Somerset County, Maryland. The Board of Education receives substantial appropriations from and is subject to the indirect control of Somerset County, although the Board has its own separate governing board.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Board. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses are of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to recipients who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Grants and other revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements, unless labeled otherwise.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

All financial resources appropriated for current operating expenditures, exclusive of certain restricted funds, are accounted for in the General Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

Restricted Funds

These funds are used to account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for a specific purpose, such as federal, state and local grants.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for financial resources that are restricted to construction of new buildings, additions and alterations and acquisitions of equipment. Revenue is recognized from other governmental entities.

The Board reports the following major proprietary fund:

Food Service Fund

This fund accounts for the activity of the Board's Food Service operation which operates cafeterias in the Board's schools.

The Board also reports the following fiduciary fund:

Agency Fund

School Activities Funds are administered by the individual schools in a fiduciary capacity.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivery goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Board are charges for lunch, breakfast and catered meals. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The budget is prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The budget establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board may appropriate and sets annual limits as to the amount of expenditures at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board at the category level within each fund.

The budget may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original budget was adopted. The amounts reported in the final budgeted amounts reflect amendments approved by the County government between categories and those approved by the Board within categories.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

E. Inventories

Inventories of the Food Service Fund are stated at cost, determined on a FIFO basis. Food received from the USDA is included at values stated by the USDA but is offset by a deferred credit until consumed.

Inventories of material and supplies are charged to expenditures when consumed, rather than when purchased or donated.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the Board is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Land improvements	20
Buildings and improvements	7 - 50
Equipment	5 - 15
Vehicles	8

G. Accrued Compensated Absences

The Board of Education accrues a liability for certain compensated absences (primarily vacation pay) that employees have earned but have not yet been paid. Expenditures in the statement of revenues and expenditures for such items are the amounts paid during the year with expendable available financial resources. All accrued compensated absences are recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

H. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue consists of federal and state grants and other revenues that have not been expended by the end of the fiscal year.

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations - continued

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund, the Board considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

K. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Board or through external restrictions imposed by grantors, creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Board applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

L. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that period. The Board has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The Board recognizes a deferred outflow of resources related to its pension obligation (Note 8) for changes in assumptions and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow from resources in the period that the amounts become available.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Board has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The Board recognizes a deferred inflow of resources related to its pension obligation (Note 8) for the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments. This item is deferred and recognized as an inflow from resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources represent reconciling items between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

M. Fund Balance

Fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable (i.e. inventory or long term receivables), restricted (by external parties or legislation), committed (by resolution of the Board of Education), assigned (by management approval for specific purposes) and unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the Board. Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the Board. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

N. Encumbrance Accounting

In the fund financial statements, reservations for fund balances of governmental funds are created to either (1) satisfy legal covenants that require that a portion of the fund balance be segregated or (2) identify the portion of the fund balance that is not appropriable for future expenditures. Assigned for encumbrances represents encumbrances outstanding at the end of the year based on purchase orders and contracts signed by the Board but not completed as of the close of the fiscal year. Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2017 totaled \$351,975.

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

A. Deposits and Investments

The Board is authorized to invest monies for which it has custody or control. The types of investments are in accordance with Section 6-222 of the Maryland State Finance and Procurement Article.

B. Custodial Risk

The Annotated Code of Maryland (Article 95, Section 22) requires that deposits with financial institutions by local boards of education be collateralized. Collateral for repurchase agreements must be at least 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest. The Board's collateral is held by a custodian in accordance with Section 6-209(c) of the State Finance and Procurement Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland and acceptable collateral is as specified under Section 6-202 of the same document.

These collateralization requirements are established to reduce custodial risk which is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Board's deposits may not be returned to it.

Note 2. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - continued

B. Custodial Risk - continued

At June 30, 2017, the Board's funds were invested as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		
Demand deposits Savings deposits	\$	1,763,915 47,791	\$	493,566		
TOTAL	\$	1,811,706	\$	493,566		
CARRYING VALUE	\$	1,811,706	\$	493,566		

The bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	Governmental Activities			usiness-Type Activities
Insured Uninsured and collateral held by pledging Bank's trust department in the	\$	250,000	\$	· -
Board's name		1,849,941		493,566
TOTAL	\$	2,099,941	\$	493,566

C. Credit Risk

The Board's exposure to investment rate and credit risk is minimal, as all investments are in cash and are thus precluded from having to sell or liquidate below original cost.

Note 3. Accounts Receivable

As of June 30, 2017, the Board also has amounts due from governmental agencies of \$2,183,320 and \$91,089 for governmental and business-type activities, respectively. These receivables are due primarily from the Maryland State Department of Education, from Somerset County and from nonprofit agencies located on the Eastern Shore.

