BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY Westminster, Maryland

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2008

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Education of Carroll County Westminster, Maryland

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Carroll County, a component unit of Carroll County, Maryland, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Board of Education of Carroll County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board of Education of Carroll County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Carroll County as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2008 on our consideration of the Board of Education of Carroll County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 - 12, budgetary comparison information on pages 38 and 39 and the schedule of funding progress on page 40, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Board of Education of Carroll County's basic financial statements. The schedules on pages 42 - 49 presented as other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. They have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Baltimore, Maryland September 26, 2008

Clifton Gunderson LLP



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Members of the Board of Education of Carroll County Westminster, Maryland

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Education of Carroll County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Board of Education of Carroll County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Board of Education of Carroll County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board of Education of Carroll County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, audit committee, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Gunderson LLP

Baltimore, Maryland September 26, 2008

As Management of the Board of Education of Carroll County (the Board), we offer readers of the Board's financial statements this discussion and analysis of the Board's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This section should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this discussion.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Board's basic financial statements consist of three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Board's financial performance. The report also contains required supplementary information and supplementary budgetary schedules.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the Board's overall financial strength.
- The next two statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the school system, and provide more detail on individual areas of revenues and expenditures.
- It also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves, such as a budgetary basis presentation of financial operations in the short-term for the budgetary general fund, measuring regulatory and budgetary compliance.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and, in some cases, provide even greater levels of detail. The required supplementary information is followed by a section of supplementary budgetary schedules, which primarily provides additional budgetary review. In this last section of other supplementary information, the Board has chosen to include additional detail beyond that which is required. This additional detail provides information on select operations at individual schools, as well as detailed expenditure data comparable to the reporting required by the Maryland State Department of Education.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table relays the major features of the two types of statements discussed above:

Type of Analysis	Government-Wide Financials	Governmental Fund Financials	Budgetary Basis
Scope	Entire school system	All activities of the school system (food service, capital projects, and certain school funds)	Reflects only the Current Operating/ General Fund
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, and Fiduciary Fund Balance Sheet	Budgetary Comparison Schedule presented as Required Supplementary Information
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Full accrual accounting and economic resource focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Budgetary basis and current financial focus
Type of Asset/ Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, including short and long term, as well as financial and capital	Assets and liabilities considered reasonably current (generally within one year), no long-term liabilities or capital assets included	A budgetary basis balance sheet is not presented
Type of Inflow/ Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or immediately following the year; expenditures only when the goods/services are received and the related liability is payable	Revenues for which cash is received during or immediately following the year; includes expenditures and open encumbrances

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The school system-wide statements report information about the school system as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The two statements on the school system-wide level report net assets and changes in net assets and are intended to evaluate the school system's financial health or position. Net assets are defined as total assets less total liabilities. These statements will, over time, reflect improvements or deteriorations in the school system's financial strength. These statements consider the non-financial factors, including depreciation of school buildings and other facilities, which are necessary to determine overall financial strength.

Typically, the school system-wide financial statements can reflect governmental activities and business-type activities. While the school system's food service operation charges fees, the fee structure is not designed to cover all costs including depreciation cost. Therefore, this function is included as a governmental activity and no business-type activities are presented.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements are designed to provide additional levels of detail on the school system's funds as opposed to the school system as a whole. Funds are accounting devices used by the school system to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending.

The school system has four funds reported here:

<u>General Fund</u> includes most of the school system's basic functions and generally follows the requirements of the Maryland State Department of Education.

<u>Food Service Fund</u> is the fund that captures the financial activities of the cafeteria operations.

<u>Capital Project Fund</u>, which tracks larger construction projects. This fund reports revenue and expenditures on a yearly basis. It should be noted, however, that due to the long-term nature of most projects, the budgetary basis of this fund crosses fiscal years.

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> reflects liabilities due to student groups and reflects revenues and expenditures that are earmarked for specific student groups at individual schools.

Financial Analysis of the School System as a Whole

As noted above, all activities are identified as governmental activities, as opposed to business-type activities. Current assets totaled \$46.3 million, most of which appears as accounts receivable due from other governments. This is primarily due from the County Commissioners of Carroll County. Noncurrent assets are composed of capital assets and account for approximately 90% of the school system's total assets. Current liabilities total \$44.2 million, of which over \$19.6 million is accrued payroll and related withholdings. It should be noted that this balance reflects payments made to 10-month staff members (such as teachers) who prefer to continue bi-weekly payrolls during July and August. Since these staff members have fulfilled their contractual obligation as of June 30th, the unpaid wages are reflected in this accrual. The Accrued Fringe portion of this balance is also primarily associated with the payments that will be made for 10-month staff members during July and August. Noncurrent liabilities are over \$38.3 million and are predominantly tied to compensated absences for employees.

Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	Governmental Activities June 30, 2008	Governmental Activities June 30, 2007
	(In Millions)	(In Millions)
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 46.3 400.8 \$ 447.1	\$ 49.1 316.9 \$ 366.0
Current liabilities Non current liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 44.2 38.3 \$ 82.5	\$ 43.2 31.0 \$ 74.2
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted deficit	393.0 0.1 (28.5)	308.7 0.6 (17.5)
Total net assets	\$ 364. <u>6</u>	\$ 291. <u>8</u>

The school system's revenues exceeded expenses by \$72.7 million. For budgetary purposes, acquisitions of equipment and capital improvements are considered expenditures. However in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and subject to the Board's Capitalization Policy, the equipment and capital improvements, amounting to \$44.4 million are capitalized and subject to depreciation. The school system continues to have a change in enrollment patterns. Consequently, the school system has been constructing new buildings and renovating/expanding existing ones. This capital outlay has resulted in increases in capital assets. The associated debt to finance these acquisitions resides on the County Government and State of Maryland financial statements, as it is not a burden of Carroll County Public Schools.

Financial Analysis of the School System as a Whole (Continued)

Changes in Net Assets from Operating Results

	Governmental Activities June 30, 2008		Governmental Activities June 30, 2007	
	(In	Millions)	(In Millions)	
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charge for services	\$	5.0	\$	5.2
Operating grants and contributions		42.0		38.6
Capital grants and contributions		40.4		25.4
General revenues:				
County government		151.1		145.0
State (unrestricted)		109.3		99.3
State pension aid		17.3		13.4
Other		1.4		<u> 1.6</u>
Total revenues		<u>366.5</u>		328.5
Expenses				
Instruction (regular and special education)		184.6		213.2
Administration (central and school)		38.9		34.4
Maintenance and operations		37.8		36.1
Transportation		19.8		17.9
Student services and health		5.7		4.9
Food services		7.0		6.5
Total expenses		293.8		313.0
Increase in net assets	<u>\$</u>	72.7	<u>\$</u>	<u> 15.5</u>

All costs identified in the Statement of Activities include the cost of salaries, wages, supplies, contracted services, and depreciation by function. In the case of Regular Instruction, depreciation expense on the school buildings and equipment in those schools account for \$10.5 million. Due to reporting capabilities, no expenses are unallocated. Fringe benefits and depreciation can be tracked by individual or asset, respectively, and therefore can be tied to a function. Review of the revenues identifies some fee for services circumstances, including use of facilities and tuition. Operating Grant revenues include primarily State and Federal Grants and reflect restricted sources. As detailed in the Statement of Activities, the general revenues include State and County revenue, as well as interest income, none of which meets the criteria for classification as program revenues. More specifically:

- The cost of all governmental services this year was \$293.8 million.
- \$5.0 million of the costs were financed by users of the school districts programs through fees for service.

Financial Analysis of the School System as a Whole (Continued)

- The State and Federal governments subsidized the operations of certain programs with grants and contributions totaling almost \$42.0 million.
- Most of the district's costs, however, were financed by Carroll County and State of Maryland taxpayers.
- Of that portion, \$151.1 million was associated with Carroll County government appropriations.
- The State and County governments financed \$40.4 million in capital asset purchases, including construction in progress.

Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

In the General Fund, revenues increased by 8% to \$319.7 million. The General Fund increase is attributable to a 4.2% increase in the appropriation from the County government and a 12.3% increase in unrestricted State revenue. Significant expenditure increases occurred to fund salary increases and other costs negotiated by the various bargaining groups. The system also funded 49.5 (full-time equivalent) new positions to meet growth and academic needs as well as to implement Phase III of state-mandated Full Day Kindergarten for all students.

The Food Service Operation reflected a net change in fund balance of \$(588,770) for the year ended June 30, 2008 versus a net change in fund balance of \$(4,785) for the prior year.

The Capital Projects Fund reflects no change to fund balance since revenues exactly offset expenses. This fund is designed not to maintain net assets since expenditures should be offset by revenue in each fiscal year.

Limitations affecting the availability of resources in the General Fund include a reserve for inventories of \$408,227, a reserve for prepaid of \$436,381 and include a reserve for encumbrances of \$1,927,581.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of each fiscal year, the school system revises the annual current operating budget. Generally, the budgets fluctuate for one of two reasons. First, when grants are awarded during the year, an amendment is done to adjust the budget as a whole. In addition, the system is required to maintain budgets by category, or function. Therefore, the school system makes transfers within budgeted line items to more accurately reflect changing conditions. These transfers do not impact the budget total as a whole. As reflected in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance on the Budget (Non-GAAP) Basis, none of the school system's categories were overspent at year-end. Most importantly, the school system ended the fiscal year with an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$2,504,312. Beginning fiscal year 2008 and thereafter, the Board of Carroll County Commissioners and the Board agreed to create a fund balance reserve account to guard against unanticipated revenue shortfalls and minimize the impact on operations of the school system when unexpected, one-time expenses occur.

Budgetary Highlights (Continued)

The budgetary process is designed to reflect revenues equal to expenditures. However, on the Fund statements, actual expenditures and actual revenues were both lower than budgeted. Most of this variance is associated with grants that cross fiscal years, and therefore are not fully recognized or expended during the twelve-month fiscal cycle. For instance, the current operating fund actual revenues fell short of the final budget by almost \$5.2 million. Virtually this entire shortfall was within the restricted portion, illustrating grants that cross into fiscal year 2009.

Specific examples include STEM at \$97,946, Twenty-First Century Community Learning Center at \$210,208, and Title I at \$631,907. These revenues will be realized and received in fiscal year 2009 to offset fiscal year 2009 grant related expenditures.

Specific areas of expenditure exceeded original budgets. However, budget transfers between categories were approved to more closely align with actual expenditures, so that at year-end all categories were in compliance. For fiscal year 2008, transfers were made out of fixed charges to maintenance of plant, operation of plant, and instructional areas. The school system is self-insured for medical, dental, prescription, and vision coverage. Actual claims in 2008 were lower than actuarial projections, creating a surplus in those line items.

Capital Asset Administration

By the end of fiscal year 2008, the school system had invested over \$400.8 million in capital assets net of depreciation, predominantly buildings. Total depreciation expense for the year approximated \$12.5 million, increasing accumulated depreciation on assets to \$147.7 million. Included in the Construction in Progress balance is the work completed on Manchester Valley High School, Open Space Classroom Enclosures, Westminster High School HVAC and the South Carroll High School Fine Arts Addition. Fiscal year 2009 capital budgets reflect \$700,000 for Technology Improvements and \$400,000 for Relocatable Classrooms. The County government issues the debt associated with these capital projects, therefore, the school system financial statements do not reflect outstanding debt associated with these capital assets.

Factors Bearing on the School System's Future

At the time that these financial statements were prepared and audited, the school system was aware of several existing circumstances that could affect its financial health in the future:

1. Carroll County Public Schools does not have taxing authority and is dependent on the Carroll County Government and the State of Maryland for funding. State aid is calculated based on a number of factors, most significantly being enrollment. Carroll County Public Schools have seen a slight decrease in enrollment, as measured by full-time equivalent counts, which could have a negative impact on state aid received. In addition, significant downturns in the economy or other factors limiting the revenue generated by the County or State could limit their ability to provide legally mandated levels of funding. The State legislature made changes to the inflation factor used in calculating State aid in a special legislative session during 2007, which will result in a decrease in State aid for fiscal years 2009 and 2010. This change may also result in additional temporary or permanent decreases in the levels of funding which are legally mandated by the State or County government.

Factors Bearing on the School System's Future (Continued)

- The school system continues to implement President Bush's "No Child Left Behind Act."
 The federal act requires students to meet established standards and that individual schools demonstrate annual progress. Costs associated with hiring and retaining "highly qualified" teachers and paraprofessionals continue to rise.
- 3. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The Board of Education of Carroll County offers other non-pension benefits to retirees and consequently, is recognizing an OPEB liability in fiscal year 2008 and in future years in accordance with this statement. A decision on whether or not to fund OPEB contributions has not been determined, however, current economic conditions most likely will prohibit the school system from funding OPEB.

Contacting the Board's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the school system's citizens, taxpayers, customers, stakeholders, and creditors with a general overview of the system's finances and to demonstrate the school system's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Comptroller's Office, Carroll County Public Schools, 125 North Court Street, Westminster, Maryland 21157.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS	40.700.047
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,708,247
Investments Accounts receivable	1,401,715 1,061,458
Due from other units of government	32,021,822
Inventory	599,744
Other current assets	477,602
Total current assets	46,270,588
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	
Land and improvements	12,549,603
Construction in progress	77,032,529
Equipment	12,502,422
Buildings and improvements	298,703,123
Total noncurrent assets	400,787,677
Total assets	447,058,265
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	9,693,299
Accrued salaries and fringes	19,597,733
Accrued health claims	3,297,393
Accrued expenses Accrued interest	5,875,771
Due to student groups	48,287 1,891,671
Due to other governments	163,166
Unearned revenue	983,192
Current portion of capital lease obligations	486,104
Current portion of compensated absences payable	2,135,000
Total current liabilities	44,171,616
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Long-term portion of capital lease obligations	7,263,732
Long-term portion of compensated absences payable	24,381,905
Other postemployment benefits	6,653,345
Total noncurrent liabilities	38,298,982
Total liabilities	82,470,598
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	393,037,841
Restricted for:	300,001,011
Food services	58,626
Unrestricted	(28,508,800)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 364,587,667

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2008

			P	Pro	ogram Revenu	es	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		_					Total
		_	harasa far		Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental
	_	C	harges for				
	Expenses		Service	(Contributions	Contributions	Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INSTRUCTION							
Regular education	\$ 139,337,479	\$	513,271	9	\$ 22,203,973	\$ 40,394,895	\$ (76,225,340)
Special education	45,257,563		_		16,193,867	_	(29,063,696)
		_		-	,,		(==,===,===)
Total instruction	184,595,042		513,271	_	38,397,840	40,394,895	(105,289,036)
CURRORT CERVICES							
SUPPORT SERVICES Administration	7,533,868				246,335		(7 207 522)
Mid-level administration	31,353,903		-		640,104	-	(7,287,533)
Student personnel services	1,586,863		-		040,104	-	(30,713,799)
Student health services	• •		-		42 526	-	(1,586,863)
	3,846,473		-		43,526	-	(3,802,947)
Student transportation services	19,782,679		-		127,438	-	(19,655,241)
Operation of plant	28,247,858		-		1,952	-	(28,245,906)
Maintenance of plant	9,507,248		-		303,293	-	(9,203,955)
Community services	303,374		281,449		1,803	-	(20,122)
Food services	6,992,636		4,160,482	-	2,197,679		(634,475)
Total support services	109,154,902	_	4,441,931	-	3,562,130		(101,150,841)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL							
ACTIVITIES	\$ 293,749,944	\$	4,955,202	9	\$ 41,959,970	\$ 40,394,895	(206,439,877)
	<u>*,,</u>	<u>*</u>	-,,	=	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+ 15,55 1,555	(====, ===,===)
	GENERAL REVI	_	_				
	Local appropri	atio	าร				151,107,358
	State aid						126,588,554
	Interest and in	vest	ment earning	gs			542,379
	Miscellaneous						946,766
	Total general revenues			279,185,057			
	CHANGES IN N	ET /	ASSETS				72,745,180
	NET ASSETS, B	EG	INNING OF	ΥE	EAR		291,842,487
	NET ASSETS, E	ND	OF YEAR				\$ 364,587,667

