

CAROLINE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

2024 ANNUAL AUDIT REPORT

OCOTOBER 2024 | MSAR # 15894

Caroline County Public Schools does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, gender, age, national origin, marital status, sexual orientation, religion or disability in matters affecting employment or providing access to programs.



AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report on the Financial Statements	1 - 3
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	4 - 5
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7 - 14
Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Activities	17 - 18
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	19 - 20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	21 - 22
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	24
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	26
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	27
Notes to Financial Statements	28 - 54
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	56 - 59
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	60
Schedule of Investment Returns	61
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	62
Schedule of Contributions	63
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	64 - 66
Additional Supplementary Information	
Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Fund Balance - School Activities Fund	68
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Food Services Fund	69



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Education of Caroline County Denton, Maryland

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Board of Education of Caroline County, a component unit of Caroline County, Maryland, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Board of Education of Caroline County, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Board of Education of Caroline County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Board of Education of Caroline County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of The Board of Education of Caroline County's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Board of Education of Caroline County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of investment returns, schedule of the proportionate share of net pension liability, and the schedule of contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical

context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise The Board of Education of Caroline County's basic financial statements. The accompanying balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and fund balance – School Activities Fund and budgetary comparison schedule – Food Services Fund, are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and fund balance – School Activities Fund and budgetary comparison schedule – Food Services Fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2024, on our consideration of The Board of Education of Caroline County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of The Board of Education of Caroline County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The Board of Education of Caroline County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Salisbury, Maryland September 30, 2024

UHY LLP



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Education of Caroline County Denton, Maryland

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Board of Education of Caroline County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The Board of Education of Caroline County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The Board of Education of Caroline County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Board of Education of Caroline County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The Board of Education of Caroline County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The Board of Education of Caroline County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our

audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Salisbury, Maryland September 30, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2024

This section of The Board of Education of Caroline County's financial report provides management's overview and analysis of the Board's financial performance for the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2024. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements that follow.

The intent of Management's Discussion and Analysis is to serve as an introduction to the financial statements and provide a framework for understanding the information they contain based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

District-wide Financial Statements

The first set of financial statements, the *district-wide statements*, are designed to provide readers with a complete picture regarding the financial status of the Board of Education of Caroline County. The district-wide statements include the *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities*. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the Board, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The *statement of activities* reports revenues and expenses; it presents information showing how the Board's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

In the *statement of net position* and the *statement of activities*, the Board's activities are divided into two categories:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> - Most of the Board's programs and services are included here, such as instruction, administration, special education, pupil services, health services, pupil transportation, operation and maintenance of plant, fixed charges, community services, school activities, and capital outlay.

<u>Business-type activities</u> - The Board's food service operation is reported as a business-type activity. Fees are charged to staff, students, and visitors to help cover the costs of the food service operation.

The *district-wide statements*, measure the change in total economic resources during the period and are presented on a full accrual basis. This means that any change in net position is reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2024

The District-wide perspective is unrelated to budget and accordingly, budget comparisons are not provided.

Fund Financial Statements

The second set of statements, the *fund financial statements*, view the government as a collection of separate funds. A fund is a group of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Board of Education of Caroline County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with fiscal requirements. The Board's activities are classified into three broad categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Most of the Board's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on an entity's financial position and change in financial position. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Board's operations and the services it provides. This information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Board's programs. The Board's major governmental funds are the general fund, capital projects fund, and school activity fund.

The measurement focus of these statements is current financial resources; therefore the emphasis is placed on the cash flows of the organization within the reporting period or near future. Accordingly, the modified accrual basis of accounting is used.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - Proprietary funds are used to account for the business-type activities of a government. The Board's food service fund falls under this classification since a significant portion of the funding is provided through user charges.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held by the government as either a trustee (a party that administers property for a beneficiary) or an agent (one who acts on behalf of another). The Board's fiduciary funds consist of funds accumulating for retiree health benefits and agency funds. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the school system cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

A budgetary presentation of individual fund financial information is presented as part of the required supplementary information. The budgetary statements utilize the current financial resources measurement focus. In these statements, available cash flows of the Board are measured as well as the commitment to acquire goods or services with that cash. Open encumbrances at year-end are reported as expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2024

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BOARD AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all of the Board's current and capital assets, minus the current liabilities and long-term debt. A comparison of net position for 2024 versus 2023 is shown below:

Figure 1-1
Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	\$ Change	% Change
Current and other assets	32,350,459	25,443,718	6,906,741	27.15%
Capital assets	139,477,968	135,312,915	4,165,053	3.08%
Total Assets	171,828,427	160,756,633	11,071,794	6.89%
Deferred outflows				
of resources	22,740,333	26,927,900	(4,187,567)	-15.55%
Current and other				
liabilities	13,406,615	12,025,606	1,381,009	11.48%
Long-term liabilities	100,569,364	100,368,382	200,982	0.20%
Total Liabilities	113,975,979	112,393,988	1,581,991	1.41%
Deferred inflows of				
resources	61,664,942	69,992,612	(8,327,670)	-11.90%
Net investment in				
capital assets	136,937,992	132,319,481	4,618,511	3.49%
Unrestricted	(118,010,153)	(127,021,548)	9,011,395	-7.09%
Total Net Position	18,927,839	5,297,933	13,629,906	72.01%

As illustrated in figure 1-1, the Board's total net position at the close of the fiscal year was \$18,927,839, which represents an increase of \$13,629,906 from the prior year. The largest portion of the Board's total assets reflects the investment in capital assets such as buildings and

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2024

improvements, vehicles and equipment. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and citizens of Caroline County and are not available for future spending. The Board's unrestricted net position is negative due to the implementation of GASB 75 which now requires state and local governments to report the liability of Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). More detailed information about the Board's net OPEB liability can be found in Note 7 of the financial statements.

A comparison of revenue by source and expenses by category is presented in the table below:

Figure 1-2 Statement of Activities

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	\$ Change	% Change
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	6,504,381	6,097,181	407,200	6.68%
Operating grants				
and contributions	19,775,490	20,589,226	(813,736)	-3.95%
Capital grants and				
contributions	7,039,657	4,758,164	2,281,493	47.95%
General Revenues				
County	16,081,000	16,081,000	-	0.00%
State aid	73,749,522	63,424,309	10,325,213	16.28%
Investment earnings	1,150,801	529,180	621,621	117.47%
Other	368,102	1,255,427	(887,325)	-70.68%
Total Revenues	124,668,953	112,734,487	11,934,466	-13.87%
Expenses	_			
Administration	2,941,763	4,128,549	(1,186,786)	-28.75%
School management				
and support	6,461,041	5,620,614	840,427	14.95%
Instructional salaries				
and wages	37,169,364	33,216,418	3,952,946	11.90%
Textbooks and				
instructional supplies	2,233,990	1,578,434	655,556	41.53%
Other instructional costs	8,744,034	7,483,301	1,260,733	16.85%
Special education	8,791,209	9,028,031	(236,822)	-2.62%
Pupil personnel services	1,012,768	1,025,023	(12,255)	-1.20%
Health services	1,551,145	1,274,792	276,353	21.68%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2024

Pupil transportation	5,506,920	5,067,760	439,160	8.67%
Operation of plant	5,635,051	5,571,301	63,750	1.14%
Maintenance of plant	1,226,753	1,138,274	88,479	7.77%
Fixed charges	17,914,059	18,623,179	(709,120)	-3.81%
Community Services	649,256	638,625	10,631	1.66%
Capital outlay	172,864	41,168	131,696	319.90%
School activity	876,533	824,832	51,701	6.27%
On-behalf state retirement	4,272,698	4,316,457	(43,759)	-1.01%
Food services	5,879,599	5,276,822	602,777	11.42%
Total Expenses	111,039,047	104,853,580	6,185,467	5.90%
Change in Net Position	13,629,906	7,880,907	5,748,999	72.95%
Net Position End of Year	18,927,839	5,297,933	13,629,906	-257.27%

Figure 1-2 shows the key elements that contributed to the increase in the Board's net position for the year ended June 30, 2024. On the revenue side, there was a \$10,325,213 increase in state aid. This increase is due to The Blueprint for Maryland's Future Act (Senate Bill 1030) which increased the foundation amount of per pupil funding in conjunction with additional amounts of per pupil funding for special education, English Learner and economically disadvantaged students.

As shown in the chart above, the largest fluctuations on the expenditure side took place in the categories of administration, instructional salaries and wages, and other instructional costs. During 2023, there was a one-time staff retention bonus that was paid to all permanent Board of Education employees funded by a MD Leads grant. There was no retention bonus during 2024 resulting in a decrease in administration. The fluctuation in instructional salaries is due to budgeted salary increases during the current year. Other instructional costs have increased due to additional depreciation on capital assets during the current year.

FUND PERFORMANCE

As mentioned earlier, funds are self-balancing sets of accounts used by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes. The balance sheet for the Board's governmental funds is shown on pages 19 and 20, and the results of operations are presented on page 21. As shown by the results of operations, the fund balance for the general fund increased by \$6,434,980. It is important to note that this change in fund balance is based on the GAAP basis of accounting (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles), which differs from the budgetary basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2024

The Food Service program is designed to be self-funded. As shown on page 24, the food service program generated a loss of \$220,309. Expenditures for the food service program increased due to rising food, supply and labor costs. Funding was also used to make improvements to school cafeterias.

The general fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance on the budgetary basis of accounting is shown on pages 56-59. Instructional salaries and wages as well as the fixed charges associated with these costs account for the largest percentage of the general fund unrestricted expenditures.

It is critical for the reader to understand that the county appropriation and unrestricted state aid account for approximately 80% of the total operating budget. Local revenue, provided by the Caroline County Government, is dependent upon the economic condition of the County. However, Education Article Section 5-235 requires a county governing body to levy and appropriate an annual tax sufficient to provide an amount of revenue for elementary and secondary public education equal to the greater of 1) the local share of major state aid programs or 2) maintenance of effort (which is a formula based on the prior years per pupil appropriation times the current year enrollment count). State aid is largely formula driven based on student enrollment and wealth. State law defines the annual target per pupil foundation amounts of state education funding to be provided each year from FY 2023 through the full implementation of the Blueprint in FY 2033, after which the per pupil foundation amount will increase annually by inflation.

Additional revenue items include: state and federal restricted revenue, interest revenue and E-rate rebates. It is important to note that restricted federal and restricted state revenue may be one-time and tend to vary from one year to the next. Recurring but unpredictable are the E-rate rebates received from the Federal Communications Commission.