Note 4. Interfund Receivables - Payables

At June 30, 2017, the interfund account balances, prior to eliminations on the statement of net position - government-wide financial statements, are as follows:

	Due From Other Funds		Due To Other Funds
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		*	
General fund			
Due from food services fund	\$	484,903	\$ -
Due from restricted funds		450,703	-
Due to capital projects fund		206,014	-
Restricted grants			
Due to general fund		-	450,703
Capital projects			
Due from general fund		-	206,014
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			
Enterprise fund - food service			
Due to general fund		-	484,903
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$	1,141,620	\$1,141,620

Note 5. Changes in Long-Term Liability Activity

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending		Due
	 Balance	Increases	D	ecreases	Balance	in	One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					v		
Other Post Employment Benefits	\$ 5,490,647	\$ 660,175	\$	-	\$ 6,150,822	\$	-
Net pension liability	1,757,925	275,668		-	2,033,593		- "
Accrued Compensated							
Absences	682,178	 116,315		52,074	\$ 746,419		25,000
Total .	\$ 7,930,750	\$ 1,052,158	\$	52,074	\$ 8,930,834	\$	25,000
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Accrued Compensated							
Absences	\$ 3,776	\$ 1,346	\$	-	\$ 5,122	\$	-

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	I	Decreases		Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							_	Durance
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	493,252	\$	-	\$	-	\$	493,252
Construction in progress		734,284		2,900,696		(118,491)		3,516,489
Total capital assets not				-				
being depreciated		1,227,536		2,900,696		(118,491)		4,009,741
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		72,558,991		43,182		18,491		72,620,664
Land improvements		3,295,046		-	,	100,000		3,395,046
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		1,838,212		70,336		-		1,908,548
Vehicles		248,644		62,700		-		311,344
Total capital assets being				9				
depreciated		77,940,893		176,218		118,491		78,235,602
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		(23,559,101)		(1,745,423)		-		(25,304,524)
Land improvements		(2,854,899)		(46,511)		-		(2,901,410)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		(1,571,869)		(57,684)		-		(1,629,553)
Vehicles		(62,067)		(31,471)		-		(93,538)
Total accumulated depreciation		(28,047,936)		(1,881,089)	- 1	-		(29,929,025)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net of								
accumulated depreciation	_	49,892,957		(1,704,871)		118,491		48,306,577
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF								
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	2	51,120,493	•	1,195,825	\$		•	52,316,318
NecomoEnted Del Recinition	Ψ	31,120,493	Ψ	1,193,623	φ		Φ	32,310,318
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Equipment	\$	1,318,736	\$	24,265	\$	-	\$	1,343,001
Less accumulated depreciation:								,
Equipment		(1,148,791)		(31,927)		-		(1,180,718)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF					6			
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	\$	169,945	\$	(7,662)	\$	-	\$	162,283

Note 6. Capital Assets - continued

*Depreciation for governmental activities is allocated as follows:

Administration	\$ 56,621
Operation of plant	301,350
Instruction	 1,523,118
TOTAL	\$ 1,881,089

Note 7. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board is a member of the Maryland Association of Board's of Education Group Insurance Pool ("the Pool"), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for fourteen of the twenty-four Boards of Education. The Pool was formed in 1986 when several boards of education through Maryland joined together to pool their casualty risks. Property insurance coverage was added in 1988 and workers compensation in 2000.

The Board pays an annual premium to the Pool for its property and casualty insurance coverage. It is intended for the Pool to be self-sustaining through member premiums. Reinsurance is carried through commercial companies for claims which exceed coverage limits as specified in the agreement.

Should the Pool encounter a deficit in its casualty and/or property funds, the deficit may be made up from additional assessments of Boards' participating in the deficit pool year in an amount equal to the ratio of the Board's annual premium to the total annual premium contributed by all Boards in the year in which the deficit occurred.

The Board continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. Other than the legal settlement discussed in prior audits, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In 2004, the Board joined the Eastern Shore of Maryland Educational Consortium (ESMEC) Health Alliance Trust, a public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for health insurance coverage. It is intended that ESMEC be self sustaining through member premiums. Callable deficits, which are paid to ESMEC to cover potential shortfalls, are 8% of total premiums. Currently, ESMEC keeps on hand 16% as a recommended conservative reserve. As of December 31, 2016 the Boards' funds held by ESMEC exceeded the recommended conservative reserve by \$857,661. All funds held by ESMEC are restricted to being used only for health care expenses.

Note 8. Pension Plans

The State Retirement Agency is the administrator of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System). The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits. The System is comprised of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems, Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems, State Police Retirement System, Judges' Retirement System, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15 member Board of Trustees. The State Retirement Agency issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 120 E. Baltimore Street, Suite 1660, Baltimore, Maryland 21202-1600 or on-line at www.sra.maryland.gov.

Note 8. Pension Plans - continued

The System's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the System and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally, all regular employees of the Board participate in the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems (Employee's Systems). Teachers employed by the Board generally participate in the Teachers' Retirement and Pensions Systems (Teachers' Systems). Both the Employees' Systems and the Teachers' Systems (collectively the Systems) are cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans.

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems and the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems

General Plan Policies

The Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Maryland was established on August 1, 1927 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits to teachers in the State. In addition, on January 1, 1980, the Teachers' Pension System of the State of Maryland was established. In this regard, teachers hired on or after January 1, 1980 become members of the Teachers' Pension System, unless they elect to join an optional retirement program. Until December 31, 2004, existing members of the Teachers' Retirement System had the option of remaining in the Teachers' Retirement System or transferring to the Teachers' Pension System.