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2008

	General Fund		Food Services Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,701,946	\$	6,301	\$	-	\$	10,708,247
Investments		1,401,715		-		-		1,401,715
Accounts receivable		1,058,677		2,781		-		1,061,458
Due from other funds		537,370		405,018		-		942,388
Due from other units of government		24,246,617		52,938		7,722,267		32,021,822
Inventory		408,227		191,517		-		599,744
Other current assets		477,602						477,602
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	38,832,154	\$	658,555	\$	7,722,267	\$	47,212,976
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	2,561,075	\$	31,216	\$	7,101,008	\$	9,693,299
Accrued salaries and fringes		19,029,578		568,155		-		19,597,733
Accrued health claims		3,297,393		-		-		3,297,393
Accrued expenses		5,875,771		-		-		5,875,771
Due to other funds		2,212,800		-		621,259		2,834,059
Due to other governments		163,166		-		-		163,166
Deferred revenue		982,633		559				983,192
Total liabilities		34,122,416		599,930		7,722,267		42,444,613
FUND BALANCES								
Reserved for:								
Encumbrances		1,927,581		53,917		-		1,981,498
Inventories		408,227		191,517		-		599,744
Prepaid		436,381		-		-		436,381
Unreserved:								
Undesignated		1,937,549		(186,809)				1,750,740
Total fund balances		4,709,738		58,625	_			4,768,363
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	38,832,154	\$	658,555	\$	7,722,267	\$	47,212,976

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2008

Total fund balances – governmental funds (page 16)

\$ 4,768,363

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of these assets is \$548,489,044, and the accumulated depreciation is \$147,701,367.

400,787,677

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of capital lease obligations (\$7,749,836), compensated absences payable (\$26,516,905) and net other post employment obligations (\$6,653,345).

(40,920,086)

Accrued interest is reported when due and payable in the funds and is reported when incurred on governmental activities.

(48,287)

TOTAL NET ASSETS, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (page 14)

\$ 364,587,667

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2008

	General Fund	Food Services Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 148,052,634	\$ -	\$ 33,689,355	\$ 181,741,989
State sources	157,711,443	58,117	6,705,540	164,475,100
Federal sources	10,944,622	1,996,336	-	12,940,958
Earnings on investments	521,122	21,257	-	542,379
Charges for services	794,721	4,160,482	-	4,955,203
Miscellaneous revenues	1,696,267	143,225		1,839,492
Total revenues	319,720,809	6,379,417	40,394,895	366,495,121
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	5,846,133	-	-	5,846,133
Instruction	147,852,752	-	-	147,852,752
Student personnel services	1,367,086	-	-	1,367,086
Student health services	3,081,784	-	-	3,081,784
Student transportation services	19,291,600	-	-	19,291,600
Operation of plant	23,185,937	-	-	23,185,937
Maintenance of plant	8,025,780	-	-	8,025,780
Fixed charges	49,351,442	-	-	49,351,442
Mid-level administration	25,994,960	-	-	25,994,960
Community services	289,401	-	-	289,401
Special education	37,543,946	-	-	37,543,946
Costs of operation - food services	-	7,056,740	-	7,056,740
Capital outlay	965,064		40,394,895	41,359,959
Total expenditures	322,795,885	7,056,740	40,394,895	370,247,520
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(3,075,076)	(677,323)		(3,752,399)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in (out)	(88,553)	88,553	-	-
Total other financing sources	(88,553)	88,553	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3,163,629)	(588,770)	-	(3,752,399)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,873,367	647,395		8,520,762
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 4,709,738	\$ 58,625	<u> </u>	\$ 4,768,363

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES June 30, 2008

Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds (page 18)	\$ (3,752,399)
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay, which is capitalized \$96,366,867, exceeds depreciation expenses, \$12,467,231, in the period.	83,899,636
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for compensated absences are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid or expected to be paid within one year). This year, vacation and sick leave earned exceeded the amounts used by:	(1,142,570)
The execution of a capital lease agreement provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the lease principal consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This is the amount of principal payments on the lease obligation for this year.	448,091
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on sale of the capital assets is reported. In the governmental funds, however, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets disposed.	(54,233)
OPEB costs reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(6,653,345)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	

<u>\$ 72,745,180</u>

(page 15)

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS June 30, 2008

	Agency Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 354,390 2,182,256 1,150 20,404
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 2,558,200</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to student groups Due to other funds	\$ 95,398 2,172,217
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 2,558,200

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Board of Education of Carroll County (the Board) as currently constituted was established under Title 3, Subtitle 103, Education, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The Board is a five-member elected body responsible for the operation of Carroll County Public Schools.

The Board of Education of Carroll County is a component unit of Carroll County, Maryland by virtue of the County's responsibility for levying taxes and its budgetary control over the Board of Education. The Board does not have any component units, as it does not have any entities that it is considered to be financially accountable for in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39.

The financial statements of the Board are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governments in the United States of America.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In June 1999, GASB issued Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. This statement was amended by Statement No. 41, insofar as to the reporting of budgetary data. This statement, known as the "Reporting Model" statement, affects the way the Board prepares and presents financial information.

The statement was developed to make annual reports easier to understand and more useful to the people who use governmental financial information to make decisions and includes:

Management's Discussion and Analysis - GASB Statement No. 34 requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to the analysis many private sector entities provide in their annual reports.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable), but also capital assets and long-term liabilities. Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and cost of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. Fiduciary funds are not included in government-wide financial statements.

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the Board as a whole) and fund financial statements. The Board does not engage in business-type activities and, as such, issues single column government-wide financial statements. In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental activities' assets and liabilities (a) are presented on a consolidated basis and (b) are reflected on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates non-current assets and receivables as well as long-term obligations.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Statement of Net Assets - The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display the financial position of the primary government. The Board reports all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and reports depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of the Board are broken down into three categories – 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities - The Government-Wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each Board function. The expenses of individual functions are compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants). These directly matched revenues are called program revenues. This format enables the Government-Wide Statement of Activities to reflect both the gross and net cost per functional category (regular instruction, special instruction, pupil transportation, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues.

Program revenues must be directly associated with a function and are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Multi-purposed grants and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Direct expenses are considered those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Board does not allocate indirect expenses.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the Board are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The Board and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. A budgetary comparison schedule of the Board's original budget to the final budget and actual results is presented as required supplementary information.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions are where the Board either gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange including, for example, grants and contributions. Revenues from grants and contributions are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

It is the Board's policy to first use restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available unless a local match is required. Where a local match is required, the expense is allocated to restricted and unrestricted assets based on the required match percentages.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This focus is on the determination of, and changes in financial position, and generally only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. Revenues are recorded as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within a current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major revenue sources subject to the availability criterion are the local, state, and federal revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. Expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded when payment is due or when payable resulting from resignations or retirements.

The following types of transactions are reported as program revenues. Tuition paid directly by students and parents is identified as charges for services. Additionally, sales associated with the Food Service Operation are identified as charges for services, while state and federal support for this function is identified as operating grants and contributions. Grant-related revenue that is specifically restricted for use by a particular function is separated in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the Board and is used to account for the revenues and expenditures necessary for the day-to-day operation of the Board. This fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Food Service Fund – The Food Service Fund is used to account for the operations of the cafeteria program throughout the school system.

Capital Project Fund – The Capital Improvements Project Fund is used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of the Board's major capital facilities.