On the budgetary statements for both the general fund and the food services fund, the original budget is the same as the final budget. The Board follows a policy of not amending the original budget until our financial report has been issued. The Board notifies the county of any categories that are over budget. After the financial report has been issued, any necessary changes are presented to the County for approval.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2024

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2024, the Board had invested in a broad range of capital assets including construction in progress, land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles. The following schedule shows the Board's capital assets by type:

Figure 1-3
Capital Assets - Governmental Activities

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	\$ Change	% Change
Construction in				
progress and land	4,980,187	3,683,169	1,297,018	35.21%
Buildings and				
improvements	188,680,906	182,280,472	6,400,434	3.51%
Furniture and				
equipment	3,705,181	3,522,691	182,490	5.18%
Software	375,910	375,910	0	0.00%
Vehicles	4,177,463	4,291,770	-114,307	-2.66%
Total capital assets	201,919,647	194,154,012	7,765,635	4.00%

Projects which contributed to the increase in capital assets include: the Greensboro Judy Center construction project, a new roof at North Caroline Hight School and Federalsburg Elementary School, and the purchase of two school buses. Capital projects are approved and funded by the state and local governments on a per project basis.

School Districts in Maryland are fiscally dependent on the state and county governments. Thus, the Board of Education of Caroline County has ownership of its assets, but does not issue the debt associated with them. Accordingly, the Board carries no bond rating. As mentioned in the notes to the financial statements, the Board has capital lease obligations for building renovations, vehicles and energy equipment upgrades.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE BOARD'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Board was aware of the following circumstances that could affect its financial health in the future:

■ The Blueprint for Maryland's Future Act (Senate Bill 1030) is a landmark piece of legislation intended to transform Maryland's early childhood, primary, and secondary education system to the levels of the highest performing systems. It contains

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2024

comprehensive funding and policy reforms in five major policy areas: Early Childhood Education; High-quality and Diverse Teachers and Leaders; College and Career Readiness Pathways; More Resources to Ensure All Students are Successful; and Governance and Accountability. The Blueprint for Maryland's Future changes the per pupil amounts and provides additional funding for the major policy areas but with it comes a high level of accountability to ensure that funds are being spent effectively and consistent with the policy framework. The law is still being interpreted and it is unclear if the funding formulas will be adequate to cover all of the mandates set forth by this legislation.

- Funding opportunities associated with the pandemic have presented a once in a lifetime opportunity to modernize systems and adopt innovative approaches to teaching and learning. However, the grant period for this unprecedented influx of funds ends September 30, 2024 which presents budgetary challenges regarding how to sustain these valuable new initiatives into the 2024-25 school year and beyond.
- Funding other post-retirement benefits (OPEB) in accordance with GASB 75 remains an area of concern. Under GASB 75, the Board must recognize the present cost and liability of future health care that has been earned by current and retired employees. There is not requirement to fund this obligation, however, it becomes a liability against the Board's assets as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. Currently, health care expenses for retirees and active employees are expensed when paid. This practice is expected to continue given the current economic situation.

CONTACTING THE BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students and creditors with a general overview of the Board's finances and to demonstrate its compliance and show its accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the Caroline County Board of Education, Finance Office, 204 Franklin Street, Denton, Maryland 21629.



THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CAROLINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

ASSETS	G	Governmental Activities		Business- Type <u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>
Cash and investments	\$	24,193,159	\$	2,394,817	\$	26,587,976
Accounts receivable:	Ψ.	,	Ψ.	_,00.,0	*	_0,00.,0.0
Federal funds from State of Maryland		2,606,008		204,631		2,810,639
State of Maryland		2,611,891		68,439		2,680,330
Other		148,656		-		148,656
Internal balances		584,249		(584,249)		-
Inventory		_		122,858		122,858
Non depreciable capital assets		4,980,187		-		4,980,187
Depreciable capital assets, net		133,311,816		1,185,965		134,497,781
TOTAL ASSETS		168,435,966		3,392,461		171,828,427
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pensions (see Note 6)		3,223,697		_		3,223,697
Other post-employment benefits (see Note 7)		19,516,636		_		19,516,636
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		22,740,333		_		22,740,333
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable:						
Vendors		663,364		89,578		752,942
External parties (fiduciary fund)		60,207		· -		60,207
Accrued payroll		6,556,299		160,647		6,716,946
Other accrued expenses		2,896,079		-		2,896,079
Unearned revenue - Federal		1,245,598		-		1,245,598
Unearned revenue - State		579,603		22,500		602,103
Unearned revenue - other		347,043		136,840		483,883
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		648,857		-		648,857
Due in more than one year		100,569,364				100,569,364
TOTAL LIABILITIES		113,566,414		409,565		113,975,979
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		_		_
Pensions (see Note 6)		543,956		_		543,956
Other post-employment benefits (see Note 7)		61,120,986		_		61,120,986
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		61,664,942		-		61,664,942
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		135,752,027		1,185,965		136,937,992
Unrestricted		(119,807,084)		1,796,931	((118,010,153)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	15,944,943	\$	2,982,896	\$	18,927,839

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Program Revenues					
					Operating		Capital
		С	harges for	(Grants and	Grants and	
	<u>Expenses</u>		<u>Services</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>ontributions</u>	<u>Cc</u>	<u>ntributions</u>
Governmental Activities							
Current:							
Administration	\$ 2,941,763	\$	-	\$	472,100	\$	-
School management and support	6,461,041		-		440,792		-
Instructional salaries and wages	37,169,364		-		3,611,773		-
Textbooks and instructional supplies	2,233,990		-		1,734,765		-
Other instructional costs	8,744,034		-		3,237,366		-
Special education	8,791,209		-		2,130,847		-
Pupil personnel services	1,012,768		-		313,392		-
Health services	1,551,145		-		565,853		-
Pupil transportation	5,506,920		-		216,737		-
Operation of plant	5,635,051		-		229,415		-
Maintenance of plant	1,226,753		-		-		-
Fixed charges	17,914,059		-		1,900,496		-
Community services	649,256		-		649,256		-
School activity expenditures	876,533		927,898		-		-
On-behalf State Retirement contributions	4,272,698		-		4,272,698		-
Capital outlay	 172,864		-		-		7,039,657
Total Governmental Activities	105,159,448		927,898		19,775,490		7,039,657
	 _						_
Business-Type Activities							
Food Services	 5,879,599		5,576,483		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities	5,879,599		5,576,483		-		<u> </u>
Totals	\$ 111,039,047	\$	6,504,381	\$	19,775,490	\$	7,039,657

General Revenues

Caroline County State of Maryland Investment earnings Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenue and changes in Net Position

Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ (2,469,663) (6,020,249) (33,557,591) (499,225) (5,506,668) (6,660,362) (699,376) (985,292) (5,290,183) (5,405,636) (1,226,753) (16,013,563) - 51,365 - 6,866,793	\$	\$ (2,469,663) (6,020,249) (33,557,591) (499,225) (5,506,668) (6,660,362) (699,376) (985,292) (5,290,183) (5,405,636) (1,226,753) (16,013,563) - 51,365 - 6,866,793
(77,416,403)	-	(77,416,403)
<u> </u>	(303,116)	(303,116)
(77,416,403)	(303,116)	(77,719,519)
16,081,000 73,749,522 1,067,994 368,102	- - 82,807 -	16,081,000 73,749,522 1,150,801 368,102
91,266,618	82,807	91,349,425
13,850,215	(220,309)	13,629,906
2,094,728	3,203,205	5,297,933
\$ 15,944,943	\$ 2,982,896	\$ 18,927,839

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CAROLINE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2024

ACCETC	GENERAL <u>FUND</u>	SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION	SCHOOL ACTIVITIES	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$23,182,067	\$ 344,136	\$ 666,956	\$ 24,193,159
Accounts receivable:	0.000.000			0.000.000
Federal funds from State of Maryland	2,606,008	4 000 000	-	2,606,008
State of Maryland Other Board of Education funds	1,611,891	1,000,000	-	2,611,891
Local	2,112,929 41,098	-	-	2,112,929 41,098
Other	107,558	-	-	107,558
Other	107,336	- <u> </u>		107,336
TOTAL ASSETS	\$29,661,551	\$ 1,344,136	\$ 666,956	\$31,672,643
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Accounts payable:				
Vendors	\$ 663,364	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 663,364
Other Board of Education funds	-	1,588,887	-	1,588,887
Accrued payroll	6,556,299	-	-	6,556,299
Accrued leave	156,943	-	-	156,943
Other accrued expenses	2,896,079	-	-	2,896,079
Unearned revenue - Federal	1,245,598	-	-	1,245,598
Unearned revenue - State	579,603	-	-	579,603
Unearned revenue - other	317,024	<u> </u>	30,019	347,043
TOTAL LIABILITIES	12,414,910	1,588,887	30,019	14,033,816
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES				
FUND BALANCES				
Assigned to:				
Accrued leave	934,913	-	-	934,913
School activities	-	-	636,937	636,937
Other purposes (encumbrances)	1,114,081	-	-	1,114,081
Unassigned	15,197,647	(244,751)		14,952,896
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	17,246,641	(244,751)	636,937	17,638,827
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 29,661,551	\$ 1,344,136	\$ 666,956	\$31,672,643

Total Governmental Funds Balances	;	\$ 17,638,827
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		138,292,003
Deferred outflows of resources not reported in the fund financial statements		
Pension (see Note 6) Other post-employment benefits (see Note 7)	3,223,697 19,516,636	22,740,333
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds Accrued leave Accrued leave - retirement Retirement incentive plan Financed purchases Long-term leases Net pension liability Post-employment benefits	(934,913) (769,914) (339,661) (2,539,976) (277,712) (7,409,982) (88,789,120)	(101,061,278)
Deferred inflows of resources not reported in the fund financial statements		(101,001,_10)
Pension (see Note 6) Other post-employment benefits (see Note 7)	(543,956) (61,120,986)	(61,664,942)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>.</u> ;	\$ 15,944,943