On October 1, 1941, the Employees' Retirement System was established to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, elected and appointed officials and the employees of participating governmental units. Effective January 1, 1980, the Employees' Retirement System was essentially closed to new members and the Employees' Pension system was established. Until December 31, 2004, existing members of the Employees' Retirement System had the option of remaining in the Employees' Retirement System or transferring to the Employees' Pension System.

Significant Plan Benefits and Policies

The following is a general description of the significant plan benefits and related contribution requirements for the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems and the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems:

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems

Retirement Benefits:

A member may retire with full benefits after attaining the age of 60, or after completing 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance is equal to 1/55 of a member's average final compensation (i.e. average of the member's three highest years of annual earnable compensation) multiplied by the number of years and months of accumulated creditable service. A member may retire with reduced benefits after completing 25 years of creditable service regardless of age. Retirement allowances are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) are applied to all allowances payable for the year, however, the method by which the COLA is computed depends upon elections made by members and is tied to member contributions.

Note 8. Pension Plans - continued

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems - continued

Vested Allowance:

A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age but after completing 5 years of creditable service becomes eligible for a vested retirement allowance, provided the member lives to the age of 60 and does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions. Members terminating employment before attaining retirement age and before completing 5 years of creditable service are refunded their accumulated contributions plus earned interest.

Employee and Employer Contributions:

Members of the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute to the systems a fixed percentage of their regular salaries and wages (e.g. 7% or 5%, depending on the COLA option selected). The contributions are deducted from each member's salary and wage payment and are remitted to the systems on a regular, periodic basis.

Teachers' and Employees' Pension System

Pension Benefits:

A member may retire with full benefits after completing 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age, or at age 62 or older with specified years of eligibility service. On retirement from service, a member shall receive an annual service pension allowance. The annual pension allowance is equal to 1.2% of average compensation for the three highest consecutive years as an employee for years of creditable service accrued prior to July 1, 1998 and 1.8% of average compensation for the three highest consecutive years as an employee for years of creditable service accrued on or after July 1, 1998. Members are eligible for early service pension allowances upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service.

Vested Allowance:

A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing 5 years of eligibility service, becomes eligible for a vested pension allowance provided the member lives to age 62. Members terminating employment before attaining retirement age and before completing 5 years of eligibility service are refunded their accumulated contributions plus earned interest.

Employee and Employer Contributions:

Effective July 1, 2011, members of the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems are required to contribute to the systems 7% of their regular salaries and wages up to the social security wage base in the year ending June 30, 2015. The contributions are deducted from each member's salary and wage payments and are remitted to the systems on a regular, periodic basis.

For members enrolled on and after July 1, 2011, the employee contribution is 7%; vesting requires ten years of eligible service; service retirement is at age 65 with ten years of eligibility service or based on the Rule of 90 (age and service must equal 90); early service retirement is age 60 with 15 years of eligibility service; average final compensation is a five year average; and the benefit multiplier per year is 1.5%.

For the year ended June 30, 2017 the Board's total payroll for all employees was \$27,598,290. Total covered payroll was \$25,112,246. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the Board to active employees covered by either the Teachers' Systems or Employees' Systems.

Note 8. Pension Plans - continued

Teachers' and Employees' Pension System - continued

Employee and Employer Contributions:

In accordance with Maryland Senate Bill 1301, *Budget Reconcilitation and Financing Act of 2012*, the Board is required to pay the State 100% of the normal cost for teachers. The normal cost is the portion of the total retirement benefit cost that is allocated to the current year of the employee's service. As contractually required, during fiscal year 2017, the Board contributed \$925,708 to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension System. In addition, the State of Maryland contributed \$2,722,323 on behalf of the Board. The Board has recognized the State on-behalf payments as both a revenue and expense.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Because the State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability for the Teachers' Systems and the Board pays the normal cost for the Teachers' Systems, the Board is not required to record its' share of the unfunded pension liability for the Teachers' Systems, the State of Maryland is required to record that liability. The Board is required to record a liability for the Employees' Systems.

At June 30, 2017, the Board reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the Board. The amount recognized by the Board as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Board were as follows:

*	
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
(Employees' Systems)	\$ 2,033,593
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
(Teachers' Systems)	30,644,320
Total	\$ 32,677,913

2017

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Boards proportion of the net pension liability was calculated as follows by the System(s):

- 1. Net pension liability for the entire System was calculated. For purposes of funding the System, all calculations are determined on an actuarial basis and are completed through the development of rates based on two separate asset pools, one for employees of the State of Maryland and one for primary government employees.
- 2. Determined the total contributions to the System by the State and by the primary governments, inclusive of any underfunding of contributions.
- 3. Based on the number of participants at each Board of Education, calculate the difference between what each Board would have contributed if they funded at the rate of all other participating governments and what the Board actually contributed. The difference between what the Board contributed and what they would have contributed if they funded at the rate of the other participating governments, is then added to the total contribution to the System, to calculate the System's adjusted contribution.
- 4. Calculated for each participating government, their percentage of the adjusted System contribution by dividing the total adjusted System contribution into each primary government contribution. At June 30, 2016, the Board's proportion was approximately .0086191%.