Additionally, the Board reports the following fiduciary fund:

School Fund – The School Fund is a fiduciary fund used to account for the funds held by the Board in a trustee capacity. The school funds account for the funds of other persons or organizations which are the direct responsibility of the principals of the respective schools. This is an agency fund with no measurement focus as only assets and liabilities are reported on the accrual basis.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund and internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements including the Statement of Activities. Interfund balances are not included in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. The Board distinguishes overhead costs, which are eliminated in the preparation of the Statement of Activities from interfund services provided and used between functions which are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities in the financial statement closing process. The Board does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the fund financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Investments

Investments are reported at fair market value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31.

Receivables and Payables

All interfund receivables and payables are displayed in the fund statements as "due to/due from other funds." These amounts offset each other and are eliminated from the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, so as to not overstate the Board's assets and liabilities. All trade receivables are deemed fully collectible by management.

Inventory

Inventory consists of expendable supplies and food held for consumption and is valued at cost (first-in, first-out). Inventory is reflected in the financial statements by the consumption method. Under this method, the expenditure is recognized when inventory is used. In the fund financial statements, these inventories are offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute available expendable resources, even though they are a component of assets.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
ASSETS	
Buildings	50
Improvements	20
Equipment	3 – 10

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues represent amounts received from grantors in advance of incurrence of eligible expenditures for reimbursable-type grants and unused commodities at June 30, 2008, since title does not pass to the Board until the commodities are used.

Compensated Absences Payable

The current portion of compensated absences that has matured due to resignations or retirements which totals \$1,231,906 is included in accrued wages in the General Fund. The Board recognizes expenditures for these items, which include salaries and salary related payments, as incurred. Vested absences earned but not taken were \$26,516,905 at June 30, 2008 and are reflected in the entity wide Statement of Net Assets.

These absences consist primarily of sick and vacation time earned but not taken. Employees hired prior to July 1, 1997 meeting specified service requirements are eligible to accumulate sick time and upon retirement, are entitled to payment for unused sick time at 50% of their accrued sick leave balance at their previous three year average daily rate. Employees hired prior to July 1, 1997 may accumulate unused sick time and will be paid for a maximum of 250 days or their accumulated balance at June 30, 2003, whichever is greater. Employees hired July 1, 1997 and later are eligible for accumulated unlimited sick time but are not entitled to payment for unused sick time upon retirement. There is a maximum accrual of 30 paid vacation days for those employees eligible to earn and accumulate vacation time.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of budgetary integration in the General Fund, Capital Improvements Project Fund and Food Service Fund, and encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

School Construction Debt

The Board is not obligated to repay principal or interest on any debt incurred for school construction. Such bonds and loans are obligations of the County government. Accordingly, the Board does not record school construction debt service revenues, expenditures, or outstanding school construction debt. The authorization for annual expenditures related to debt service emanate from the Carroll County Operating Budget Ordinance.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. Fund balances in the governmental funds are reserved for encumbrances to indicate the amounts are not available for other expenditures.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Legal budgetary control is employed for the General Fund only. The School Fund does not have a legally adopted annual budget. Capital Projects are budgeted on a project basis only. Management employs budgetary control over the Food Service Fund for operational purposes only.

The Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. Prior to December, the staff accumulates and summarizes data for a proposed operating budget (General Fund).
- 2. During January, the Superintendent of Schools submits a proposed operating budget to the Board.
- 3. Public hearings are held to obtain citizens' comments.
- 4. During February, the Board adopts the proposed budget.
- 5. On March 1, the budget is submitted to the Carroll County Commissioners for approval.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 6. During May, the County Commissioners hold final hearings and adopt the budget which becomes effective July 1.
- 7. The General Fund budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP except for the inclusion of encumbrances as expenditures and the exclusion of pension payments made by the State on behalf of the Board. Budget comparisons presented in this report are on a non-GAAP budgetary basis. The required supplementary information budgetary comparison schedule reflects the budget as amended.
- 8. Request for adjustments to major categories must be submitted to the County Commissioners for approval or denial. No action within thirty (30) days of submission constitutes approval.
- 9. Requests for transfers between major categories must be submitted to the County Commissioners for approval or denial. No action within thirty (30) days of submission constitutes approval.
- 10. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the major category level. In addition, all appropriations lapse at year-end.

During the year, the County Commissioners adopted supplemental appropriations for the Board of Education's General Fund budget. The approved budget and supplemental appropriations are presented below:

Original operating budget approved by the County Commissioners	\$ 308,385,397
Approved supplemental appropriations	2,103,746
Transfers out	 (88,553)
Amended operating budget for fiscal year 2008	\$ 310,400,590

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Board of Education maintains pooled and various separate cash accounts for its funds. The cash balances of the School Fund (see Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets) consist of individual demand accounts maintained by the schools. The Board considers any instrument with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, as cash equivalents.

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying value of the Board's combined deposits including amounts invested in repurchase agreements was \$11,062,637 and \$1,401,715 and was invested in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool. The bank balance of deposits, including amounts invested in repurchase agreements, was \$17,906,860 and cash on hand was \$150,000. Of the bank balance, \$322,626 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$17,584,234 was covered by collateral held by the financial institution's trust department in the Board's name. Statutes authorize secured time deposits in Maryland banks. Statutes require uninsured deposits to be fully collateralized. Therefore, under the reporting requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.40, the Board's deposits are not subject to custodial or credit risk at year-end. Because of the short-term maturity and type of the investments there is limited interest rate risk.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

Statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government, federal government agency obligations, and repurchase agreements secured by direct government or agency obligations.

The Board is a participant of the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool (MLGIP), which provides all local government units of the State a safe investment vehicle for the short-term investment of funds. The State Legislature created MLGIP with the passage of Article 95 22G, of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The MLGIP, under the administrative control of the State Treasurer, has been managed by PNC Institutional Investments. The pool has an AAAm rating from Standard and Poors and maintains a \$1.00 per share value. An MLGIP Advisory Committee of current participants was formed to review, on a quarterly basis, the activities of the Fund and to provide suggestions to enhance the pool. The fair market value of the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Additionally, in accordance with reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 40, the Board does not have any interest rate risk associated with investments. Investments in the MLGIP and repurchase agreements are priced on a daily basis, with funds availability also on a daily basis. It should also be noted that the Board does not have any foreign currency risk associated with any investments.

NOTE 4 – INVENTORY

Inventory consists of the following for the General Fund:

Custodial supplies	\$ 196,270
Equipment, repair and maintenance supplies	211,957
Food service supplies	28,321
Food	 163,196
Total inventories	\$ 599.744

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Balance at June 30, 2007	Ingrases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2008	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	2007	Increases	Decreases	2006	
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED					
Land and improvements	\$ 12,549,603	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,549,603	
Construction in progress	25,075,721	<u>74,586,716</u>	(22,629,908)	77,032,529	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	37,625,324	74,586,716	(22,629,908)	89,582,132	
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED					
Equipment	39,268,426	4,032,912	(1,620,307)	41,681,031	
Equipment under capital lease	4,816,683	-	-	4,816,683	
Building and improvements	372,032,053	40,377,145		412,409,198	
Total capital assets being depreciated	416,117,162	44,410,057	(1,620,307)	458,906,912	
LESS – ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
Equipment	27,592,733	3,151,950	(1,566,074)	29,178,609	
Equipment under capital lease	4,816,683	-	-	4,816,683	
Building and improvements	104,390,794	9,315,281		113,706,075	
Total accumulated depreciation	136,800,210	12,467,231	(1,566,074)	147,701,367	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	279,316,952	31,942,826	(54,233)	311,205,545	
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	<u>\$316,942,276</u>	\$106,529,542	<u>\$(22,684,141)</u>	\$400,787,677	
Depreciation expense for the year was charged to functions as follows:					
Regular education			\$ 10	,498,488	
Special education			Ψ10	128,002	
Administration				247,691	
Mid level administration				167,970	
Student personnel services				20,806	
Student health services			481		
Student transportation services			109,736		
Operation of plant			890,653		
Maintenance of plant				348,491	
Food services	54,913				
				_	
Total depreciation expense – governmen	ntal activities		<u>\$ 12</u>	<u>,467,231</u>	