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CAROLINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES									Total
REVENUES			GENERAL		SCHOOL	5	SCHOOL	G	overnmental
County Appropriation \$ 16,081,000 \$ 868,890 \$ - \$ 16,949,890 State of Maryland 73,749,522 6,159,767 - 79,909,288 Restricted Federal revenues 3,487,552 - - 3,487,552 Restricted other revenues 293,372 - - 3,487,552 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Other sources 1,432,123 40,580 - 1,472,703 School activity revenues - - 927,898 927,898 TOTAL REVENUES 111,049,134 7,069,237 927,898 119,046,269 EXPENDITURES Current: - - 927,898 190,46,269 EXPENDITURES Current: - - 2,823,219 - - 2,823,219 School management and support 6,387,361 - - 2,823,219 School management and support 6,387,361 - - 2,823,219 School management a			FUND	CO	NSTRUCTION	ΑC	CTIVITIES		Funds
State of Maryland 73,749,522 6,159,767 79,909,289 Restricted Federal revenues 11,732,867 - 11,732,867 - 11,732,867 - 3,487,552 - 3,487,5	REVENUES								
State of Maryland 73,749,522 6,159,767 79,909,289 Restricted Federal revenues 11,732,867 - 11,732,867 - 11,732,867 - 3,487,552 - 3,487,5	County Appropriation	\$	16,081,000	\$	868,890	\$	-	\$	16,949,890
Restricted Federal revenues			73,749,522		6,159,767		-		79,909,289
Restricted other revenues 293,372 - 293,372 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Other sources 1,432,123 40,580 - 1,472,703 School activity revenues - - 927,898 927,898 TOTAL REVENUES 111,049,134 7,069,237 927,898 119,046,269 EXPENDITURES Current: Administration 2,823,219 - - 2,823,219 School management and support 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 Instructional salaries and wages 37,098,612 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 2,09,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,127,68 Health services 1,551,145 - -	Restricted Federal revenues		11,732,867		-		-		11,732,867
On-behalf State Retirement contributions Other sources 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Other sources 1,432,123 40,580 - 1,472,703 School activity revenues - - - 927,898 297,898 TOTAL REVENUES 111,049,134 7,069,237 927,898 119,046,269 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 2,233,990 - - - 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 - - - 5,09,874 - - - 5,09,874 - -	Restricted State revenues		3,487,552		-		-		3,487,552
On-behalf State Retirement contributions Other sources 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Other sources 1,432,123 40,580 - 1,472,703 School activity revenues - - - 927,898 297,898 TOTAL REVENUES 111,049,134 7,069,237 927,898 119,046,269 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 6,387,361 - - - 2,233,990 - - - 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 - - - 5,09,874 - - - 5,09,874 - -	Restricted other revenues		293,372		-		-		293,372
Other sources 1,432,123 40,580 - 1,472,703 School activity revenues - - - 927,898 927,898 TOTAL REVENUES 111,049,134 7,069,237 927,898 119,046,269 EXPENDITURES Current: Administration 2,823,219 - - 2,823,219 School management and support 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 Instructional salaries and wages 37,098,612 - - 6,387,361 Instructional textbooks and supplies 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 5,009,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 1,197,997	On-behalf State Retirement contributions		4,272,698		-		-		4,272,698
TOTAL REVENUES 111,049,134 7,069,237 927,898 119,046,269 EXPENDITURES Current: Administration 2,823,219 - - 2,823,219 School management and support 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 Instructional salaries and wages 37,098,612 - - 37,098,612 Instructional textbooks and supplies 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 5,009,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 649,256 </td <td>Other sources</td> <td></td> <td>1,432,123</td> <td></td> <td>40,580</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Other sources		1,432,123		40,580		_		
TOTAL REVENUES 111,049,134 7,069,237 927,898 119,046,269 EXPENDITURES Current: Administration 2,823,219 - - 2,823,219 School management and support 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 Instructional salaries and wages 37,098,612 - - 37,098,612 Instructional textbooks and supplies 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 5,009,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 649,256 </td <td>School activity revenues</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>927,898</td> <td></td> <td>927,898</td>	School activity revenues		-		-		927,898		927,898
Current: Administration 2,823,219 - - 2,823,219 School management and support 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 Instructional salaries and wages 37,098,612 - - 37,098,612 Instructional textbooks and supplies 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 5,009,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures			111,049,134		7,069,237				119,046,269
Current: Administration 2,823,219 - - 2,823,219 School management and support 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 Instructional salaries and wages 37,098,612 - - 37,098,612 Instructional textbooks and supplies 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 5,009,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures									
Administration 2,823,219 - - 2,823,219 School management and support 6,387,361 - - 6,387,361 Instructional salaries and wages 37,098,612 - - 37,098,612 Instructional textbooks and supplies 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 5,009,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures -	EXPENDITURES								
School management and support Instructional salaries and wages 6,387,361 - 6,387,361 Instructional salaries and wages 37,098,612 - - 37,098,612 Instructional textbooks and supplies 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 5,009,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions<	Current:								
Instructional salaries and wages 37,098,612 -	Administration		2,823,219		-		-		2,823,219
Instructional textbooks and supplies 2,233,990 - - 2,233,990 Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 5,009,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597 Community services 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 876,533 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 Capital outlay 340,715	School management and support		6,387,361		-		-		6,387,361
Other instructional costs 5,009,874 - - 5,009,874 Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	Instructional salaries and wages		37,098,612		-		-		37,098,612
Special education 8,791,209 - - 8,791,209 Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Instructional textbooks and supplies		2,233,990		-		-		2,233,990
Pupil personnel services 1,012,768 - - 1,012,768 Health services 1,551,145 - - 1,551,145 Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Other instructional costs		5,009,874		-		-		5,009,874
Health services	Special education		8,791,209		-		-		8,791,209
Pupil transportation 5,643,140 - - 5,643,140 Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Pupil personnel services		1,012,768		-		-		1,012,768
Operation of plant 6,170,153 - - 6,170,153 Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Health services		1,551,145		-		-		1,551,145
Maintenance of plant 1,197,997 - - 1,197,997 Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Pupil transportation		5,643,140		-		-		5,643,140
Fixed charges 21,432,017 - - 21,432,017 Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Operation of plant		6,170,153		-		-		6,170,153
Community services 649,256 - - 649,256 School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Maintenance of plant		1,197,997		-		-		1,197,997
School activity expenditures - - 876,533 876,533 On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Fixed charges		21,432,017		-		-		21,432,017
On-behalf State Retirement contributions 4,272,698 - - 4,272,698 Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Community services		649,256		-		-		649,256
Capital outlay 340,715 7,354,352 - 7,695,067 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	School activity expenditures		-		-		876,533		876,533
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 104,614,154 7,354,352 876,533 112,845,039 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	On-behalf State Retirement contributions		4,272,698		-		-		4,272,698
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	Capital outlay						-		
EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		104,614,154		7,354,352		876,533		112,845,039
EXPENDITURES 6,434,980 (285,115) 51,365 6,201,230 Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597									
Fund balances, beginning 10,811,661 40,364 585,572 11,437,597	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
	EXPENDITURES		6,434,980		(285,115)		51,365		6,201,230
Fund balances, ending \$ 17,246,641 \$ (244,751) \$ 636,937 \$ 17,638,827	Fund balances, beginning		10,811,661		40,364		585,572		11,437,597
Fund balances, ending <u>\$ 17,246,641</u> <u>\$ (244,751)</u> <u>\$ 636,937</u> <u>\$ 17,638,827</u>		_		_		_		_	
	Fund balances, ending	\$	17,246,641	\$	(244,751)	\$	636,937	\$	17,638,827

Net change in fund balances-total Governmental Funds

6,201,230

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Fixed asset additions 8,050,907
Current year depreciation (4,421,110)
Total

In governmental fund financial statements, proceeds from a sale are shown as an increase in financial resources. In government wide financial statements, gain or loss is calculated and reported.

(36,606)

3,629,797

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Increase in accrued leave (70,752)Increase in accrued leave - retirement benefit (49,648)Decrease in retirement incentive program 1,015 Decrease in pension expense due to deferred financing outflow 495,789 Increase in pension expense due to net pension liability (718,767)Decrease in pension expense due to deferred financing inflows 21,448 Increase in post-employment benefits expense due to deferred financing outflow (4,683,356)Decrease in post-employment benefits expense due to net OPEB liability 145,255 Decrease in post-employment benefits expense due to deferred financing inflow 8,306,222

Repayment of financed purchases and long-term leases are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Financed purchases 453,457
Long-term leases 155,131
Total

608,588

Change in net position of Governmental Activities

\$ 13,850,215

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CAROLINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities
ASSETS	Food <u>Services</u>
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable:	\$ 2,394,817
Federal funds from State	204,631
State of Maryland	68,439
Inventory	122,858
Total current assets	2,790,745
Capital assets, net	1,185,965
TOTAL ASSETS	3,976,710
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	89,578
Accrued payroll	160,647
Other Board of Education funds	584,249
Unearned revenue - State	22,500
Unearned revenue - other	136,840_
TOTAL LIABILITIES	993,814
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES	
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,185,965
Unrestricted	1,796,931
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,982,896

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities	
		Food
OPERATING REVENUES		<u>Services</u>
Sale of meals	\$	425,694
Federal assistance	Ψ	4,479,861
State assistance		185,252
USDA donated commodities		352,287
Other sources		133,389
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	-	5,576,483
OPERATING EXPENSES Food Salaries and wages Fixed charges Contracted services		2,456,807 1,608,087 625,497 187,298
Supplies and materials		173,047
Other charges		78,893
USDA donated commodities		352,287
Depreciation		107,373
Additional equipment		290,310
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		5,879,599
OPERATING INCOME		(303,116)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income		82,807
Change in net position		(220,309)
Net position beginning of year		3,203,205
Net position end of year	\$	2,982,896

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOOD SERVICE FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONS: Receipts from students Operating grants received Other operating receipts Payments to food and other suppliers Payments to employees and employee related benefits Net cash used by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Cash transfers to other Board funds CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of equipment CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income Net increase in cash Cash and investments, beginning of year	\$ 425,694 4,437,453 270,229 (3,132,272) (2,221,546) (220,442) 1,418,248 (679,235) 82,807 601,378 1,793,439
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 2,394,817
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities: Operating loss	\$ (303,116)
Adjustments: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in assets: Federal receivables Inventory	107,373 1,329 (15,467)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Unearned revenue - State Unearned revenue - other	 69,549 12,039 22,500 (114,649)
Total adjustments	 82,674
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (220,442)
Noncash items: Donation of food commodities	\$ 352,287

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2024

ASSETS	Retiree Benefit <u>Trust Fund</u>		Custodial <u>Funds</u>	
Investments Accounts receivable: State of Maryland	\$	1,775,768	\$	- 58,224
Other Other Board of Education funds		- -		3,036 60,207
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,775,768	\$	121,467
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable: Vendors State of Maryland Unearned revenue - other TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- - - -	\$	13,019 33,067 75,381 121,467
NET POSITION Held in trust for other post-employment benefits TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,775,768 1,775,768	\$	<u>-</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

ADDITIONS	Retiree Benefit <u>Trust Fund</u>		Custodial <u>Funds</u>	
Investment income Restricted Federal revenues Restricted State revenues Restricted other revenues TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	121,784 - - - 121,784	\$	316,578 1,724,415 674,280 2,715,273
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative expenses Restricted Federal programs Restricted State programs Restricted other programs TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		7,362 - - - 7,362		316,578 1,724,415 674,280 2,715,273
Change in net position		114,422		-
Net position, beginning of year		1,661,346		
Net position, end of year	\$	1,775,768	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 1. The Board of Education of Caroline County and Its Significant Accounting Policies

The Board of Education of Caroline County (the "Board") is empowered by Title 13A of the Code of Maryland Regulations to fulfill the elementary and secondary educational needs of students in Caroline County, Maryland (the "County").

Financial Reporting Entity

The Board is the basic level of government that has financial accountability and control over all activities related to the public school education in Caroline County, Maryland. The Board receives funding from local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

The Board is a component unit of Caroline County, Maryland and is included in the County's reporting entity. This conclusion has been reached based on the following criteria: (1) The County is responsible for approving the Board's budget and establishing spending limitations and; (2) The Board cannot issue bonded debt, but the County can and does issue bonds to finance school system operations. In addition, there are no component units which are included in the Board's reporting entity.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Board have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the Board's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Board's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Board. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Board that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Internal activity between the funds is eliminated from the statements.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Board at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Board's governmental activities and for business-type activities of the Board. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Board, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from general revenues of the Board.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation (continued)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During the year, the Board segregates transactions related to certain Board functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Board at a more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. In addition, the Board has presented the School Activities Fund as a major fund because the Board believes this fund is significant to the Board as a whole.