Note 8. Pension Plans - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Board recognized pension expense for the employees system of \$279,222 in the government wide financial statements and \$167,734 in the fund financial statements. At June 30, 2017, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		2016 Balance	Amortiz	ation		2015	e Amortiza	tion		2014 Balance Amortizatio				
		red Outflows	Defer	red Inflows	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
	Net I	Difference in	Ac	tual and	Net I	Net Difference in		Ac	tual and			Net Difference in		
Year End Investment		Investment Expected		Investment Change in		Expected		Change in		Investment				
June 30,		Earnings		xperience	I	Earnings	Ass	umptions	E	perience	Ass	umptions	E	Carnings
2018	\$	40,344	\$	(4,456)	\$	30.967	s	17,600	\$	(7,200)	s	4,003	\$	(30,286)
2019		40,344		(4,456)		30,968		17,600		(7,200)		4,003	-	(30,286)
2020		40,344		(4,456)		30,968		17,599		(7,201)		-		-
2021		40,344		(4,456)		30,968		17,599		(7,201)		-		
2022		40,344		(4,456)		-				-				. •
Total	\$	201,718	\$	(22,281)	\$	123,871	\$	70,398	\$	(28,802)	\$	8,006	\$	(60,572)

In addition, there is \$167,734 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Board's contributions to the Employees' Systems subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. The deferred outflows and the inflows related to non-investment activity are being amortized over the remaining service life of 5.8647, 5.87 and 5 years for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively. The net difference in investment earnings for 2016, 2015 and 2014 are being amortized over a closed five year period.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Inflation	2.70% general, 3.20% wage
Salary increases	3.30% to 9.20%, including wage inflation
Discount rate	7.55%
Investment rate of return	7.55%
Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality tables

Note 8. Pension Plans - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board of Trustees after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	37%	6.6%
Private Equity	10%	7.4%
Rate Sensitive	20%	1.3%
Credit Opportunity	9%	4.2%
Real Assets	15%	4.7%
Absolute Return	9%	3.7%
Total	100%	

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 7.55% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.55%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Boards Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate	Board's Net Pension Liability			
1% decrease	6.55%	\$	2,793,316		
Current discount rate	7.55%	\$	2,033,593		
1% increase	8.55%	\$	1,401,389		

Note 9. Budget Calendar

The following calendar reflects the anticipated general sequence of events for the preparation and adoption of the operating budget of The Board of Education of Somerset County:

Approximate	
Date	Procedures Performed
November	Budget packets are sent to A&S staff. Parent, community and staff input is received.
December	Public input session (BOE meeting)
	School and central office budget conferences begin.
January	School and central office budget conferences continue. Superindendent presents proposed budget to BOE. BOE conducts open budget work sessions.
February	BOE conducts open budget work sessions. BOE adobts budget.
March	Budget submitted to County Commissioners. Non-recurring cost deadline

Note 10. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Plan Description

The Board of Education of Somerset County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the Board's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. Employees are eligible to participate in the Plan upon retirement. Participants must meet the eligibility requirements of the Maryland State Teachers' pension system, which are 15 years of service up to age 55 or 10 years of service at age 60. As of July 1, 2016, the date of the last actuarial valuation, approximately 238 retirees were receiving benefits, and an estimated 447 active employees are potentially eligible to receive future benefits.

Funding Policy

The Board pays retiree healthcare premiums up to the greater of \$300 per month. For fiscal year 2017, the Board contributed \$733,834 to the plan for approximately 238 eligible retirees.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Board's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The Board pays post retirement benefits (normal cost) from the General Fund.

Note 10. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits - continued

The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Board's net OPEB obligation.

1,341,544
329,439
(276,974)
1,394,009
(733,834)
660,175
5,490,647
6,150,822

The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation was as follows:

	Percentage						
			of Annual		w.		
Fiscal Year	Ar	inual OPEB	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB			
Ended	Cost		Contributed	Obligation			
6/30/2017	\$	1,394,009	52.64%	\$	6,150,822		
6/30/2016	\$	1,700,562	46.23%	.\$	5,490,647		
6/30/2015	\$	1,618,549	50.15%	\$	4,576,297		
6/30/2014	\$	1,326,783	51.44%	\$	3,769,460		
6/30/2013	\$	1,326,783	49.19%	\$	3,125,231		

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2016 the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$16,694,388, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$21,242,000, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 79 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Note 10. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits - continued

Funding Status and Funding Progress - continued

In the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included: a 6.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) based on the Board's own investments; an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.0 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent by 2022. The UAAL is being amortized on a level of percentage of payroll basis over a 30 year period. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2016 was 23 years.

Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

The Board regularly enters into contracts for goods and services during the normal course of operations. The contracts often extend over fiscal years. The Board receives a substantial amount of its support from Federal, State, and local agencies in the form of grants. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Board has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds, of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2017 may be impaired. In the opinion of the Board, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