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2008, the Board has construction commitments consisting of the following:

	Future Amounts to be Expended	Future Funding to be Provided	
Manchester Valley High	\$ 58,922,918	\$ 10,969,000	
South Carroll High Fine Arts Westminster High HVAC	29,034,408 25,979,949	27,720,000 24,924,000	
Carrolltowne Elementary Mt. Airy Elementary	4,119,566 <u>722,909</u>	<u> </u>	
Total	<u>\$ 118,779,750</u>	\$ 63,613,000	

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND BALANCES

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	able Fund Payable Fund		ceivable Fund Payable Fund Amo		
Food Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 113,313			
Food Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	1,120			
Food Service Fund	School Fund	290,585			
School Fund	Capital Projects Fund	82,769			
School Fund	General Fund	2,099,487			
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	537,370			
Total		<u>\$ 3,124,644</u>			

The interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that payments of expenses and cash collections by one fund on behalf of another are made.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt at June 30, 2008 consists of amounts due under capital leases and compensated absences payable as further discussed in Note 1.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, no new capital leases were entered into by the Board. In October of 2004, Phase IV of an energy management plan was entered into providing air conditioning to three elementary schools. Additionally, the plan will upgrade water and lighting fixtures.

The Board leases energy management equipment pursuant to capital lease agreements entered into in prior years. Payments made on capital leases are recorded in the General Fund. Future minimum lease obligations are as follows:

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Year Ending June	Energy Management Equipment
2009	\$ 760,472
2010	783,286
2011	806,785
2012	830,988
2013	855,918
Next 5 years ending 2018	4,680,510
Next 5 years ending 2023	844,234
Total future payments	9,562,193
Less interest	(1,812,357)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 7,749,836</u>

Interest expense related to capital leases was \$290,231 for the year ended June 30, 2008. This amount was allocated to functions as follows:

Maintenance of plant and equipment	\$	290,231
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Changes in capital lease obligations for the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

Balance at June 30, 2007	\$ 8,197,927
Additions	-
Reductions	(448,091)
Balance at June 30, 2008	7,749,836
Amounts due within one year	<u>(486,104)</u>
Capital lease obligations non-current	<u>\$ 7,263,732</u>

Changes in compensated absences payable for the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

Balance at June 30, 2007	\$25,374,335
Additions	2,813,875
Reductions	(1,671,305)
Balance at June 30, 2008	26,516,905
Amounts due within one year	(2,135,000)
Compensated absence non-current portion	<u>\$24,381,905</u>

Capital lease and compensated absence liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN

The employees of the Board are covered by the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland which is a cost sharing employer public employee retirement system (the State System). Most Board employees participate in the State System. The State System prepares a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be obtained from the State Retirement and Pension Systems of Maryland at 120 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202.

Plan Description

The State System, which is administered in accordance with Article 73B of the Annotated Code of Maryland, consists of several plans which are managed by the Board of Trustees for the State System. All State employees and employees of the participating entities are eligible for coverage by the plans. The State System provides retirement, death, and disability benefits in accordance with State statutes.

Funding Policy

The Board's required contributions are based upon actuarial valuations. Effective July 1, 1980, in accordance with the law governing the State System, all benefits of the State System are funded in advance. The entry age normal cost method is the actuarial cost method used. Both the Board and covered employees are required by State statute to contribute to the State System. The employees contribute 4% to 7% of compensation, as defined, depending on the participant's plan.

The contribution requirements of the State System members, as well as the State and participating governmental employees are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees for the State System. Benefits are provided in accordance with State statutes.

The State makes a substantial portion of the Board's annual required contributions to the State System on behalf of the Board. The State's contributions on behalf of the Board for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 amounted to \$17,271,292, \$13,436,187, and \$12,180,637, respectively. The fiscal 2008 contributions made by the State on behalf of the Board have been included as both revenues and expenditures in the General Fund in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and are also included as revenues and expenses on the Statement of Activities.

The Board made its share of the required contributions during the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 of \$1,613,411, \$1,373,580, and \$1,130,506, respectively.

The contributions are sufficient to fund normal costs and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a 40-year period (as provided by law) from July 1, 1980.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

Plan Description and Funding Policy

The Board provides medical benefits to eligible employees who retire from employment with the Carroll County Public School System. The employer's contributions are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, and the future payment of these benefits is contingent upon the annual approval of the operating budget.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The Board provides medical benefits to retirees pursuant to two medical benefit plans for retired employees based on negotiated agreements with various bargaining groups. For retirees over the age of 65 who retired prior to September 1, 1988, the percentage of the premium paid by the Board is dependent upon the retiree's years of service and ranges from 10% to 100%. For retirees who retired after September 1, 1988, the percentage of the premium paid by the Board is dependent upon the retiree's years of service and ranges from 0% to 100%. These percentages are applied to premiums established annually by the Board for individual, husband/wife, parent/child, and family coverages. Only Carroll County Board of Education years of service are considered. As of June 30, 2008, 731 eligible participants were receiving benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 8,570,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual OPEB cost	8,570,000
Contributions made	 1,916,655
Increase in net OPEB obligation	6,653,345
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 6,653,345

The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		Annual OPEB Cost	Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
June 30, 2008	\$	8,570,000	22.36%	\$ 6,653,345	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was unfunded. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for benefits was \$86,140,000. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$201,265,894, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 42.8 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2008, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method, with linear pro-ration to assumed benefit commencement method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% investment rate of return, which assumes that benefits will be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and that General Fund investments earn 4% over the long-term. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2008, was fourteen years.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date June 30, 2008

Actuarial Cost Method Projected unit method

Amortization Method Level percentage of projected payroll over a 30-year period

Asset Valuation Method Market value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 4%
Payroll Growth Rate 3%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

Pre-65 Medical 9.5% initial / 5.5% ultimate (not applicable to Life) Post-65 Medical 9.5% initial / 5.5% ultimate (not applicable to Life)

NOTE 10 – LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

Several suits have been filed arising from personnel grievances, personal injury, and other matters. It is anticipated by the Board that an adverse decision in excess of insurance coverage on any or all of these suits would not have a material adverse affect on these financial statements.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. Amounts, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the Board expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

NOTE 10 - LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

A lawsuit has been threatened against the Board by an individual seeking damages for injuries sustained as a result of a bus accident involving an independent contractor that provides contracted bus service to the Board. A formal monetary demand has not been filed by the potential plaintiff since the full medical costs of the injuries is unknown. It is anticipated that the amount of the claim could exceed \$1 million, which is the amount of coverage provided to the Board by the M.A.B.E. Group Insurance Pool. As a result of the threat of this lawsuit, the independent contractor has threatened a lawsuit against the Board in the event the judgment awarded to the individual exceeds the insurance coverage the Board provided to the independent contractor. A liability has not been recorded since the amount of the claims can not be reasonably estimated at this time.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Board participates in the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Group Insurance Pool (MABE). MABE is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for fourteen member counties to reduce the amount of claims expenditures incurred. The Board pays an annual premium to MABE for its general insurance coverage. The Formation Agreement of MABE provides that MABE will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of established loss limits which range from \$2,500 to \$5 million for each insured event depending on the type of loss. Settled claims did not exceed coverage in any of the past three years.

Commercial insurance policies are purchased to provide coverage including workers' compensation coverage. Settled claims did not exceed coverage in any of the past three years.