B. Fund Accounting

The Board uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the Board's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. All general revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund and general operating expenditures are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Board administers the construction and repair of public schools and uses the School Construction Fund to record the revenues from the County and other governmental units and the expenditures in connection therewith.

<u>School Activities Fund</u> – The School Activities Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures at the schools for, among other things, student insurance and pictures, athletics, clubs and other student activities, and principals' miscellaneous expenditures.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of changes in net position, financial position and cash flows and are classified as enterprise.

<u>Enterprise funds</u> – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The Board's major enterprise fund is:

<u>Food service fund</u> – This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the Board.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Custodial funds</u> – Custodial funds report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported as another fiduciary fund type. The Board acts as the processing agent for several organizations.

Retiree benefit trust fund – This fund consists of contributions of the Board to establish a reserve to pay for health and welfare benefits of future retirees. Contributions to the Trust qualify as contributions and are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide financial statements – The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Board are included on the statement of net position.

Fund financial statements – All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Board finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Revenues-Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Board receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include primarily grants. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Board must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Board on a reimbursable basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned revenue</u> – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unearned revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than fiduciary funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The budget is prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The budget establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board may appropriate and sets annual limits as to the amount of expenditures at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board at the object level within each fund and function.

The budget may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original budget was adopted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements of proprietary funds, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

G. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical costs) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Board maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The Board does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land, land improvements and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	15 – 50 years	N/A
Furniture and Equipment	5 – 20 years	15 years
Vehicles	6 – 12 years	6 years
Software	5 years	5 years

H. Compensated Absences

ACCRUED LEAVE

Employees are allowed to carry-over up to 20 days of unused vacation. In addition, certain employees are allowed to carry-over an additional 20 days of unused vacation to be used in the year of retirement. Sick leave vests for certain employees under certain limited circumstances. The Board of Education expenses the cost of vacations as they are earned and the accrued leave account presented in the balance sheet represents vacations earned but not taken at year-end. Compensated absences are reported as accrued in the government wide financial statements. Governmental funds report only matured compensated absences payable to currently terminating employees, which would be included in accrued leave.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

J. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Board or through external restrictions imposed by grantors, creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Board applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

K. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that period. The Board has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The Board recognizes a deferred outflow of resources related to its pension liability (Note 6) and OPEB liability (Note 7) for changes in assumptions, the difference between actual and expected experience, the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on plan investments, change in the proportion and share of contributions, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow from resources in the period that the amounts become available.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Board has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The Board recognizes a deferred inflow of resources related to its pension liability (Note 6) and OPEB liability (Note 7) for changes in assumptions, the difference between actual and expected experience, and the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on plan investments. This item is deferred and recognized as an inflow from resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources represent reconciling items between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Pensions

Certain employees of the Board are members of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System ("the System"). The Maryland State Retirement and Pension System is considered a single, multi-employer cost-sharing plan.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the System and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Retiree Benefit Trust of the Board of Education of Caroline County and additions to/deductions from the Retiree Benefit Trust of the Board of Education of Caroline County's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Retiree Benefit Trust of the Board of Education of Caroline County. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

Fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable (i.e. inventory or long term receivables), restricted (by external parties or legislation), committed (by the highest level of authorities of the government), assigned (i.e. residual amounts in other funds), and unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the Board. Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the Board. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Board, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund, the Board considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

R. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as due to/from other funds. Transfers are fund balance amounts reserved and/or designated in the prior year that received County approval to be spent on capital projects.

S. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Encumbrances are reported as assigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements. General fund unrestricted encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2024 that were provided for in the current year's budget for the budgetary basis of accounting but will be accounted for under generally accepted accounting principles in the subsequent year totaled \$1,114,081.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 3. Cash and Investments

At June 30, 2024, the Board of Education had bank deposits with various commercial banks totaling \$3,092,170 (carrying value \$2,128,577). As required by law, the depository is to pledge securities in addition to FDIC insurance at least equal to that amount on deposit at all times. The depository banks pledge collateral for specific accounts that are held in the Board's name at the Bank of New York Mellon. As of June 30, 2024, bank deposits were fully collateralized. Investments of \$24,421,208 (carrying value \$24,459,399) consist solely of U.S. Government Securities made through the State of Maryland Local Government Investment Pool which provide local government units of the State a safe investment vehicle for short-term investment of funds. The State Legislature created MLGIP with the passage of Article 95 §22G of the Annotated Code of Maryland and more recently defined by Title 17, subtitle 3 of the Local Government Article of the Maryland Annotated Code. The MLGIP is managed by PNC Capital Advisors, LLC and custodied by PNC Bank, N.A., which is under administrative control of the State Treasurer. A MLGIP Advisory Committee of current participants has been formed to review the activities of the Fund on a semi-annual basis and provide suggestions to enhance the pool. The MLGIP is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The fair value of the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. Investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value. Statutes authorize the Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, municipal securities and repurchase agreements, collateralized certificates of deposit, banker's acceptance or money market funds.

The Board's exposure to investment rate and credit risk is minimal, as all investments are in cash and MLGIP and are thus precluded from having to sell below original cost. Custodial credit risk is mitigated by attempting to have all investments fully collateralized by securities.

At June 30, 2024, the Board has an agreement with its primary bank to maintain a cash balance of \$200,000 in lieu of payment of service fees.

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:

Cash at carrying value	\$ 2,1	28,577
Investments	24,4	159,399
Total cash and investments	\$ 26,5	87,976

Investment in External Investment Pool

The Board has funds designated for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) that are held by the Maryland Association of Boards of Education (MABE) in the MABE Pooled OPEB Investment Trust (MABE Trust). The MABE Trust is administered by MABE, and is a wholly-owned instrumentality of its members. The ten members who are the sole contributors to the MABE Trust are the Allegany Fiduciary Fund and the boards of education of the following counties in Maryland: Allegany, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Harford, Kent, Prince George's, St. Mary's and Washington.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 3. Cash and Investments (Continued)

<u>Investment in External Investment Pool (continued)</u>

The investments of the MABE Trust are stated at fair value and are deposited with Fidelity as of June 30, 2024. Investments consist of money market funds, U.S. government and agency fixed income and asset backed securities, equity securities, mutual funds and exchange traded funds, and corporate bonds and corporate asset backed securities. The MABE trust categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 are significant unobservable inputs. All investments of the MABE Trust are considered Level 1 or Level 2, the Board's membership investment in the MABE Trust are considered Level 2. For investments in mutual funds, there are no unfunded commitments and investments are able to be fully redeemed on a daily basis. As of June 30, 2024, the pooled position of the MABE Trust was \$694,650,255 in total, of which the Board's allocated investment balance was \$1,775,768. The Board may terminate its membership interest in the MABE Trust and withdraw its allocated investment balance by providing written notice six months prior to the intended date of withdraw.

The MABE Trust is audited annually by an independent CPA firm and issues a publicly available audited report. The report may be obtained by sending a request to the Administrator of the MABE Pooled OPEB Investment Trust, 621 Ridgely Avenue, Suite 300, Annapolis, MD 21401-1112 or calling (410) 841-5414.

Note 4. Interfund Receivables and Payables

	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds
General Fund School Construction Fund Food Service - Enterprise Fund External Parties - Fiduciary Fund	\$ 2,112,929 - - 60,207	\$ - 1,588,887 584,249 -
	\$ 2,173,136	\$ 2,173,136

Due to/from other funds represent advances of cash for operating needs. There were no transfers during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities				-	
Capital Assets, not being depreciated					
Construction in progress	\$ 3,301,474	\$ 4,598,491	\$ -	\$ (3,301,473)	\$ 4,598,492
Land	381,695	-	-	-	381,695
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,683,169	4,598,491	-	(3,301,473)	4,980,187
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	182,280,472	3,098,961	-	3,301,473	188,680,906
Furniture and equipment	2,660,241	182,490		-	2,842,731
Software	375,910		-	-	375,910
Vehicles	4,291,770	170,965	(285,272)	-	4,177,463
Total capital assets, being depreciated	189,608,393	3,452,416	(285,272)	3,301,473	196,077,010
Less accumulated depreciation:		•	•		
Buildings and improvements	(54,634,401)	(3,818,995)	-	_	(58,453,396)
Furniture and equipment	(1,863,773)	, ,		-	(1,993,506)
Software	(368,768)	(2,856)	-	_	(371,624)
Vehicles	(2,147,581)	(314,498)	248,666	-	(2,213,413)
Total accumulated depreciation	(59,014,523)	(4,266,082)	248,666	-	(63,031,939)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	130,593,870	(813,666)	(36,606)	3,301,473	133,045,071
Intangible right-to-use assets:					
Leased equipment	862,450	_	-	_	862,450
Less accumulated amortization	(440,677)	(155,028)	-	-	(595,705)
Total intangible right-to-use assets, net	421,773	(155,028)	-	-	266,745
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$134,698,812	\$ 3,629,797	\$ (36,606)	\$ -	\$138,292,003
	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	June 30, 2024
Business-type activities				-	
Equipment	\$ 1,470,043	\$ 512,718	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,982,761
Software	27,122	-	-	-	27,122
Vehicles	131,306	166,517		<u> </u>	297,823
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,628,471	679,235	-		2,307,706
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Equipment	(925,274)	(88,515)	-	-	(1,013,789)
Software	(27,122)	-	-	-	(27,122)
Vehicles	(61,972)	(18,858)			(80,830)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,014,368)	(107,373)	-	-	(1,121,741)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 614,103	\$ 571,862	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,185,965

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Administration	\$ 118,544
School management and support	73,680
Other instructional costs	3,819,477
Pupil transportation	264,813
Maintenance of plant	 144,596
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,421,110

Note 6. Pension Plans

The State Retirement Agency is the administrator of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System). The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits. The System is comprised of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems, Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems, State Police Retirement System, Judges' Retirement System, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15 member Board of Trustees. The State Retirement Agency issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 120 E. Baltimore Street, Suite 1660, Baltimore, Maryland 21202-1600 or on-line at www.sra.maryland.gov.

The System's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Generally, all regular employees of the Board participate in the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems (Employees' Systems). Teachers employed by the Board generally participate in the Teachers' Retirement and Pensions Systems (Teachers' Systems). Both the Employees' Systems and the Teachers' Systems (collectively the Systems) are cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans.

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems and the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems

General Plan Policies

The Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Maryland was established on August 1, 1927 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits to teachers in the State. In addition, on January 1, 1980, the Teachers' Pension System of the State of Maryland was established. In this regard, teachers hired on or after January 1, 1980 become members of the Teachers' Pension System, unless they elect to join an optional retirement program. Until December 31, 2004, existing members of the Teachers' Retirement System had the option of remaining in the Teachers' Retirement System or transferring to the Teachers' Pension System.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

On October 1, 1941, the Employees' Retirement System was established to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, elected and appointed officials and the employees of participating governmental units. Effective January 1, 1980, the Employees' Retirement System was essentially closed to new members and the Employees' Pension system was established. Until December 31, 2004, existing members of the Employees' Retirement System had the option of remaining in the Employees' Retirement System or transferring to the Employees' Pension System.