							Fir	iance With
			lget	Pi1				avorable
REVENUES		Original		Final		Actual	(Un	favorable)
Somerset County	\$	9,754,044	\$	9,754,044	\$	9,603,976	\$	(150,068)
State Of Maryland:		2,731,011	Ψ	7,734,044	Ψ	7,003,770	Ψ	(150,008)
Current expense		13,252,600		13,252,600		13,252,600		2
Special education		1,648,915		1,648,915		1,648,915		-
Transportation		1,869,459		1,869,459		1,869,459		-
Transportation - boat		35,000		35,000		35,000		_
Nonpublic placement		-		55,000		14,957		14,957
Compensatory education		9,452,560		9,452,560		9,452,560		14,937
Limited english proficiency		569,280		569,280		569,280		-
Other state revenues		383,368		383,368		384,368		1,000
Guaranteed tax base		1,285,766		1,285,766		1,285,766		1,000
Total State Of Maryland		28,496,948		28,496,948		28,512,905		15,957
Reimbursements and other income		50,000		50,000		197,926		147,926
ROTC reimbursement		33,088		33,088		31,003		(2,085)
						21,002		(2,000)
TOTAL REVENUES		38,334,080		38,334,080		38,345,810		11,730
EXPENDITURES								
Administration		1,467,937		1,571,601		1,570,604		997
Mid-level administration		3,465,890		3,787,999		3,783,262		4,737
Instructional salaries and wages		13,682,128		13,642,843		13,595,343		47,500
Textbooks and instructional supplies		569,006		574,006		507,162		66,844
Other instructional costs		188,965		172,965		172,126		839
Student personnel services		617,357		664,124		647,757		16,367
Health services		353,354		410,539		408,043		2,496
Student transportation		2,858,839		2,944,238		2,939,491		4,747
Operation of plant and equipment		2,494,406		2,454,935		2,454,463		472
Maintenance of plant		772,792		898,032		894,930		3,102
Special education		3,364,540		3,495,932		3,481,096		14,836
Fixed charges		8,755,298		7,973,298		7,881,354		91,944
Capital outlay		10,000		10,000		6,169		3,831
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		38,600,512		38,600,512		38,341,800		258,712
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE	S							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(266,432)		(266,432)		4,010		270,442
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Designated from June 30, 2016		*:						
for June 30, 2017 Expenditures		266,432		266,432		266,432		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING SOURCES	\$	-	\$	_	\$	270,442	\$	270,442

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF SOMERSET COUNTY REQURIED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Plan's	Fidcuciary	Net Position	as a	Percentage	of Total	Pension	Liability	(E / F)	71.87%	68.78%	65.79%
				Plan's	Total	Pension	Liability	F	\$63,086,719	\$66,571,552	\$68,959,954
			Plan's	Total	Fiduciary	Net	Position	E	\$45,339,988	\$45,789,840	\$45,365,927
		Proportionate	Share	as a	Percentage	of Covered	Payroll	(B / D)	4.78%	7.32%	8.10%
				Board's	Covered	Employee	Payroll	D	\$ 23,159,421	\$ 24,019,259	\$ 25,112,246
							Total	(B+C)	\$ 21,045,424	\$ 26,854,909	\$ 32,677,913
	Board's	Share of	State's	Proportionate	Share	of the	NPL	C	\$ 19,938,634	\$ 25,096,984	\$ 30,644,320
			Board's	Proportionate	Share	of the	NPL	В	1,106,790	1,757,925	2,033,593
			Board's	Proportion I	(Percentage)	of the	NPL	A	0.0062365% \$	0.0084590%	0.0086191% \$
						Fiscal Measurement	Date		June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
						Fiscal	Year			2016	

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2017

SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS

							Actual
							Contribution
						Employer's	as a
			Contractually		Contribution	Covered	Percentage
			Required	Actual	Deficiency	Employee	of Covered
	Fiscal	Measurement	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
_	Year	Date	Α	В	(A - B)	C	(B / C)
	2015	June 30, 2014	\$924,085	\$924,085	\$0	23,159,421	3.99%
	2016	June 30, 2015	\$1,073,414	\$1,073,414	\$0	24,019,259	4.47%
	2017	Iuma 20 2016	¢1 002 442	¢1 002 442	¢0	25 112 246	1 250
	2017	June 30, 2016	\$1,093,442	\$1,093,442	\$0	25,112,246	4.35%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, pension plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF SOMERSET COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	(a)		(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)		(b-a)/c
June 30, 2011	\$	- ;	14,626,357	\$ 14,626,357	0.00%	\$ 19,896,000	73.51%
June 30, 2013	\$	- :	16,871,130	\$ 16,871,130	0.00%	\$ 19,689,000	85.69%
June 30, 2015	\$	- 5	19,634,899	\$ 19,634,899	0.00%	\$ 23,159,421	84.78%

0.00% \$ 24,019,259

0.00% \$ 25,112,246

85.74%

66.48%

- \$ 20,595,199 \$ 20,595,199

\$ 16,694,385 \$ 16,694,385

	Annual		
Year Ended	Required	Percentage	Net OPEB
June 30	Contributions	Contributed	Obligation
2011	\$ 1,370,523	46.77%	\$ 1,866,779
2012	1,370,523	57.37%	2,451,055
2013	1,326,783	49.19%	3,125,231
2014	1,326,783	51.44%	3,769,460
2015	1,618,549	50.15%	4,576,297
2016	1,700,562	46.23%	5,490,647
2017	1,394,009	52.64%	6,150,822