The Board has also established limited risk management programs for healthcare insurance. In the past, healthcare insurance was covered by a third party carrier. Effective January 1, 1998, the Board, with Aetna U.S. Healthcare, established a new arrangement of providing coverage for future medical claims. Effective July 1, 2005, employees contribute 15% towards this coverage. Deposits are made by the Board into a bank account used only for payments resulting from health insurance claims.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. At June 30, 2008, liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated by an actuary based on the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for non-incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example, from salvage or subrogation are another component of the claims liability estimate. The liability for claims and judgments is reported in the General Fund. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities are as follows:

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

	Year Ende	ed June 30,
	2008	2007
ACCRUED HEALTH CLAIMS		
Unpaid claims at beginning of year	\$ 2,879,446	\$ 2,922,528
Incurred claims (including IBNR)	31,504,731	28,363,400
Claim payments	(31,086,784)	(28,406,482)
UNPAID CLAIMS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,297,393	\$ 2,879,446

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2008

								Variances Positive (Negative)
		Original		Final		Non-GAAP		Final Budget
		Budget		Budget		Actual		To Actual
REVENUES								
Local sources	\$	150,926,700	\$	151,107,358	\$	151,107,358	\$	-
State sources		142,131,236		142,481,542		140,502,351		(1,979,191)
Federal sources		12,612,025		13,596,729		10,700,274		(2,896,455)
Other revenues		2,715,436	_	3,303,514		3,011,115	_	(292,399)
Total revenues		308,385,397		310,489,143	_	305,321,098	_	(5,168,045)
EXPENDITURES								
Administration		5,408,714		5,450,694		5,397,619		53,075
Instructional salaries		125,735,910		126,593,312		125,065,871		1,527,441
Student personnel services		1,337,970		1,368,970		1,249,683		119,287
Student health services		2,949,646		2,959,252		2,829,691		129,561
Student transportation services		19,482,252		19,435,123		19,124,841		310,282
Operation of plant		23,885,978		23,669,403		23,204,608		464,795
Maintenance of plant		7,938,852		7,176,052		6,796,985		379,067
Fixed charges		50,477,312		49,929,722		49,340,192		589,530
Community services		300,000		301,440		289,401		12,039
Capital outlay		856,393		856,393		824,365		32,028
Mid-level administration		23,303,104		24,402,501		23,743,213		659,288
Special education		34,712,048		37,297,561		35,087,858		2,209,703
Instructional textbooks/supplies		8,116,801		7,497,825		6,722,681		775,144
Other instructional costs		3,880,417	_	3,462,342	_	3,051,225	_	411,117
Total expenditures		308,385,397		310,400,590		302,728,233	_	7,672,357
Excess of revenues over expenditures		<u>-</u>		88,553	_	2,592,865	_	(2,504,312)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
TRANSFERS OUT		-		(88,553)		(88,553)	_	-
Total other financing sources	_			(88,553)		(88,553)	_	
Excess of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures		-		-		2,504,312		(2,504,312)
FUND BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2007						(12,772)	_	12,772
FUND BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2008	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,491,540	\$	(2,491,540)

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2008

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Under the budgetary basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized upon the commitment of an encumbrance. Pension payments made by the State on behalf of the Board are not considered revenues and expenditures on the budgetary basis of accounting.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY TO GAAP RECONCILIATION

A reconciliation of the revenues and expenditures for the funds which are affected by the adjustments necessary to present the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance on a GAAP basis follows:

BUDGETARY GENERAL FUND

Revenues (non-GAAP budgetary basis) Increase in fiscal year revenues generated by fiscal year	\$ 305,321,098
changes in encumbrances of expenditure driven grants Prior year non-GAAP fund balance transferred to County State pension payments	183,058 (3,054,639) 17,271,292
Revenues and other financing sources (GAAP basis)	\$ 319,720,809
Expenditures (non-GAAP budgetary basis) Encumbrance adjustment, net State pension payments	\$ 302,728,233 2,796,360 17,271,292
Expenditures (GAAP basis)	<u>\$ 322,795,885</u>

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN June 30, 2008

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Accrued				UAAL as a % of
Valuation Date	Value of Assets	Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Covered Payroll
June 30, 2008	\$ -	\$86,140,000	\$86,140,000	0%	\$201,265,894	42.8%

GASB No. 45 was not applicable to the Board as of June 30, 2008. Accordingly, no prior valuations were performed.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Bud	lgeted		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Local Sources						· · · ·
Carroll County Government	\$ 15	1,107,358	\$	151,107,358	\$	-
State of Maryland						
State share of current expense	109	9,301,977		109,301,977		_
Pupil transportation		8,359,900		8,359,900		_
Special Education		8,718,347		8,718,304		(43)
Compensatory Education		8,926,677		8,926,677		-
Handicapped Non-Public Placement		4,400,000		3,337,140		(1,062,860)
Judy Center		409,382		353,825		(55,557)
Aging Schools		306,388		303,293		3,095
Limited English Proficient		623,443		623,443		-
Infant and Toddlers Program		170,597		170,597		_
EEEP		171,658		171,658		_
Adult Education and Literacy Services		17 1,030		171,030		
Other state		1,093,173		235,537		(857,636)
Total state	142	2,481,542		140,502,351	_	(1,979,191)
United States Government						
Special Education		6,029,681		5,618,164		(411,517)
Medical Assistance Program		1,613,128		1,349,661		(263,467)
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		2,477,677		1,845,770		(631,907)
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers		915,769		725,413		(190,356)
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		603,222		414,331		(188,891)
Career and Technology Education		355,680		259,177		(96,503)
Innovative Education Program Strategies		244,406		218,240		(26,166)
Education Technology State Grants		30,343		22,410		(7,933)
Other federal revenue		1,326,823		247,108		(1,079,715)
					_	
Total federal	1;	3,596,729		10,700,274	_	(2,896,455)
Miscellaneous						
Rebates		468,271		503,168		34,897
Medicare Part D rebate		360,000		450,009		90,009
Sale of surplus equipment		10,000		22,782		12,782
Other miscellaneous		-		(29,192)		(29,192)
Total miscellaneous		838,271		946,767		108,496
Local						
Local Tuition and fees:						
Athletic fees		305,000		305,234		234
Summer school		156,028		104,728		(51,300)
Outdoor school		132,000		114,043		(17,957)
Nonresident pupils		3,000		(11,729)		(14,729)
Other tuition		4,202		(11,720)		(4,202)
Rental of school facilities		280,000		281,449		1,449
Interest income		541,103		521,122		(19,981)
		903,910		600,086		
Other local	-				_	(303,824)
Total local	:	2,325,243		1,914,933		(410,310)
Incoming Transfers						
From other school units within Maryland		-		43,483		43,483
From other school units outside Maryland		140,000		105,932	_	(34,068)
Total transfers		140,000	_	149,415	_	9,415
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 310	0,489,143	\$	305,321,098	\$	(5,168,045)

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Administration			
Salaries	\$ 4,157,854	\$ 4,310,903	\$ (153,049)
Contracted services	767,616	685,815	81,801
Materials and supplies	186,769	93,908	92,861
Other charges	333,398	285,110	48,288
Equipment - additional	5,000	8,254	(3,254)
Equipment - replacement	6,000	13,629	(7,629)
Transfer (indirect cost recovery)	(5,943)	-	(5,943)
Total administration	5,450,694	5,397,619	53,075
Mid-Level Administration			
Salaries	22,408,789	22,423,088	(14,299)
Contracted services	329,669	226,365	103,304
Materials and supplies	466,880	287,017	179,863
Other charges	1,115,093	784,989	330,104
Equipment - additional	42,670	29,373	13,297
Equipment - replacement	39,400	(7,619)	47,019
Total mid-level administration	24,402,501	23,743,213	659,288
Instructional Salaries			
Regular	119,398,098	117,012,938	2,385,160
Hourly	5,424,005	4,241,647	1,182,358
Add-ons, team leaders, dept chair	552,407	745,903	(193,496)
Substitutes	2,990,542	2,631,528	359,014
Other charges	639,521	433,855	205,666
Hiring turnover	(2,411,261)		(2,411,261)
Total instructional salaries	126,593,312	125,065,871	1,527,441
Textbooks and Instructional Supplies			
Textbooks	1,446,729	1,451,639	(4,910)
Library media	698,431	500,319	198,112
Computer supplies	377,091	158,431	218,660
General supplies	4,444,357	4,186,577	257,780
Other charges	531,217	425,715	105,502
Total textbooks and instructional supplies	7,497,825	6,722,681	775,144