Significant Plan Benefits and Policies

The following is a general description of the significant plan benefits and related contribution requirements for the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems and the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems:

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems

Retirement Benefits:

A member may retire with full benefits after attaining the age of 60, or after completing 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance is equal to 1/55 of a member's average final compensation (i.e. average of the member's three highest years of annual earnable compensation) multiplied by the number of years and months of accumulated creditable service. A member may retire with reduced benefits after completing 25 years of creditable service regardless of age. Retirement allowances are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) are applied to all allowances payable for the year, however, the method by which the COLA is computed depends upon elections made by members and is tied to member contributions.

Vested Allowance:

A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age but after completing 5 years of creditable service becomes eligible for a vested retirement allowance, provided the member lives to the age of 60 and does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions. Members terminating employment before attaining retirement age and before completing 5 years of creditable service are refunded their accumulated contributions plus earned interest.

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems (Continued)

Employee Contributions:

Members of the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute to the systems a fixed percentage of their regular salaries and wages (e.g. 7% or 5%, depending on the COLA option selected). The contributions are deducted from each member's salary and wage payment and are remitted to the systems on a regular, periodic basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Teachers' and Employees' Pension System

Pension Benefits:

A member may retire with full benefits after completing 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age, or at age 62 or older with specified years of eligibility service. On retirement from service, a member shall receive an annual service pension allowance. The annual pension allowance is equal to 1.2% of average compensation for the three highest consecutive years as an employee for years of creditable service accrued prior to July 1, 1998 and 1.8% of average compensation for the three highest consecutive years as an employee for years of creditable service accrued on or after July 1, 1998. Members are eligible for early service pension allowances upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service.

Vested Allowance:

A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing 5 years of eligibility service, becomes eligible for a vested pension allowance provided the member lives to age 62. Members terminating employment before attaining retirement age and before completing 5 years of eligibility service are refunded their accumulated contributions plus earned interest.

Employee Contributions:

Effective July 1, 2011, members of the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems are required to contribute to the systems 7% of their regular salaries and wages up to the social security wage base in the year ending June 30, 2021. The contributions are deducted from each member's salary and wage payments and are remitted to the systems on a regular, periodic basis.

For members enrolled on and after July 1, 2011, the employee contribution is 7%; vesting requires ten years of eligible service; service retirement is at age 65 with ten years of eligibility service or based on the Rule of 90 (age and service must equal 90); early services retirement is age 60 with 15 years of eligibility service; average final compensation is a five year average; and the benefit multiplier per year is 1.5%.

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems and Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems

Employer Contributions:

For the year ended June 30, 2024 the Board's total payroll for all employees was \$59,866,071. Total covered payroll was \$46,877,315. Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid by the Board to active employees covered by either the Teachers' Systems or Employees' Systems.

In accordance with Maryland Senate Bill 1301, *Budget Reconciliation and Financing Act of 2012*, the Board is required to pay 100% of the normal cost portion of the total pension cost for teachers. The normal cost is the portion of the total retirement benefit cost that is allocated to the current year of the employee's service. The related payment for fiscal year ending 2024 was \$2,203,230. In addition, the State of Maryland contributed \$4,272,698 on behalf of the Board. The Board has recognized the State on-behalf payments as both a revenue and expense.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

During fiscal year 2024, the Board reported expense of \$904,080 related to the Employees' Systems in the fund financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Because the State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability for the Teachers' Systems and the Board pays the normal cost for the Teachers' Systems, the Board is not required to record its' share of the unfunded pension liability for the Teachers' Systems, the State of Maryland is required to record that liability. The Board is required to record a liability for the Employees' Systems.

At June 30, 2024, the Board reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The amount recognized by the Board as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Board were as follows:

2024

	2024
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (Employees' Systems) State's proportionate share of the net pension	\$ 7,409,982
liability (Teachers' Systems)	40,759,623
Total	\$ 48,169,605

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Boards proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental units, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2023 the Board's proportion of the net pension liability was .033%, which was substantially the same as its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Board recognized pension expense of \$3,308,840 in the government-wide financial statements. \$3,107,310 was recognized in the fund financial statements. At June 30, 2024, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred of others of the other	In	Deferred Iflows of Desources
Changes in assumptions	\$	509,264	\$	26,308
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		662,816		_
Differences between expected and actual experience		260,439		316,327
Change in proportion and share of contributions		887,098		201,321
Board contributions subsequent to measurement date		904,080		
Total	\$	3,223,697	\$	543,956

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

The \$904,080 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Board's contributions to the Employees' Systems subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. The deferred inflows and outflows related to non-investment activity are being amortized over the remaining service life ranging from 5.44 to 5.68 years. The net difference in investment earnings are being amortized over a closed five-year period. These amounts will be recognized in pension expense as follows as of June 30, 2024:

Year Ending June 30,	 nortization of sion Expense
2025	\$ 426,239
2026	329,663
2027	822,641
2028	191,240
2029	5,878
Thereafter	-
	\$ 1,775,661

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Inflation	2.25% general, 2.75% wage
Salary increases	2.75% to 11.25%, including wage inflation
Discount rate	6.80%
Investment rate of return	6.80%
Mortality	Various versions of the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables for males
	and females with projected generational mortality
	improvements based on the MP-2018 fully generational
	mortality improvements scale for males and females.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board of Trustees after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	34%	6.90%
Private Equity	16%	8.60%
Rate Sensitive	20%	2.60%
Credit Opportunity	9%	5.60%
Real Assets	15%	5.40%
Absolute Return	6%	4.40%
Total	100%	

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Boards Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate:

	Discount	Board's Net		
	Rate	Pen	sion Liability	
1% decrease	5.80%	\$	10,987,504	
Current discount rate	6.80%	\$	7,409,982	
1% increase	7.80%	\$	4,441,259	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The Board administers a single employer defined benefit plan, The Caroline County Public Schools Post-Retirement Medical and Life Insurance Benefits Plan (the "Plan"), that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees, their spouses and eligible dependents. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Plan Administration

In May 2009, the Board created the Retiree Benefit Trust of the Board of Education of Caroline County (the "Trust") in order to facilitate the funding or partial funding of the actuarially calculated OPEB liability. The Trust established a trust account with, and became a member of, the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Pooled OPEB Investment Trust (MABE Trust). It is a member owned trust that provides the Board and the other nine members a structure to pool assets to reduce investment costs and share administrative expenses. The Board reserves the right to establish and amend the provisions of its relationship with the MABE Trust with respect to participants, and benefit provided thereunder, or its participation therein, in whole or in part at any time, by resolution of the governing body and upon advance notice to the Trustees of the MABE Trust.

The MABE Trust was established to pool assets of its members for investment purposes only. Each member of the MABE Trust is required to designate a member trustee. The member trustees of the MABE Trust shall ensure that the MABE Trust keep such records as are necessary in order to maintain a separation of the assets of the MABE Trust from the assets of trusts maintained by other governmental employers. Assets of the member trusts are reported in the respective financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred. Employer contributions are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Investments are reported at fair value and are based on published prices and quotations from major investment brokers at current exchange rates, if available. The Trust prohibits any part of the Trust to be used for or diverted to purposes other than providing benefits to participants and beneficiaries under the Plan. The Trust provides that in no event will the assets of the Trust be transferred to an entity that is not a state, a political subdivision, or an entity the income of which is excluded from taxation under Section 115 of the IRS Code.

The MABE Trust issues a publicly available audited GAAP-basis report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the MABE Trust. This report may be obtained by writing to the Trust Administrator, Maryland Association of Boards of Education, 621 Ridgely Avenue, Suite 300, Annapolis, MD 21401 or calling (410) 841-5414.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Plan Membership

At May 1, 2023 (valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	420
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries entitled but not yet receiving benef	-
Active plan members	668
	1,088

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision benefits to eligible retirees, their spouses and eligible dependents. The benefits provided are the same as those provided to active employees. Retirees receive a subsidy for their post-retirement medical insurance based on the years of service with the Board. Retirees with at least 5 years of service receive a subsidy based on 90% of the single rate prior to age 65. Retirees with less than 15 years of service receive no employer subsidy after attaining age 65. After attaining age 65, retirees with at least 15 years of service receive a subsidy of up to 100% of the pre-Medicare subsidy amount. There is no explicit subsidy for dependents or surviving spouses, although they are allowed access to the plan and pay 100% of the costs. There is no subsidy for dental premiums once the participant reaches Medicare age.

Participants must meet the eligibility requirements of the Maryland State Teachers'/Employees' pension system (EPS). For members hired before July 1, 2011, the earliest retirement eligibility is age 55 with 15 years of service, age 62 with 5 years of service, age 63 with 4 years of service, age 64 with 3 years of service, age 65 with 2 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. For members hired after July 1, 2011, the earliest eligibility is age 60 with 15 years of service, age 65 with 10 years of service, or age plus service is at least 90 (Rule of 90). Participants must also have at least 5 years of service in Caroline County (15 years of service if hired after 7/1/2013). Disability health benefits require the participant meet the retirement eligibility requirements noted above or have 5 years of service (15 years if hired after 7/1/2013). The disability benefit is until age 65 unless the retirement eligibility requirements above are met. Eligible spouses and dependents must be enrolled in the plan immediately prior to the retiree's effective date of retirement to receive coverage.

Contributions

The employer's contributions are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, and the future payment of these benefits is contingent upon annual approval of the operating budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Investment Policy

The MABE Trust's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Trustees by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Trust to pursue an investment strategy that emphasizes growth of principal while avoiding excess risk. Short-term volatility will be tolerated inasmuch as it is consistent with volatility of a comparable market index. The MABE Trust's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2024:

	Long-Term Expected
_Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Equity	4.89%
Fixed income	3.27%
Cash	0.98%

Rate of Return

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocations as of June 30, 2024, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equity	53.45%
Fixed income	42.39%
Cash	4.16%
Total	100.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the total rate of return, net of investment expense, was 6.91%. The total rate of return represents a hypothetical return on capital balance invested in the Trust during the entire year. Actual returns may vary due to the timing of capital contributions and redemptions.

Net OPEB Liability

The Board's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2023 rolled forward to the June 30, 2024 measurement date. These calculations are based on the entry age normal cost method as required by GASB 74 and GASB 75. The discount rate used to determine liabilities under GASB 75 is based on an index rate for 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The rate was 3.86% as of June 30, 2023 and 3.97% as of June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and Plan members in the future. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and actuarial value of net assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Significant valuation methods and assumptions are as follows:

Actuarial cost method - GASB 74 and 75 Entry age normal Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2023 Measurement date June 30, 2024

Amortization method Level percentage of projected payroll

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount rate - June 30, 2023 3.86% Discount rate - June 30, 2024 3.97%

Economic Assumptions:

Inflation rate 2.50%
Rate of growth in real income/GDP per capita 1.40%
Extra trend due to technology and other factors 1.00%
Expected health sahre of GDP in 2031 19.00%
Health share of GDP resistance point 20.00%
Year for limiting cost growth to GDP growth 2075

Medical trend Based on Society of Actuaries Getzen Long-

Term Healthcare Cost Trend Mode. The current valuation uses the most recent version of the model (updated in October 2021) with baseline

assumptions.