June 30, 2016 \$

June 30, 2017 \$

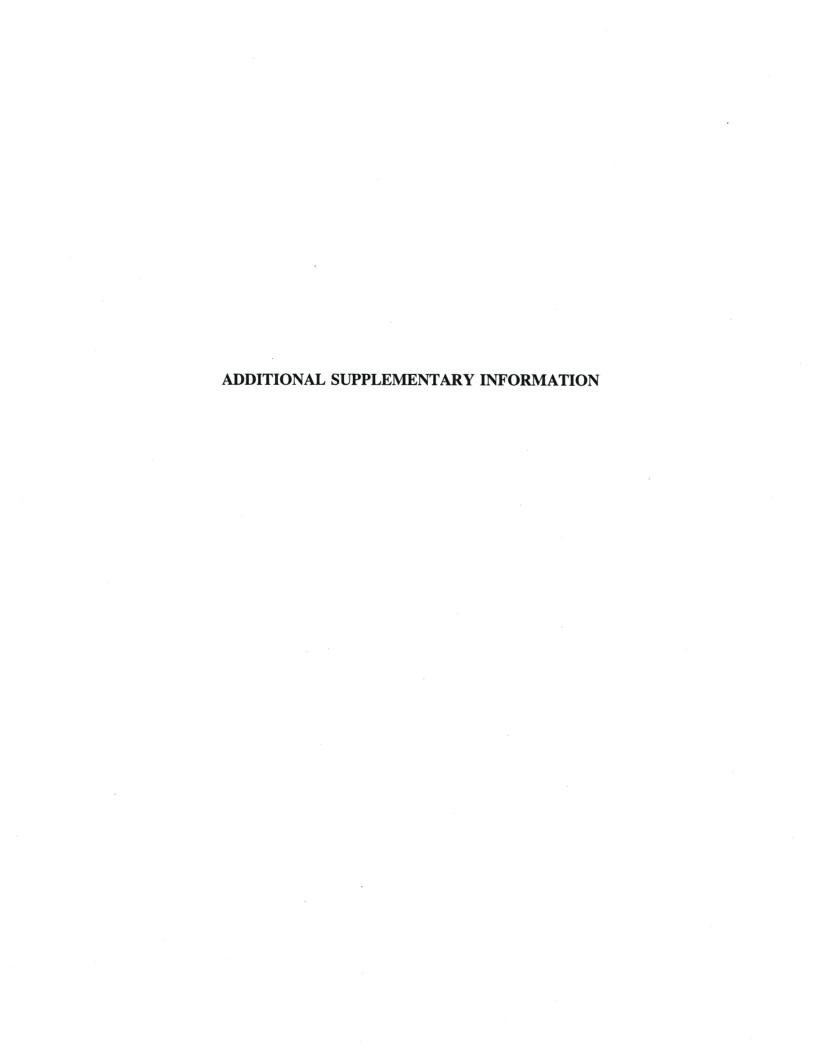
NOTES TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Note 1. Budget

The original budget, subsequent supplements and major transfers are approved by the Somerset County Council. Appropriations are for one year and lapse at year end.

A legally adopted budget is prepared for the General Fund only. Amendments to the budget can be made with approval from Somerset County and the Board for intercategory transfers, and by approval of the Board for intracategory transfers. By law, actual expenditures for each category may not materially exceed budgeted expenditures. The budgeted amounts presented on page 48 include all budget revisions.

						Fund
	Revenues			xpenditures		Balances
	General			General	General	
	June 30, 2017			ne 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2017
GAAP basis	\$	41,068,133	\$	40,929,816	\$	911,485
On-behalf payments		(2,722,323)		(2,722,323)		; -
June 30, 2017 fund balance designated for June 30, 2018 expenditures				= ,		(289,068)
Expenditures of amounts encumbered during year ended June 30, 2016		-		(217,668)		-
Amounts encumbered and reserved (GAAP) at June 30, 2017 but recognized as expenditures for budgetary purposes		-		351,975		(351,975)
Budgetary basis	\$	38,345,810	\$	38,341,800	\$	270,442



STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Buc	lget			e e		riance vorable
	Original		Final	•	Actual	(Unf	avorable)
ADMINISTRATION							
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,122,227	\$	1,225,891	\$, ,	\$	(3,637)
Contracted services	173,760		173,760		168,521		5,239
Materials and supplies	84,660		93,460		86,333		7,127
Other charges	87,290		77,490		86,287		(8,797)
Capital outlay TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	 1 467 027		1,000		(65)		1,065
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	 1,467,937		1,571,601		1,570,604		997
MID-LEVEL ADMINISTRATION							
Salaries and wages	2,989,990		3,308,099		3,260,670		47,429
Contracted services	-		121,900		89,331		32,569
Materials and supplies	40,500		40,500		55,155		(14,655)
Other charges	157,400		39,500		35,256		4,244
Capital outlay	278,000		278,000		342,850		(64,850)
TOTAL MID-LEVEL ADMINISTRATION	 2 465 900		2 707 000		2 702 262		4 707
	 3,465,890		3,787,999		3,783,262		4,737
INSTRUCTIONAL SALARIES							
Salaries and wages	13,682,128		13,642,843		13,592,395		50,448
Other charges	-		-		2,948		(2,948)
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SALARIES	 12 602 120		12 642 942		12 505 242		47.500
SALARIES	 13,682,128		13,642,843		13,595,343		47,500
INSTRUCTIONAL TEXTBOOKS							
AND SUPPLIES	 569,006		574,006		507,162		66,844
OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL COSTS							
Salaries and wages	_		-		160		(160)
Contracted services	63,500		53,780		54,235		(455)
Other charges	99,065		98,785		96,382		2,403
Capital outlay	26,400		20,400		21,349		(949)
TOTAL OTHER							
INSTRUCTIONAL COSTS	188,965		172,965		172,126		839
STUDENT PERSONNEL SERVICES							
Salaries and wages	603,857		648,624		630,774		17,850
Contracted services	8,000		10,000		11,370		(1,370)
Materials and supplies	250		750		794		(44)
Other charges	5,250		4,750		4,819		(69)
TOTAL STUDENT PERSONNEL							
SERVICES	617,357		664,124		647,757		16,367
HEALTH SERVICES							
Salaries and wages	344,804		399,989		399,894		95
Contracted services	344,004		500		655		(155)
Materials and supplies	4,750		4,750		4,496		254
Other charges	500		2,000		2,037		(37)
Capital outlay	3,300		3,300		961		2,339
TOTAL HEALTH SERVICES	353,354		410,539		408,043		2,496
FIXED CHARGES							
Insurance And Employee Benefits	8,755,298		7,973,298		7,881,354		91,944
instance ind Employee Belletits	 0,733,290		1,913,490		7,001,334		91,944

STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED) GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS

		Buc	iget					/ariance avorable
		Original	8**	Final	•	Actual		favorable)
STUDENT TRANSPORTATION						1101001	(01	14 (014010)
Salaries and wages	\$	194,139	\$	182,538	\$	209,477	\$	(26,939)
Contracted services		2,476,000		2,499,000		2,468,994	•	30,006
Materials and supplies		5,200		5,200		6,110		(910)
Other charges		182,500		188,500		185,935		2,565
Capital outlay		1,000		69,000		68,975		25
TOTAL STUDENT		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		,		
TRANSPORTATION		2,858,839		2,944,238		2,939,491		4,747
OPERATION OF PLANT								
Salaries and wages		1,035,286		1,053,815		1,095,742		(41,927)
Contracted services		221,500		220,000		237,712		(17,712)
Materials and supplies		102,000		103,500		115,580		(12,080)
Other charges		1,132,500		1,062,500		987,002		75,498
Capital outlay		3,120		15,120		18,427		(3,307)
TOTAL OPERATION OF PLANT		2,494,406		2,454,935		2,454,463		472
MAINTENANCE OF BLANK								
MAINTENANCE OF PLANT		264 100		271 122				
Salaries and wages		364,192		371,432		337,385		34,047
Contracted services		299,000		349,000		334,456		14,544
Materials and supplies		98,800		134,500		171,794		(37,294)
Other charges		7,800		7,100		3,894		3,206
Capital outlay TOTAL MAINTENANCE		3,000		36,000		47,401		(11,401)
OF PLANT		772,792		909 022		004.020		2 102
OF PLANT		112,192		898,032		894,930		3,102
SPECIAL EDUCATION								
Salaries and wages		3,021,582		3,067,974		3,073,878		(5,904)
Contracted services		217,750		302,750		314,097		(11,347)
Materials and supplies		35,208		35,208		26,261		8,947
Other charges		20,000		90,000		66,463		23,537
Capital outlay		-		-		397		(397)
Outgoing transfers		70,000		-		-		-
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION		3,364,540		3,495,932		3,481,096		14,836
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY		10,000		10,000		6,169		3,831
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED APPROPRIATIONS AND	•	20,000,515	•	20 (00 515		20.24.55	•	
EXPENDITURES	\$	38,600,512	\$	38,600,512	\$	38,341,800	\$	258,712

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS-BUDGETARY BASIS

OPERATING REVENUES	Enterprise Fund Food Services
Food service sales	\$ 110,926
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Operation of plant	3,188
Fixed charges	200,385
Salaries and wages	594,795
Contracted services	11,726
Food and food related supplies	1,090,758
Other charges	3,263
Capital outlay	24,225
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,928,340
OPERATING LOSS	(1,817,414)
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest income	298
State Of Maryland:	
Reimbursement of food costs	41,091
Federal through state:	
Reimbursement of food costs	1,861,301
Donation of food commodities	128,116
Total federal through state	1,989,417
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	2,030,806
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 213,392