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

Year Ended June 30, 2008 (CONTINUED)

	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Other Instructional Costs				
Contracted services	\$ 1,499,348	\$ 1,226,977	\$	272,371
Other charges	699,013	544,970		154,043
Equipment - additional	467,954	570,869		(102,915)
Equipment - replacement	680,318	643,035		37,283
Transfers to MD/LEA	63,000	31,624		31,376
Other outgoing transfers	 52,709	 33,750	_	18,959
Total other instructional costs	 3,462,342	 3,051,225		411,117
Student Personnel Services				
Salaries	1,176,177	1,099,688		76,489
Contracted services	165,660	123,926		41,734
Materials and supplies	18,112	12,890		5,222
Other charges	9,021	10,743		(1,722)
Equipment - replacement	 <u>-</u>	 2,436	_	(2,436)
Total student personnel services	 1,368,970	1,249,683	_	119,287
Health Services				
Salaries	2,740,091	2,709,848		30,243
Contracted services	51,520	21,169		30,351
Materials and supplies	101,320	83,060		18,260
Other charges	54,938	11,409		43,529
Equipment - additional	 11,383	 4,205	_	7,178
Total health services	 2,959,252	 2,829,691	_	129,561
Transportation of Pupils				
Salaries	1,492,441	1,330,272		162,169
Contracted services	17,670,801	17,477,174		193,627
Materials and supplies	16,297	16,576		(279)
Other charges	254,084	287,140		(33,056)
Equipment - replacement	 1,500	 13,679	_	(12,179)
Total transportation of pupils	 19,435,123	 19,124,841	_	310,282

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET

(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

Year Ended June 30, 2008 (CONTINUED)

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Operation of Plant					
Salaries	\$ 11,073,790	\$	10,875,035	\$	198,755
Contracted services					
Rent	1,513,977		1,520,070		(6,093)
Repair of equipment	805,839		476,765		329,074
Other	482,721		442,315		40,406
Supplies	635,781		620,658		15,123
Telephone	307,500		279,665		27,835
Gas and electric	6,520,258		6,694,620		(174,362)
Heating fuels	803,077		1,013,203		(210,126)
Water and sewage	783,403		623,896		159,507
Insurance	395,807		365,363		30,444
Other charges	41,170		50,063		(8,893)
Equipment - additional	287,500		224,858		62,642
Equipment - replacement	 18,580		18,097		483
Total operation of plant	 23,669,403		23,204,608	_	464,795
Maintenance of Plant					
Salaries	3,011,779		3,107,776		(95,997)
Contracted services					
Repair of equipment	88,000		29,665		58,335
Repair of vehicles	74,514		61,749		12,765
Improvements to grounds	137,100		52,821		84,279
Improvements to buildings	1,561,788		1,277,009		284,779
Other	150,400		173,847		(23,447)
Materials and supplies	1,211,260		1,296,593		(85,333)
Other charges	275,020		171,790		103,230
Equipment - additional	79,700		34,675		45,025
Equipment - replacement	 586,491	_	591,060		(4,569)
Total maintenance of plant	 7,176,052		6,796,985	_	379,067

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

Year Ended June 30, 2008

(CONTIN	IUED)
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		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Fixed Charges		Buaget		Actual	_	(Negative)
Fixed Charges Medical insurance	\$	24 510 659	\$	24 575 942	\$	(EG 1EE)
Social Security taxes	Ф	24,519,658 14,802,877	Φ	24,575,813 14,798,681	Φ	(56,155) 4,196
Employee retirement		1,996,433		2,158,553		(162,120)
Workmen's compensation		1,266,141		1,295,934		(29,793)
Sick leave conversion		1,836,650		1,284,109		552,541
Life insurance		293,911		275,529		18,382
Optical insurance		219,834		250,221		(30,387)
Dental insurance		920,580		769,310		151,270
Unemployment insurance		58,000		95,911		(37,911)
Property and liability insurance		242,577		249,398		(6,821)
Tuition reimbursement		936,740		1,195,320		(258,580)
Retiree health insurance		1,968,154		1,916,655		51,499
Flex benefit administration		75,000		82,904		(7,904)
		-		•		
Other charges		793,167		391,854	_	401,313
Total fixed charges		49,929,722		49,340,192	_	589,530
Community Services						
Salaries		301,693		289,401		12,292
Other charges		(253)		-		(253)
Total community services		301,440		289,401	_	12,039
Special Education Services						
Salaries		26,234,189		26,399,040		(164,851)
Contracted services		1,603,129		1,154,424		448,705
Materials and supplies		398,422		334,455		63,967
Other charges		936,302		206,454		729,848
Equipment - additional		69,369		40,096		29,273
Equipment - replacement		2,900		19,233		(16,333)
Transfers to Maryland LEA		53,250		46,926		6,324
Other transfers		8,000,000	_	6,887,230	_	1,112,770
Total special education services		37,297,561		35,087,858	_	2,209,703
Capital Outlay						
Salaries		748,857		745,617		3,240
Contracted services		81,500		55,629		25,871
Materials and supplies		5,675		5,990		(315)
Other charges		17,361		12,474		4,887
Equipment - additional		-		623		(623)
Equipment - replacement		3,000		4,032	_	(1,032)
Total capital outlay		856,393		824,365	_	32,028
TOTAL CURRENT EXPENDITURES	\$	310,400,590	\$	302,728,233	\$	7,672,357

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY FOOD SERVICE FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

	Year I	Ende	d June 30, 200	8	Year	d June 30, 200)7	
	Budget		Actual	Percent of Total Revenue	Budget		Actual	Percent of Total Revenue
Revenues	 Daaget		Aotuui		 Buaget		Aotuui	
Food sales:								
Lunches	\$ 4,238,007	\$	3,332,169	52.2%	\$ 4,065,663	\$	3,493,960	53.5%
Breakfasts	95,000		96,606	1.5%	75,000		91,342	1.4%
A La Carte	731,000		634,741	9.9%	1,650,000		668,174	10.2%
Milk	70,000		64,214	1.0%	70,000		71,405	1.1%
Federal reimbursement of portion of food costs	1,415,000		1,559,719	24.4%	1,316,500		1,463,248	22.4%
USDA commodities	440,000		436,617	6.8%	460,000		465,577	7.1%
State reimbursement of portion of food costs	56,200		58,118	0.9%	64,000		52,745	0.8%
Income from investments	36,000		21,257	0.3%	20,000		35,050	0.5%
Rebates on food purchases	45,000		32,752	0.5%	45,000		49,603	0.8%
Miscellaneous	 118,000		143,225	2.2%	135,000		134,724	2.1%
Total revenues	 7,244,207		6,379,418	100.0%	 7,901,163		6,525,828	100.0%
Expenditures								
Cost of food sold	2,575,000		2,470,111	35.4%	3,350,100		2,280,165	34.9%
Salary and wages	4,205,457		4,132,265	59.2%	4,104,813		3,842,573	58.8%
Other supplies	305,650		258,533	3.7%	295,350		284,055	4.3%
Contracted services	4,000		4,454	0.1%	5,750		2,023	0.0%
Other charges	35,600		31,249	0.4%	32,050		32,711	0.5%
Equipment	 118,500		88,553	1.3%	113,100	_	94,594	1.4%
Total expenditures	\$ 7,244,207	_	6,985,165	100.0%	\$ 7,901,163		6,536,121	100.0%
Deficiency of revenues over								
expenditures			(605,747)	0.0%			(10,293)	0.0%
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers in			88,553	0.0%			-	0.0%
Deficiency of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures		\$	(517,194)	0.0%		\$	(10,293)	0.0%