Mortality The mortality rates were calculated for healthy

active, healthy inactive, survivor, and disabled decrements using the Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortelity Projected with Fully

Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully

Generational MP 2021 Mortality Improvement Scales for Teacher Employees, Teacher Retirees, Teacher Contingent Survivors, and Teacher Disabled Retirees, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is selected from a range of 20-Year Municipal Bond Indices and include the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index, and the Fidelity 20-Year GO Municipal Bond Index. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.97% as of June 30, 2024. This rate has been adjusted from 3.86% as of June 30, 2023.

Change in the Net OPEB Liability

	7	Fotal OPEB Liability (a)	n Fiduciary et Position (b)	 Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$	90,595,721	\$ 1,661,346	\$ 88,934,375
Changes for the Year				
Service Cost		3,208,164	-	3,208,164
Interest		3,447,416	-	3,447,416
Changes of Benefit Terms		-	-	-
Experience Losses/Gains		311,792	-	311,792
Trust Contributions - Employer		_	2,880,653	(2,880,653)
Net Investment Income		-	121,784	(121,784)
Changes in Assumptions		(4,117,552)	-	(4,117,552)
Benefit Payments (net of retiree contributions)		(2,880,653)	(2,880,653)	-
Administrative Expense			 (7,362)	7,362
Net Changes		(30,833)	114,422	(145,255)
Balance as of June 30, 2024	\$	90,564,888	\$ 1,775,768	\$ 88,789,120

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2024 is approximately 1.96%.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the net OPEB liability of the Board, as well as what the Board's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.97%) or one percentage point higher (4.97%) than the current discount rate:

	Discount	Net OPEB				
	Rate	Liability				
1% decrease	2.97%	\$	104,814,474			
Current discount rate	3.97%	\$	88,789,120			
1% increase	4.97%	\$	75,990,901			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Board, as well as what the Board's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (3.00%) or one percentage point higher (5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	 Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease	3.00%	\$ 73,698,981
Current healthcare cost trend rate	4.00%	\$ 88,789,120
1% increase	5.00%	\$ 108,500,377

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Board will recognize an OPEB benefit in the amount of \$887,468 on the government-wide statements. At June 30, 2024, the Board reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 18,484,397	\$ 31,544,738
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	70,389	
Differences between expected and actual experience	961,850	29,576,248
Total	\$ 19,516,636	\$ 61,120,986

The deferred inflows and outflows related to non-investment activity are being amortized over nine years. The net difference in investment earnings are being amortized over a closed five-year period. The following table shows the amortization of these balances:

Year	
Ending	
June 30,	<u>Amortization</u>
2025	\$ (7,445,232)
2026	(7,398,274)
2027	(7,378,978)
2028	(4,213,344)
2029	(5,525,411)
Thereafter	(9,643,111)
	ф (44.004.0E0)
	\$ (41,604,350)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 8. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In 1986, the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Group Insurance Pool (the Pool) was formed when several Maryland boards of education joined together to pool their casualty risks. Property insurance coverage was added in 1988. The Board pays an annual premium to the Pool that is calculated by an actuary. It is intended that the Pool be self-sustaining through member premiums. Reinsurance is carried through commercial companies for claims that exceed coverage limits as specified in the agreement. Should the Pool encounter deficits in its casualty and/or property funds, such deficits may be made up from assessments of the participating boards on a pro rata basis.

The Board continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. The Board purchases health insurance from a provider through a modified retrospective rating arrangement agreement. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Board is a member of the Eastern Shore of Maryland Educational Consortium (ESMEC) Health Alliance Trust, a public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for health insurance coverage. It is intended that ESMEC be self-sustaining through member premiums. Callable deficits, which are paid to ESMEC to cover potential shortfalls, are 5% of total premiums for medical and 7% of total premiums for drug, dental and vision. Currently, ESMEC keeps on hand a recommended conservative reserve of 7.5% for medical and 10.5% for drug, dental and vision. As of March 2024, the Boards' funds held by ESMEC exceeded the recommended conservative reserve by \$1,362,158. All funds held by ESMEC are restricted to being used only for health care expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 9. Financed Purchases (Continued)

The Board has entered into non-cancelable contracts that transfer ownership at the end of the contract term, thus the Board has recorded the related obligations and the related assets in the appropriate funds.

Financed purchase obligations at June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

Building renovation, Capital One Public Funding, LLC, interest at 3.95%; payable in semi-annual installments of approximately \$64,000, including interest through October 2038	\$ 1,395,978
Energy equipment, bank, interest at 3.816%; payable in annual installments ranging from approximately \$42,000 to \$470,000 through October 2025	79,855
Energy equipment, General Capital Management, Inc., interest at 3.126%; payable in annual installments ranging from approximately \$111,000 to \$175,000 through October 2029	874,943
Vehicles, J.P.Morgan, interest at 1.66%; payable annual installments of approximately \$77,171, including interest through 2024	75,911
Vehicles, Cogent Bank, interest at 2.98%; payable annual installments of approximately \$59190, including interest through 2025	113,289
	\$ 2,539,976

The vehicle and equipment purchases are secured by the vehicles and equipment financed under the related agreements. In the event of nonappropriation of funds in a given year, the vehicle and equipment agreements would be deemed terminated.

Future minimum payments under these obligations, which will be funded from the General Fund, are as follows:

2025	\$ 456,814
2026	384,168
2027	287,411
2028	292,212
2029	297,157
2030-2034	811,789
2035-2039	573,229
	3,102,780
Less amounts representing interest	562,804
Present value of net minimum purchased finance payments	\$ 2,539,976

Interest expense on the above financed purchases was approximately \$101,400 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The cost of items acquired under these financed purchase arrangements, as included in capital assets, totaled \$7,163,993 and the related accumulated depreciation was \$1,885,152 at June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities were as follows:

	lı	Balance une 30, 2023	Increases Decrease				Balance June 30, 2024			Due within one year
	- 01	aric 50, 2025		IIICICascs	Deoreases		Julic 30, 2024		_	one year
Financed purchases	\$	2,993,433	\$	-	\$	453,457	\$	2,539,976	\$	367,356
Intangible right-to-use leases		432,843		-		155,131		277,712		124,558
Compensated absences		1,140,646		771,128		819,918		1,091,856		156,943
Compensated absences - retirement		720,266		49,648		-		769,914		-
Retirement incentive plan		340,676		-		1,015		339,661		-
Net pension liability (Note 6)		6,691,215		718,767		-		7,409,982		-
Net OPEB liability (Note 7)		88,934,375		-		145,255		88,789,120		-
	\$	101,253,454	\$	1,539,543	\$	1,574,776	\$	101,218,221	\$	648,857

Long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Note 11. Intangible Right-to-Use Assets

The Board implemented the guidance of GASB No. 87, *Leases*, at July 1, 2021 for accounting and reporting leases that had previously been reported as operating leases and recognized the value of copiers leased under long-term contracts along with a related liability.

As of July 1, 2022 the Board had a variety of lease agreements in place for copiers and vehicles. Payments under these leases total approximately \$33,500 per year for leases expiring during fiscal year 2024, \$30,500 per year for leases expiring during fiscal year 2025, and \$53,800 per year for leases expiring during fiscal year 2026. For purposes of discounting future payments on these leases the Board used its incremental borrowing rate in place at the time of lease inception, 2.99% during fiscal year 2020 and 1.65% during fiscal year 2022.

During fiscal year 2023, the Board entered into additional vehicle lease agreements. Payments under these leases total approximately \$9,600 per year for leases expiring during fiscal year 2027 and \$38,000 per year for leases expiring during fiscal year 2028. For purposes of discounting future payments on these leases the Board used its incremental borrowing rate in place at the time of lease inception on 2.98%.

The leased equipment and accumulated amortization of the right-to-use assets are outlined in Note 5.

Minimum lease payments over the next five years include:

	Lease Payments to Maturity																
	Copier Leases							Vehicle Leases					Total				
	Principal Interest Total		F	Principal	al Interest		Total		Principal		nterest	Total					
2025	\$	23,104	\$	384	\$	23,488	\$	101,454	\$	6,124	\$ 107,578	3	\$ 124,558	\$	6,508	\$ 131,066	
2026		-		-		-		96,602		3,873	100,475	5	96,602		3,873	100,475	
2027		-				-		45,974		1,685	47,659)	45,974		1,685	47,659	
2028		_		-		-		10,578		315	10,893	3	10,578		315	10,893	
2029		-		-		-		-		-	-	_	-		-	-	
Total	\$	23,104	\$	384	\$	23,488	\$	254,608	\$	11,997	\$ 266,605	5	\$ 277,712	\$	12,381	\$ 290,093	

Interest expense on the above intangible right-to-use assets was approximately \$9,500 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 12. Commitments and Contingencies

The Board regularly enters into contracts for goods and services during the normal course of operations. The contracts often extend over fiscal years. In the opinion of the Board, there are no approved contracts that would have a material effect on the financial statements.

The Board receives a substantial amount of its support from Federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Board.