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF SOMERSET COUNTY SCHOOL ACTIVITIES FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS AND CHANGES IN DUE TO SCHOOL ACTIVITIES FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Woodson (Pre-K To 5th Grades) 18,787 82,068 86,902 - 13,953 Princess Anne (Pre-K To 5th Grades) 13,528 22,184 27,129 - 8,583 Greenwood (Pre-K To 5th Grades) 15,233 80,173 89,967 - 5,435 TOTAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS 51,918 197,952 218,001 - 31,869 INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS - 6TH TO		Activi	to School ities Funds alance 30, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Transfers		Activiti Bal	es Funds ance 0, 2017
Woodson (Pre-K To 5th Grades) 18,787 82,068 86,902 - 13,953 Princess Anne (Pre-K To 5th Grades) 13,528 22,184 27,129 - 8,583 Greenwood (Pre-K To 5th Grades) 15,233 80,173 89,967 - 5,435 TOTAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS 51,918 197,952 218,001 - 31,865 INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS - 6TH TO	ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS								
Princess Anne (Pre-K To 5th Grades) Greenwood (Pre-K To 5th Grades) 13,528 15,233 80,173 89,967 - 5,439 TOTAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS 51,918 197,952 218,001 - 31,869 INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS - 6TH TO 7TH GRADES Somerset 6/7 Intermediate 12,609 72,308 67,572 - 17,345 HIGH SCHOOLS - 8TH TO 12 GRADES Crisfield Washington 93,108 159,010 172,805 - 79,313 TOTAL HIGH SCHOOLS Ewell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) J. Millard Tawes Technology And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208		\$	4,370	\$ 13,527	\$ 14,003	\$	-	\$	3,894
TOTAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS 15,233 80,173 89,967 - 5,435					86,902		-		13,953
TOTAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS 51,918 197,952 218,001 - 31,869 INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS - 6TH TO 7TH GRADES Somerset 6/7 Intermediate 12,609 72,308 67,572 - 17,345 HIGH SCHOOLS - 8TH TO 12 GRADES Crisfield Washington 93,108 159,010 172,805 - 79,313 TOTAL HIGH SCHOOLS Ewell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) J. Millard Tawes Technology And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208			,	22,184	27,129		-		8,583
INTERMEDIATE SCHOOLS - 6TH TO 7TH GRADES Somerset 6/7 Intermediate 12,609 72,308 67,572 - 17,345 HIGH SCHOOLS - 8TH TO 12 GRADES Crisfield 48,851 175,144 179,155 - 44,840 Washington 93,108 159,010 172,805 - 79,313 TOTAL HIGH SCHOOLS EWell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) J. Millard Tawes Technology And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208	Greenwood (Pre-K To 5th Grades)		15,233	80,173	 89,967		-		5,439
7TH GRADES Somerset 6/7 Intermediate 12,609 72,308 67,572 - 17,345 HIGH SCHOOLS - 8TH TO 12 GRADES Crisfield 48,851 175,144 179,155 - 44,840 Washington 93,108 159,010 172,805 - 79,313 TOTAL HIGH SCHOOLS 141,959 334,154 351,960 - 124,153 SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS Ewell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) 5,161 3,368 6,281 - 2,248 J. Millard Tawes Technology And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208	TOTAL ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS		51,918	197,952	218,001		- ,		31,869
HIGH SCHOOLS - 8TH TO 12 GRADES Crisfield Washington 93,108 175,144 179,155 - 44,840 Washington 93,108 159,010 172,805 - 79,313 TOTAL HIGH SCHOOLS Ewell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) J. Millard Tawes Technology And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208									
Crisfield 48,851 175,144 179,155 - 44,840 Washington 93,108 159,010 172,805 - 79,313 TOTAL HIGH SCHOOLS 141,959 334,154 351,960 - 124,153 SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS Ewell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) 5,161 3,368 6,281 - 2,248 J. Millard Tawes Technology And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208	Somerset 6/7 Intermediate		12,609	72,308	67,572		-		17,345
Washington 93,108 159,010 172,805 - 79,313 TOTAL HIGH SCHOOLS 141,959 334,154 351,960 - 124,153 SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS Ewell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) 5,161 3,368 6,281 - 2,248 J. Millard Tawes Technology And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208	HIGH SCHOOLS - 8TH TO 12 GRADES								
TOTAL HIGH SCHOOLS 141,959 334,154 351,960 - 124,153 SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS Ewell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) 5,161 3,368 6,281 - 2,248 J. Millard Tawes Technology And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208			48,851	175,144	179,155		-		44,840
SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS Ewell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) 5,161 3,368 6,281 - 2,248 J. Millard Tawes Technology And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208	Washington		93,108	 159,010	 172,805		-		79,313
Ewell Elementary Middle School (Pre-K To 7th grade) 5,161 3,368 6,281 - 2,248 J. Millard Tawes Technology 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208	TOTAL HIGH SCHOOLS		141,959	334,154	351,960		_		124,153
(Pre-K To 7th grade) 5,161 3,368 6,281 - 2,248 J. Millard Tawes Technology 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208								(4)	
And Career Center 76,552 53,932 56,524 - 73,960 TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS 81,713 57,300 62,805 - 76,208	(Pre-K To 7th grade)		5,161	3,368	6,281		-		2,248
TOTAL COMMON ACTIVITY.	65		76,552	53,932	56,524		-		73,960
TOTAL SCHOOL ACTIVITY \$ 288,199 \$ 661,714 \$ 700,338 \$ - \$ 249,575	TOTAL SPECIALIZED SCHOOLS		81,713	57,300	 62,805		-		76,208
	TOTAL SCHOOL ACTIVITY	\$	288,199	\$ 661,714	\$ 700,338	\$	_	\$	249,575

NOTES TO ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 1. Budget

A budget is adopted for the Food Service Fund for internal purposes only.

		Revenues		xpenditures Proprietary		Fund Balances Proprietary
	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	
GAAP basis	\$	2,141,732	\$	1,937,348	\$	245,907
Depreciation		-		(31,927)		-
Capitalized costs		-		24,265		-
Effect of accrued compensated absences and other		-		(1,346)		5,122
Amounts reserved (GAAP) at June 30, 2017		_		-		(162,283)
Budgetary basis	\$	2,141,732	\$	1,928,340	\$	88,746