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY FOOD SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BY SCHOOL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2008

Excess

School		ues and	Co	est of Food Sold		Cafeteria Workers' Payroll		Other	R (De	evenues eficiency) Over eenditures
Taneytown Elementary School	\$	179,859	\$	60,181	\$	91,009	\$	17,486	\$	11,183
Northwest Middle School	Ψ	176,099	Ψ	62,719	*	129,880	*	16,575	*	(33,075)
Francis Scott Key High School		308,262		123,845		142,358		26,108		15,951
Runnymede Elementary School		174,602		65,787		74,595		17,473		16,747
Charles Carroll Elementary School		95,439		31,867		83,299		8,892		(28,619)
Sandymount Elementary School		107,074		36,643		84,655		10,099		(24,323)
Mechanicsville Elementary School		131,357		52,293		87,829		12,563		(21,328)
Eldersburg Elementary School		120,611		44,896		86,225		10,491		(21,001)
Linton Sprints Elementary School		145,010		61,799		99,764		13,690		(30,243)
Sykesville Middle School		178,431		73,972		94,037		17,110		(6,688)
Freedom Elementary school		119,826		43,379		78,440		10,774		(12,767)
Carrolltowne Elementary School		106,838		41,622		82,598		10,077		(27,459)
Libery High School		170,303		71,350		115,702		16,369		(33,118)
Oklahoma Road Middle School		149,190		56,015		95,190		13,990		(16,005)
Piney Ridge Elementary School		137,880		53,438		87,247		13,914		(16,719)
Manchester Elementary School		142,718		48,754		102,486		11,918		(20,440)
East Middle School		152,700		-		=		=		152,700
West Middle School		187,171		66,787		95,725		16,984		7,675
Winters Mill High School		304,913		116,196		148,190		27,731		12,796
William Winchester Elementary School		142,929		50,489		78,931		13,673		(164)
Westminster High School		375,631		270,644		389,244		62,077		(346,334)
C C Career & Technology Center		102,819		-		-		-		102,819
North Carroll Middle School		177,687		63,309		96,005		15,803		2,570
Hampstead Elementary School		124,143		46,777		91,654		12,590		(26,878)
North Carroll High School		358,628		149,576		176,599		30,676		1,777
Spring Garden Elementary School		149,105		53,242		91,348		12,849		(8,334)
Shiloh Middle School		187,817		69,249		91,197		16,204		11,167
Winfield Elementary School		148,974		58,274		78,106		14,993		(2,399)
New Windsor Middle School		106,435		38,456		71,960		10,231		(14,212)
Elmer Wolfe Elementary School		120,733		46,296		81,741		11,963		(19,267)
Parr's Ridge Elementary School		98,068		35,067		73,321		9,251		(19,571)
Mt. Airy Elementary School		70,627		25,466		74,203		7,017		(36,059)
Mt. Airy Middle School		96,093		40,056		81,524		9,037		(34,524)
South Carroll High School		191,053		80,025		145,695		18,745		(53,412)
Food Services - unallocated		-		274		268,810		(215,168)		(53,916)
Century High School		305,551		136,231		135,421		27,166		6,733
Westminster Elementary School		128,536		49,286		74,003		13,723		(8,476)
Robert Moton Elementary School		167,856		55,716		85,336		14,432		12,372
Carroll Springs School		14,763		-		-		-		14,763
Friendship Valley Elementary School		110,004		37,625		83,414		10,825		(21,860)
Cranberry Station Elementary School		152,060		52,510		84,524		14,458		568
Gateway School		50,176		-		-				50,176
Total	\$ 6	,467,971	\$	2,470,111	\$	4,132,265	\$	382,789	\$	(517,194)

BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CARROLL COUNTY SCHOOL FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN SCHOOL ACTIVITIES FUNDS PAYABLE (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Organization Funds			Other Funds		
	Balance June 30,	Net Change For Year Increase	Balance June 30,	Balance June 30,	Net Change For Year Increase	Balance June 30,
School	2007	(Decrease)	2008	2007	(Decrease)	2008
Taneytown Elementary School	\$ 10,319	\$ 8,788	\$ 19,107	\$ 53	\$ 1,797	\$ 1,850
Northwest Middle School	36,857	(3,263)	33,594	10,591	(4,296)	6,295
Francis Scott Key High School	78,392	21,267	99,659	3,529	(390)	3,139
Runnymede Elementary School	6,313	(2,761)	3,552	8,642	(1,874)	6,768
Charles Carroll Elementary School	12,202	(6,688)	5,514	2,031	(2,031)	-
Sandymount Elementary School	10,165	(5)	10,160	6,682	(482)	6,200
Mechanicsville Elementary School	17,261	(6,207)	11,054	21,936	4,334	26,270
Eldersburg Elementary School	3,588	(3,153)	435	22,895	(31)	22,864
Linton Springs Elementary School	26,900	(4,247)	22,653	105	-	105
Sykesville Middle School	29,381	(6,964)	22,417	25,508	(2,754)	22,754
Freedom Elementary School	30,729	(7,654)	23,075	26,818	6,829	33,647
Carrolltowne Elementary School	31,741	19,809	51,550	14,142	(3,600)	10,542
Liberty High School	105,854	20,656	126,510	9,321	7,882	17,203
Oklahoma Road Middle School	52,407	(2,809)	49,598	12,458	(72)	12,386
Piney Ridge Elementary School	54,925	(10,307)	44,618	-	-	=
Manchester Elementary School	13,322	(3,660)	9,662	(958)	4,735	3,777
East Middle School	31,812	5,117	36,929	5,245	4,419	9,664
West Middle School	101,091	(40,556)	60,535	22,537	(22,288)	249
Winters Mill High School	133,667	(29,482)	104,185	36,434	3,872	40,306
William Winchester Elementary School	15,454	362	15,816	4,992	2,067	7,059
Westminster High School	158,674	63,194	221,868	36,623	(17,922)	18,701
C C Career & Technology Center	15,979	2,221	18,200	3,585	(249)	3,336
North Carroll Middle School	40,065	15,793	55,858	3,105	-	3,105
Hampstead Elementary School	29,110	5,027	34,137	-	(629)	(629)
North Carroll High School	182,205	22,996	205,201	1,351	(1,281)	70
Spring Garden Elementary School	33,114	(11,064)	22,050	(7,785)	10,139	2,354
Shiloh Middle School	61,448	3,006	64,454	224	-	224
Winfield Elementary School	5,860	(777)	5,083	2,661	2,713	5,374
New Windsor Middle School	23,084	(7,489)	15,595	6,559	1,863	8,422
Elmer Wolfe Elementary School	18,575	(6,052)	12,523	(2,394)	377	(2,017)
Parr's Ridge Elementary School	3,047	(1,126)	1,921	2,945	(384)	2,561
Mt. Airy Elementary School	10,805	(7,936)	2,869	12,028	619	12,647
Mt. Airy Middle School	26,637	1,001	27,638	24,942	(8,767)	16,175
South Carroll High School	128,226	3,075	131,301	82,732	(11,421)	71,311
Century High School	135,492	17,890	153,382	7,457	(119)	7,338
Westminster Elementary School	14,782	1,728	16,510	13,048	(11,535)	1,513
Robert Moton Elementary	2,983	3,523	6,506	1,461	1,001	2,462
Carroll Springs School	10,598	2,065	12,663	21	2	23
Friendship Valley Elementary School	10,731	(9,050)	1,681	2,974	932	3,906
Cranberry Station Elementary School	7,462	7,693	15,155	2,097	1,299	3,396
Gateway School	2,239	(542)	1,697	4,443	(491)	3,952
Total	\$ 1,723,496	\$ 53,419	\$ 1,776,915	\$ 431,038	\$ (35,736)	\$ 395,302