There are various legal claims pending against the Board that arise in the normal course of the Board's activities. In the opinion of legal counsel and management, the ultimate disposition of these various claims will have no adverse impact on the financial position of the Board.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)		
REVENUES						
County appropriation	\$ 16,081,000	\$ 16,081,000	\$ 16,081,000	\$ -		
State revenues:						
Foundation	34,383,641	34,383,641	34,383,641	-		
Transportation	3,545,679	3,545,679	3,545,679	-		
Guaranteed tax base	2,160,040		2,160,040	-		
Special education	3,704,986		3,704,986	-		
Blueprint transition grant	966,820		966,820	-		
Blueprint coordinator	83,333	•	138,149	54,816		
College and career readiness	234,487	234,487	234,487	-		
English learners	4,130,049	4,130,049	4,130,049	-		
Prekindergarten	2,097,828		2,097,828	-		
Compensatory education	22,387,843	22,387,843	22,387,843	-		
Total state revenues	73,694,706	73,694,706	73,749,522	54,816		
Other sources:						
Tuition	7,000	7,000	37,208	30,208		
Interest income	205,000	205,000	1,095,551	890,551		
Miscellaneous	512,355	512,355	299,365	(212,990)		
Total other sources	724,355	724,355	1,432,124	707,769		
Total unrestricted revenues	90,500,061	90,500,061	91,262,646	762,585		
Restricted revenues:						
Restricted Federal revenues	19,138,960	19,138,960	11,686,891	(7,452,069)		
Restricted State revenues	3,102,515		3,861,970	759,455		
Restricted other revenues			303,543	303,543		
Total restricted revenues	22,241,475	22,241,475	15,852,404	(6,389,071)		
TOTAL REVENUES	112,741,536	112,741,536	107,115,050	(5,626,486)		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

	Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Fir	riance with nal Budget avorable	
	 <u>Original</u>	7 (111	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
EXPENDITURES			<u></u>		1	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	
Administration:							
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,723,246	\$	1,723,246	\$ 1,675,949	\$	47,297	
Contracted services	359,877		359,877	378,339		(18,462)	
Supplies and materials	58,200		58,200	50,576		7,624	
Other charges	302,308		302,308	277,523		24,785	
Equipment	5,000		5,000	2,284		2,716	
Transfers	-		_	 (26,226)		26,226	
Total Administration	2,448,631		2,448,631	2,358,445		90,186	
School management and support:							
Salaries and wages	5,405,434		5,405,434	5,375,325		30,109	
Contracted services	29,000		29,000	20,300		8,700	
Supplies and materials	148,415		148,415	144,314		4,101	
Other charges	506,854		506,854	388,094		118,760	
Equipment	 17,719		17,719	 15,784		1,935	
Total school management and support	6,107,422		6,107,422	 5,943,817		163,605	
Instructional salaries and wages: Salaries and wages	35,949,837		35,949,837	33,662,690		2,287,147	
Instructional textbooks and supplies:							
Supplies and materials	612,578		612,578	608,495		4,083	
Other instructional costs:							
Contracted services	1,072,699		1,072,699	957,787		114,912	
Other charges	154,350		154,350	168,297		(13,947)	
Equipment	834,878		834,878	697,472		137,406	
Transfers	 21,400		21,400	 (30,603)		52,003	
Total other instructional costs	2,083,327		2,083,327	1,792,953		290,374	
Special education:							
Salaries and wages	5,612,382		5,612,382	5,098,209		514,173	
Contracted services	129,980		129,980	319,167		(189, 187)	
Supplies and materials	59,032		59,032	48,800		10,232	
Other charges	21,500		21,500	15,963		5,537	
Equipment	11,141		11,141	228		10,913	
Transfers	 1,348,182		1,348,182	 1,268,629		79,553	
Total special education	 7,182,217		7,182,217	 6,750,996		431,221	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - $\operatorname{BUDGETARY}$ BASIS

GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

						iance with al Budget
	 Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			avorable
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Un</u>	<u>favorable)</u>
Pupil personnel services:						
Salaries and wages	\$ 549,474	\$	549,474	\$ 468,049	\$	81,425
Contracted services	203,400		203,400	203,053		347
Supplies and materials	32,071		32,071	19,601		12,470
Other charges	 7,100		7,100	 8,150		(1,050)
Total pupil personnel services	 792,045		792,045	698,853		93,192
Health services:						
Salaries and wages	969,898		969,898	967,249		2,649
Contracted services	6,000		6,000	188		5,812
Supplies and materials	27,200		27,200	12,802		14,398
Other charges	3,500		3,500	3,592		(92)
Equipment	 5,500		5,500	1,087		4,413
Total health services	 1,012,098		1,012,098	 984,918		27,180
Pupil transportation:						
Salaries and wages	2,197,748		2,197,748	2,419,429		(221,681)
Contracted services	2,350,480		2,350,480	2,031,533		318,947
Supplies and materials	381,836		381,836	513,787		(131,951)
Other charges	60,717		60,717	71,212		(10,495)
Equipment	522,020		522,020	 516,256		5,764
Total pupil transportation	 5,512,801		5,512,801	 5,552,217		(39,416)
Operation of plant:						
Salaries and wages	2,278,038		2,278,038	2,341,791		(63,753)
Contracted services	1,137,823		1,137,823	1,387,390		(249,567)
Supplies and materials	257,650		257,650	282,486		(24,836)
Other charges	2,341,668		2,341,668	1,894,383		447,285
Equipment	 17,500		17,500	 13,675		3,825
Total operation of plant	 6,032,679		6,032,679	 5,919,725		112,954

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CAROLINE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2024

(Continued)

Maintenance of plant:		Budgeted Original	l Am	nounts <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Favorable Infavorable)
Salaries and wages	\$	693,158	\$	693,158	\$	618,789	\$	74,369
Contracted services	Ψ	313,400	Ψ	313,400	Ψ	345,258	Ψ	(31,858)
Supplies and materials		160,000		160,000		134,101		25,899
Other charges		18,728		18,728		22,485		(3,757)
Equipment		129,505		129,505		170,608		(41,103)
Total maintenance of plant		1,314,791		1,314,791		1,291,241		23,550
Fixed charges:								
Insurance and employee benefits		21,303,790		21,303,790		19,531,521		1,772,269
		21,303,790		21,303,790		19,531,521		1,772,269
Capital outlay:								
Contracted services		3,000		3,000		850		2,150
Building improvements		144,845		144,845		383,427		(238,582)
Total capital outlay		147,845		147,845		384,277		(236,432)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF LOCAL				00 500 004		05 400 440		5040040
AND UNRESTRICTED FUNDS		90,500,061		90,500,061		85,480,148		5,019,913
Restricted programs								
Restricted Federal programs		19,138,960		19,138,960		11,686,891		7,452,069
Restricted State programs		3,102,515		3,102,515		3,861,970		(759,455)
Restricted other programs		-		-		303,543		(303,543)
Total restricted programs		22,241,475		22,241,475		15,852,404		6,389,071
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED AND								
RESTRICTED EXPENDITURES	1	12,741,536		112,741,536		101,332,552		11,408,984
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES	\$	-	\$		\$	5,782,498	\$	5,782,498

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

As of June 30,	2015	2016	<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		2019		2020		<u>2021</u>		2022		<u>2023</u>	20	024
Total OPEB liability																	
Service cost				\$	5,201,246	\$	5,344,777	\$	5,189,980	\$	6,451,048 \$	6	8,048,090	\$	4,973,822 \$	3	,208,164
Interest					4,096,803		4,331,478		3,074,589		2,834,201		2,550,228		3,767,145	3	,447,416
Changes of benefit terms					-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experier	nce				-		(47,552,366)		356,379		(1,894,142)		789,470		(16,294,058)		311,792
Changes of assumptions					(796,367)		19,110,918		11,462,567		12,635,313		(38,746,914)		(2,412,571)	(4	,117,552)
Benefit payments					(3,406,859)		(3,140,788)		(2,553,233)		(2,807,732)		(3,294,841)		(2,861,731)	(2	,880,653)
Net change in OPEB liability					5,094,823		(21,905,981)		17,530,282		17,218,688		(30,653,967)		(12,827,393)		(30,833)
Total OPEB liability - beginning					116,139,269		121,234,092		99,328,111		116,858,393		134,077,081		103,423,114	90	,595,721
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)				\$	121,234,092	\$	99,328,111	\$	116,858,393	\$	134,077,081 \$	}	103,423,114	\$	90,595,721 \$	90	,564,888
Plan fiduciary net position																	
Contributions - employer				\$	3,406,860	\$	3,186,788	\$	2,553,233	\$	2,807,732 \$	5	3,366,934	\$	2,861,731 \$	2	,880,653
Net investment income					83,935		82,805		39,080		330,447		(225,126)		134,522		121,784
Benefit payments					(3,406,859)		(3,140,788)		(2,553,233)		(2,807,732)		(3,294,841)		(2,861,731)	(2	,880,653)
Administrative expenses					(5,958)		-		(6,521)		(6,667)		(6,831)		(6,895)		(7,362)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position					77,978		128,805		32,559		323,780		(159,864)		127,627		114,422
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning					1,130,461		1,208,439		1,337,244		1,369,803		1,693,583		1,533,719		,661,346
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)				\$	1,208,439	\$	1,337,244	\$	1,369,803	\$	1,693,583 \$	5	1,533,719	\$	1,661,346 \$	1	,775,768
						_		_		_				_			
Board's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)				\$	120,025,653	\$	97,990,867	\$	115,488,590	\$	132,383,498 \$		101,889,395	\$	88,934,375 \$	88	,789,120
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of t	he total C	PEB liabil	lity		1.00%		1.35%		1.17%		1.26%		1.48%		1.83%		1.96%
Covered employee may well				æ	20.250.404	Φ.	20.052.047	Φ.	40 407 400	Φ	40.0E0.000 f		40.004.050	æ	40 E 47 C 40	40	077 045
Covered employee payroll				Ф	38,356,101	Ф	39,053,847	\$, - ,	\$	42,253,203 \$	Þ	42,884,658	Ф	43,547,643 \$	40	,877,315
Board's net OPEB liability as a percentage of c	overea er	mpioyee p	ayroli		312.92%		250.91%		271.75%		313.31%		237.59%		204.22%		189.41%
Expected Average Remaining Service Years of	All Partic	cipants			9		9		9		9		9		9		9

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, OPEB plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment			10.52%	6.84%	6.63%	2.44%	23.64%	-13.29%	8.32%	6.91%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, OPEB plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Fiscal Year	Measurement Date	Board's Proportion (Percentage) of the NPL A	Board' Proportio Share of the NPL B	nate	Pi	State's roportionate Share of the NPL C	Total (B+C)	Board's Covered Payroll D	Board's Proportionate Share as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (B / D)	Plan's Total Fiduciary Net Position E	Plan's Total Pension Liability F	Plan's Fidcuciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (E / F)
2015	June 30, 2014	0.0180451%	\$ 3,20	2,423	\$	32,296,888	\$ 35,499,311	\$ 33,545,377	9.55% \$	45,339,988,000	\$ 63,086,719,000	71.87%
2016	June 30, 2015	0.0200659%	\$ 4,17	0,028	\$	42,446,720	\$ 46,616,748	\$ 34,560,151	12.07% \$	45,789,840,000	\$ 66,571,552,000	68.78%
2017	June 30, 2016	0.0198918%	\$ 4,69	3,266	\$	52,612,087	\$ 57,305,353	\$ 37,308,221	12.58% \$	45,365,927,000	\$ 68,959,954,000	65.79%
2018	June 30, 2017	0.0192341%	\$ 4,15	9,121	\$	47,736,155	\$ 51,895,276	\$ 38,356,101	10.84% \$	48,987,184,000	\$ 70,610,885,000	69.38%
2019	June 30, 2018	0.0232090%	\$ 4,86	9,621	\$	45,495,750	\$ 50,365,371	\$ 39,053,847	12.47% \$	51,827,233,000	\$ 72,808,833,000	71.18%
2020	June 30, 2019	0.0245670%	\$ 5,06	7,093	\$	45,567,434	\$ 50,634,527	\$ 42,497,498	11.92% \$	53,943,420,000	\$ 74,569,030,000	72.34%
2021	June 30, 2020	0.0256005%	\$ 5,78	6,061	\$	49,360,110	\$ 55,146,171	\$ 42,253,203	13.69% \$	54,586,037,000	\$ 77,187,397,000	70.72%
2022	June 30, 2021	0.0305097%	\$ 4,57	7,154	\$	30,700,108	\$ 35,277,262	\$ 42,884,658	10.67% \$	67,604,500,000	\$ 82,606,805,000	81.84%
2023	June 30, 2022	0.0228677%	\$ 6,69	1,215	\$	42,652,317	\$ 49,343,532	\$ 43,547,643	15.37% \$	64,310,991,000	\$ 84,319,523,000	76.27%
2024	June 30, 2023	0.0321749%	\$ 7,40	9,982	\$	40,759,623	\$ 48,169,605	\$ 46,877,315	15.81% \$	64,892,973,000	\$ 87,923,284,000	73.81%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year	Measurement Date	Contractually Required Contribution A		Required Actua ntribution Contribu			ontribution Deficiency (Excess) (A - B)	Board's Covered Payroll C	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (B / C)		
2015	June 30, 2014	\$	1,721,938	\$	1,721,938	\$	_	\$ 33,545,377	5.13%		
2016	June 30, 2015	\$	1,889,117	\$	1,889,117	\$	-	\$ 34,560,151	5.47%		
2017	June 30, 2016	\$	1,991,654	\$	1,991,654	\$	-	\$ 37,308,221	5.34%		
2018	June 30, 2017	\$	2,160,014	\$	2,160,014	\$	-	\$ 38,356,101	5.63%		
2019	June 30, 2018	\$	2,294,732	\$	2,294,732	\$	-	\$ 39,053,847	5.88%		
2020	June 30, 2019	\$	2,444,849	\$	2,444,849	\$	-	\$ 42,497,498	5.75%		
2021	June 30, 2020	\$	2,498,747	\$	2,498,747	\$	-	\$ 42,253,203	5.91%		
2022	June 30, 2021	\$	2,628,113	\$	2,628,113	\$	-	\$ 42,884,658	6.13%		
2023	June 30, 2022	\$	3,025,163	\$	3,025,163	\$	-	\$ 43,547,643	6.95%		
2024	June 30, 2023	\$	3,107,310	\$	3,107,310	\$	-	\$ 46,877,315	6.63%		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 1. Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The Board of Education annually adopts budgets for the General Fund and Food Service Fund. All appropriations are legally controlled at the departmental level for the General Fund and the Food Service Fund.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. The budgetary schedule for the Food Service Fund is included in the additional supplementary information section. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations and fund balances at the end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis are as follows:

June 30, 2024 GENERAL FUND

	<u> </u>										
	Reve	enues and other	Ex	penditures and		_					
	financing sources			her financing	Fund Balance						
GAAP BASIS	\$	111,049,134	\$	104,614,154	\$	17,246,641					
Encumbrances at June 30, 2023		(657,723)		(1,119,322)		-					
Encumbrances at June 30, 2024		996,337		2,110,418		(1,114,081)					
Payments made on-behalf of the											
Board by the State of Maryland		(4,272,698)		(4,272,698)		_					
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	107,115,050	\$	101,332,552	\$	16,132,560					

June 30, 2024 FOOD SERVICE FUND

	Revenues	E	Expenditures	Fund Balance		
GAAP BASIS	\$ 5,659,290	\$	5,879,599	\$	2,982,896	
Encumbrances at June 30, 2023	-		(763,989)		-	
Encumbrances at June 30, 2024	90,499		251,373		(341,872)	
Capital asset additions	-		679,235		(679,235)	
Commodities donated by the State of						
Maryland	(352,287)		(352,287)		-	
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 5,397,502	\$	5,693,931	\$	1,961,789	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 2. Required Fund Disclosures

The General Fund's actual expenditures were less than the budgeted expenditures by \$11,408,984 for the year ended June 30, 2024 primarily attributable to restricted programs, fixed charges and instructional salaries. Budgeted revenues exceeded actual revenues by \$6,276,486 primarily attributable to restricted programs. The restricted expenditures were under budget by \$6,389,071 and unrestricted expenditures were under budget by \$5,019,913.

Note 3. Pensions

Change in Benefit Terms

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions during the year.

Method and Assumptions used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 15 years for State system

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market; 40% recognized in 2021; 15% equally

over next four valuations

Inflation 2.25% general, 2.75% wage

Salary increases 2.75% to 11.25%, including wage inflation

Investment rate of return 6.80%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

> eligibility condition. Last updated for 2019 valuation pursuant to the 2018 experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June

30, 2018.

Mortality Various versions of the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables for males

> and females with projected generational mortality improvements based on the MP-2018 fully generational mortality improvements scale for males and females.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Note 4. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Change in Benefit Terms

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Change in Assumptions

The discount rate was changed from 3.86% at June 30, 2023 to 3.97% at June 30, 2024.

Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial cost method - GASB 74 and 75 Entry age normal Actuarial valuation date May 1, 2023 Measurement date June 30, 2024

Amortization method Level percentage of projected payroll

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount rate - June 30, 2023 3.86% Discount rate - June 30, 2024 3.97%

Economic Assumptions:

Inflation rate 2.50%
Rate of growth in real income/GDP per capita 1.40%
Extra trend due to technology and other factors 1.00%
Expected health sahre of GDP in 2031 19.00%
Health share of GDP resistance point 20.00%
Year for limiting cost growth to GDP growth 2075

Medical trend Based on Society of Actuaries Getzen Long-

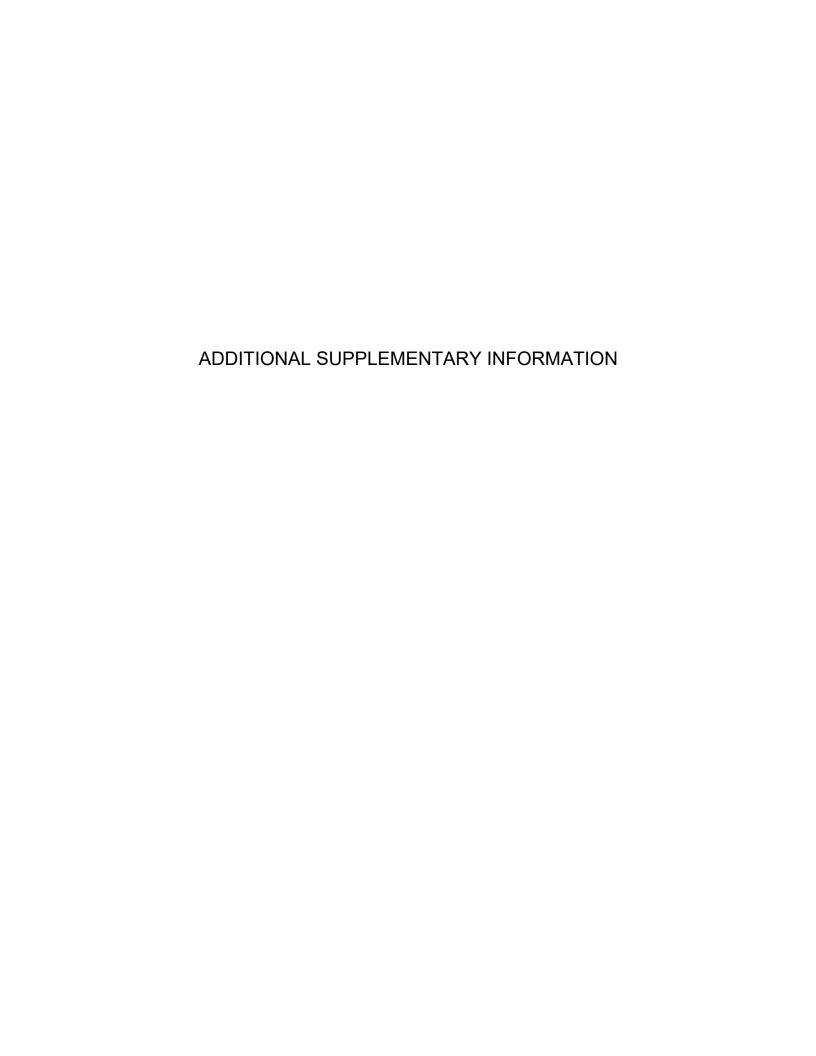
Term Healthcare Cost Trend Mode. The current valuation uses the most recent version of the model (updated in October 2021) with baseline

assumptions.

Mortality The mortality rates were calculated for healthy

active, healthy inactive, survivor, and disabled decrements using the Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortality Projected with Fully Generational MP 2021 Mortality Improvement Scales for Teacher Employees, Teacher Retirees, Teacher Contingent Survivors, and

Teacher Disabled Retirees, respectively.



THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF CAROLINE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCE SCHOOL ACTIVITIES FUND June 30, 2024

		June 30, 2023			Year Ended Ju	une 30, 2024	
Fund title	Fund <u>Number</u>	Fund <u>Balance</u>	Revenues	Expenditures		Cash Receivables	Fund Payables Balance
Central Office	100	\$ 91,372 \$	\$ 61,726	\$ 57,666	\$ (14,653) \$ 8	80,779 \$ -	\$ - \$ 80,779
Administration and Faculty	150	8,496	14,318	18,213	858	5,459 -	- 5,459
Athletics	200	64,970	338,330	275,854	(13,857) 1	13,589 -	- 113,589
Graduating Class Activities	250	54,812	37,283	60,853	12,049	43,291 -	- 43,291
Clubs, Groups and Organizations	300	90,671	106,502	101,217	694	96,650 -	- 96,650
School Publications	350	30,744	11,530	14,737	117	27,654 -	- 27,654
General Instruction Fund	400	113,064	209,564	202,362	(356) 1	19,910 -	- 119,910
School General Fund	650	131,443	148,645	145,631	15,148 14	49,605 -	- 149,605
Certificate of deposit			-	-	- (30,019 -	30,019 -
Total		\$ 585,572	\$ 927,898	\$ 876,533	\$ - \$66	66,956 \$ -	\$ 30,019 \$ 636,937

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGETARY BASIS FOOD SERVICES FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES		Budgeted A Original	mounts <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>		
Sale of meals	\$	700,000 \$	700,000	\$	425,694	\$	(274,306)	
Federal assistance	Ψ	3,286,418	3,286,418	Ψ	4,479,861	Ψ	1,193,443	
State assistance		200,000	200,000		207.752		7,752	
Interest income		5.000	5.000		82,807		77.807	
Other		10,000	10,000		201,388		191,388	
TOTAL REVENUES		4,201,418	4,201,418		5,397,502		1,196,084	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Food		1,908,500	1,908,500		2,456,807		(548,307)	
Depreciation		-	-		107,373		(107,373)	
Salaries and wages		1,450,727	1,450,727		1,608,087		(157,360)	
Fixed charges		587,141	587,141		625,497		(38,356)	
Contracted services		35,500	35,500		46,926		(11,426)	
Supplies and materials		147,000	147,000		196,576		(49,576)	
Other charges		31,550	31,550		87,074		(55,524)	
Capital outlay		41,000	41,000		565,591		(524,591)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,201,418	4,201,418		5,693,931		(1,492,513)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	- \$		\$	(296,429)	\$	(296,429)	